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Subject: Elmwood Neighborhood Traffic Audit

## INTRODUCTION

The Elmwood Neighborhood within the City of St Louis Park is bound by Highway 7 to the north, Highway 100 to the east, Excelsior Boulevard to the south, and the CP Railroad to the west. The neighborhood has experienced a significant amount of change over the past 15+ years from a land use and transportation perspective. Dating back to the early 2000's, several planning documents have been completed which planned and evaluated how the area was expected to change, as well as identified transportation infrastructure to accommodate the changes. Therefore, the purpose of this audit is to review these historical planning documents, identify actual land use and traffic volume changes, compare planning documents relative to actual construction, and determine if predicted traffic growth has occurred as projected. This information will help improve transportation planning for the City and aid in determining the future transportation system capacity needs within the study area. The following information provides an overview of the Elmwood Neighborhood Traffic Audit.

## HISTORICAL DOCUMENTS

The following list summarizes the planning documents reviewed as part of the traffic audit. The documents range from larger comprehensive planning studies to individual development traffic impact studies. Key data obtained from these resources include land use and traffic forecasts.

- Elmwood Area Transportation Study (2003)
- Hoigaard Village Traffic Study (2005)
- Highway 7/Wooddale Avenue Interchange (2008)
- 36<sup>th</sup> Street Streetscape (2008)
- Towerlight Traffic Study (2009)
- Wooddale/36<sup>th</sup> Street Reconstruction (2013)
- SWLRT Final EIS (2016)
- Place VIA Sol and Via Luna Traffic Study (2016)
- The Elmwood Traffic Study (2016)
- Union Park Flats (2016)
- Elmwood Traffic Management Study (2017)
- Monterey/Beltline/36<sup>th</sup> Multimodal Study (2018)
- 36<sup>th</sup>/Beltline Multimodal Feasibility Studies (2019)
- St. Louis Park Comprehensive Plan (2019)

**LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT COMPARISON**

Redevelopment that has occurred in the Elmwood Neighborhood over the past 15+ years has centered around the 36<sup>th</sup> Street and Wooddale Avenue corridors. A summary of the redevelopments is illustrated in [Figure 1](#). Most of the redevelopments replaced industrial type land uses with multi-family residential and/or mixed-use developments with first floor retail components. Also, there are a few redevelopments previously approved that are yet to be developed (i.e., the PLACE development (south site) now referred to as the Wooddale Station Redevelopment Site and the Union Congregation Church). There are also preliminary plans to redevelop Aldersgate Church.

The trip generation data below is based on previous land uses (removed) that were identified using City records and/or estimated from historical aerial photography. The *Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition* was then used to estimate the approximate trip generation of the previously removed land uses. To estimate the trip generation of the current land uses (i.e., the “built” sites), data in the corresponding traffic study documents were reviewed. However, since some of the actual developments have changed from the study assumptions, a secondary estimate was developed using the *ITE Trip Generation Manual* to compare the change in trip generation between the previous land uses and the redevelopment sites.

A summary of the total trip generation changes during the a.m. and p.m. peak hours, as well as a daily basis, between the previous and current land uses is provided in [Table 1](#). This information focuses on the zones/sites that were removed and/or redeveloped between 2003 and 2018, which corresponds to available traffic data documented later in this audit. Note that year 2020 data was excluded due to COVID-19 related travel pattern impacts. A detailed summary of each development is in the Appendix.

Based on the trip generation review, the change in land uses were estimated to increase activity within the study area by approximately 200 a.m. peak hour, 300 p.m. peak hour and 3,300 daily trips. Note that this assumes the previous land uses were still active and generating trips. These trips are also distributed throughout the study area and are not all added to one specific roadway within the transportation system.

*Table 1 Land Use Trip Generation Comparison*

Zone IDs	Timeframe	Land Use Summary	Trip Generation*		
			AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	Daily
1 – 9 (Removed)	2003 - 2018	227,000 SF Industrial 86,900 SF Retail / Commercial 15,500 SF Fire Station 3 Single-Family Homes	(- 219)	(- 315)	(- 2,915)
1 – 7 (Built)	2005 – 2013	564 Residential Units 175 Senior Units 35,000 SF Retail / Commercial 30,000 SF Fire Station	+ 380	+ 546	+ 5,511
<b>Change</b>			<b>+198</b>	<b>+305</b>	<b>+3,274</b>

\* Does not include future sites not yet redeveloped, which includes the PLACE (south site)/Wooddale Station, Union Congregation, and Aldersgate Church





LEGEND	
#	Land Use Change
A	Transportation Change

Zone	Former Site Name	Current Site Name	Redevelopment Timeframe
1	Quadion / MN Rubber	Village in the Park	2005-2008
2	Hoigaards	Hoigaard Village (Phase 1)	2007-2008
3	Dworskly	N/A - Vacated for Roadway	2007
4	Soomec Building	N/A - Vacated for Roadway	2009
5	Quadion / MN Rubber	Towerlight	2012
6	The Frantz Family Partnership	Hoigaard Village (Phase 2)	2012-2013
7	Fire Station / Residential	Fire Station	2013
8	McGarvey Coffee	PLACE Development (North Site)	2020-2021
9	VFW #5632	Elmwood	2021
10	Union Daycare	Union Congregation	FUTURE
11	Aldersgate Church	Aldersgate Church	FUTURE
12	Nash Frame/Commercial	PLACE (South Site) / Wooddale Station	FUTURE
Zone	Transportation Improvement		Construction Timeframe
A	Highway 7 / Wooddale Avenue Interchange		2010-2011
B	Wooddale Avenue / 36th Street Reconfiguration		2015
C	36th Street / Xenwood Traffic Signal		2015
D	Highway 100 Reconstruction / Expansion		2015-2016
E	Oxford Street Two-Way Conversion		2018-2019
F	Aldersgate Connection Removal		2019
G	SWLRT Construction Closure		2020



## TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE

In addition to the land use changes within the Elmwood Neighborhood, there have been several transportation improvements on the regional and local transportation systems that have influenced traffic volumes within the Elmwood Area. Historically, the Wooddale Avenue and 36<sup>th</sup> Street corridors have experienced a significant amount of traffic from motorists avoiding congestion along Highway 7 and/or Highway 100 during peak periods. However, subsequent studies have shown that the following key regional transportation improvements have reduced traffic volumes along the Wooddale Avenue and 36<sup>th</sup> Street corridors:

- Highway 7 and Wooddale Avenue Interchange (2010-2011)
- Highway 7 and Louisiana Avenue Interchange (2013-2014)
- Highway 100 Reconstruction / Expansion (2015-2016)

In addition, several local roadway improvements have been completed to enhance mobility within the area, including:

- Wooddale Avenue and 36<sup>th</sup> Street Intersection Improvements (2015)
- 36<sup>th</sup> Street / Xenwood Avenue Traffic Signal (2015)
- Oxford Street Two-Way Conversion (2018-2019)

Historical documents noted these transportation improvements would provide additional capacity, reduce vehicular diversion, and support area development to maintain adequate capacity within the study area. The City's "Connect the Park" initiative has also incrementally improved biking and walking connectivity (initiative approved in 2013 with implementation beginning in 2015), which is expected to reduce the dependence on vehicular trips. This trend is expected to continue with future redevelopment, particularly with the completion of the Southwest LRT Green Line (after 2023) and the 36<sup>th</sup> Street Bikeway planned for 2022.

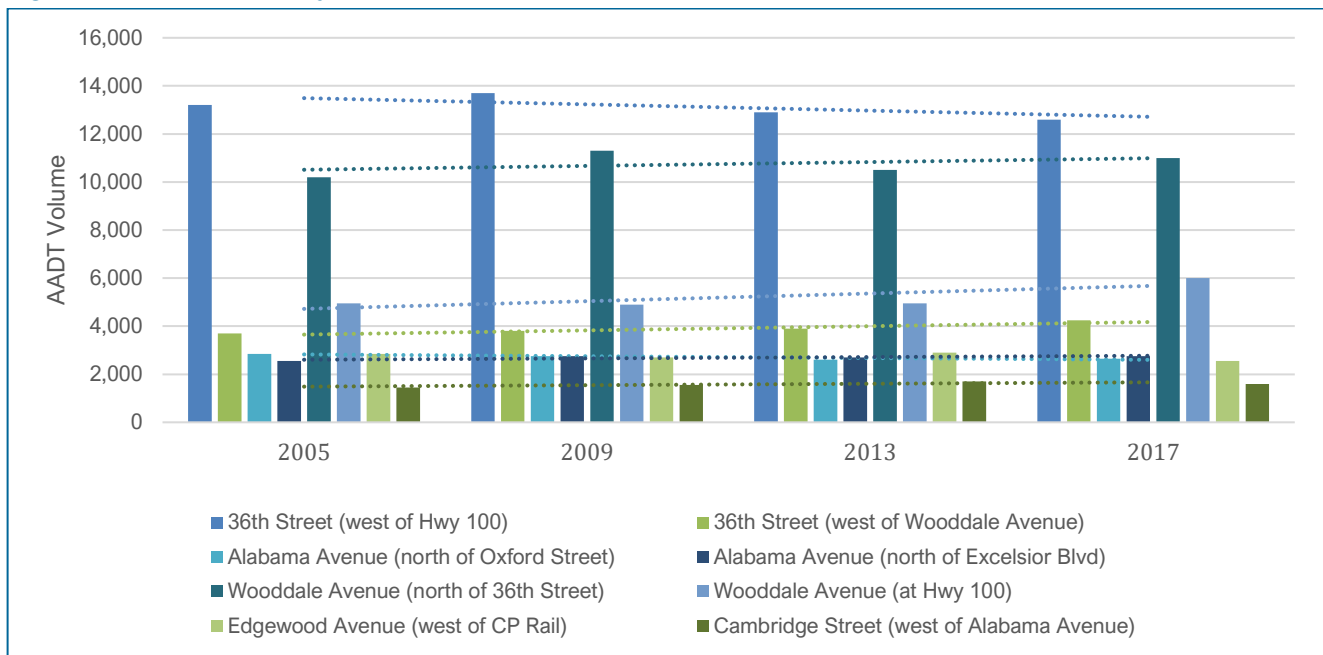
### TRAFFIC VOLUME COMPARISON

Historical annual average daily traffic (AADT) volumes were obtained from MnDOT at multiple sites within the Elmwood Neighborhood dating back to 2005. A review of these traffic volumes, which are summarized in [Table 2](#) and [Figure 2](#), indicate that traffic volumes within the study area have been relatively stable. Average AADT volume growth rates are approximately one-third (0.3) percent per year. Historical background growth rates from planning documents have ranged from one-half (0.5) to one (1.0) percent annually. Note that year 2020 data was excluded due to COVID-19 related travel pattern impacts.

*Table 2 Historical Study Area AADT Volumes*

Location	Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT)				Percent Annual Growth
	2005	2009	2013	2017	
36 <sup>th</sup> Street (west of Hwy 100)	13,200	13,700	12,900	12,600	<i>(- 0.4%)</i>
36 <sup>th</sup> Street (west of Wooddale Avenue)	3,700	3,800	3,900	4,250	<i>+1.1%</i>
Alabama Avenue (north of Oxford Street)	2,850	2,750	2,600	2,650	<i>(- 0.6%)</i>
Alabama Avenue (north of Excelsior Blvd)	2,550	2,750	2,700	2,750	<i>+0.6%</i>
Cambridge Street (west of Alabama Avenue)	1,450	1,550	1,700	1,600	<i>+0.8%</i>
Wooddale Avenue (north of 36 <sup>th</sup> Street)	10,200	11,300	10,500	11,000	<i>+0.6%</i>
Wooddale Avenue (at Hwy 100)	4,950	4,900	4,950	6,000	<i>+1.6%</i>
Edgewood Avenue (west of CP Rail)	2,850	2,700	2,900	2,550	<i>(- 0.9%)</i>
<b>Average (all sites)</b>	<b>5,219</b>	<b>5,431</b>	<b>5,269</b>	<b>5,425</b>	<b><i>+0.3%</i></b>

*Figure 2 Historical Study Area AADT Volumes*



In addition to reviewing AADT volumes, three different peak hour data sets were reviewed (2005, 2012, and 2018). This data focused along 36<sup>th</sup> Street (east and west of Wooddale Avenue) and Wooddale Avenue (north and south of 36<sup>th</sup> Street). There was insufficient historical peak hour data within the rest of the Elmwood Neighborhood to draw specific conclusions from a peak hour perspective.

A review of the available peak hour traffic volumes summarized in [Table 3](#) and [Figure 3](#), indicate that peak hour traffic volumes have increased by approximately two (2) percent per year, which is higher than the change in AADT volumes that has occurred over a similar period. This difference could be attributed to the change in land use from an industrial focus to more of a residential/commercial focus, which have different travel patterns associated with each. Commercial uses often have higher peaking characteristics as compared to industrial type uses. The peak hour growth appears to be in line with previous estimates associated with area redevelopment.

*Table 3 Historical Study Area Peak Hour Volumes*

Location	AM Peak Hour			PM Peak Hour			Annual Growth
	2005	2012	2018	2005	2012	2018	
36 <sup>th</sup> Street (west of Wooddale Avenue)	276	318	375	322	445	415	+2.2%
36 <sup>th</sup> Street (east of Wooddale Avenue)	918	1,050	1,090	1,331	1,636	1,620	+1.4%
Wooddale Avenue (north of 36 <sup>th</sup> Street)	1,003	1,248	1,350	1,276	1,646	1,570	+1.9%
Wooddale Avenue (south of 36 <sup>th</sup> Street)	371	670	735	495	831	875	+4.9%
<b>Average (all sites)</b>	<b>2,568</b>	<b>3,286</b>	<b>3,550</b>	<b>3,424</b>	<b>4,558</b>	<b>4,480</b>	<b>2.3%</b>

*Figure 3 Historical Study Area Combined AM & PM Peak Hour Volumes*



### ROADWAY TRANSPORTATION CAPACITY

Future roadway capacity within the audit area was reviewed to understand if the transportation system can support the expected level of growth. First, planned area growth from the *City's 2040 Comprehensive Plan* within the Elmwood Neighborhood was reviewed. This includes household (HH) and job (i.e., employment - EMP) growth as noted in [Table 4](#), which indicates an increase of approximately 222 households and 479 jobs in the area. The increases by traffic analysis zone (TAZ) between the 2020 Baseline and 2040 Projections are noted in green. Based on industry standard daily trip rate assumptions, the projected growth equates to approximately 6,655 daily vehicular trips.

*Table 4 Elmwood Neighborhood Household and Employment Growth*

(TAZ)	2020 Baseline			2040 Projections			Growth* (Change in Daily Trips)
	HH	EMP Retail	EMP Non-Retail	HH	EMP Retail	EMP Non-Retail	
64	440	114	295	526 (+86)	223 (+109)	359 (+64)	2,470
65	730	192	492	866 (+136)	381 (+189)	609 (+117)	4,185
<b>Total Trips</b>							6,655

\* Daily Trip Rate Assumptions: HH – 9 trips, Emp (retail) – 13.5 trips, Emp (non-retail) – 3.5 trips

Next, forecasted 2040 daily traffic volumes were reviewed and compared to planning-level street capacities by facility type from the *City's 2040 Comprehensive Plan (Chapter 6 -Mobility, Table 6-7)*. The 2040 forecasts incorporate planned neighborhood growth, as well as projected growth outside of the Elmwood Neighborhood. This review, summarized in [Table 5](#), indicates that study area roadways are expected to operate at LOS C or better from a segment capacity perspective. It is important to note that the segment of 36<sup>th</sup> Street (west of Highway 100) is planned to be reconfigured as a 3-lane facility (i.e., 2-westbound lanes and 1-eastbound lane) with turn lanes in 2022 as part of a bikeway project. This configuration was evaluated as part of the *36<sup>th</sup> Street Multimodal Feasibility Study*, which determined the planned configuration would provide sufficient future roadway capacity.

*Table 5 Planning Level Roadway Capacity*

Location	Future Facility Type	Forecasted 2040 ADT	Future 2040 Daily Level of Service
36 <sup>th</sup> Street (west of Hwy 100)	3-Lane*	16,700	C*
36 <sup>th</sup> Street (west of Wooddale Avenue)	2-Lane	4,700	B
Alabama Avenue (north of Oxford Street)	2-Lane	3,000	A
Alabama Avenue (north of Excelsior Blvd)	2-Lane	3,100	A
Cambridge Street (west of Alabama Avenue)	2-Lane	1,800	A
Wooddale Avenue (north of 36 <sup>th</sup> Street)	4-Lane	12,300	B
Wooddale Avenue (west of Hwy 100)	3-Lane	8,900	B
Edgewood Avenue (west of CP Rail)	2-Lane	2,900	A

\* Represents 2-westbound and 1-eastbound travel lane per the planned bikeway project in 2022; the level of service is based on the average capacity of a 2-lane and 4-lane facility type.

## CONCLUSION

Regional and local transportation improvements, along with multimodal focused travel behavior changes, have offset the traffic growth associated with redevelopment in the Elmwood Neighborhood. Even with the forecasted growth assumptions, the existing and planned transportation system is expected to have reserve capacity and operate within acceptable levels of service. Thus, the Elmwood Neighborhood transportation network can support future planned redevelopment.



## APPENDIX

Previous Land Use							Current Land Use							Net Change in Trips						
Zone ID	Year Removed	Name	Size / Type (ITE Code) *	AM	PM	Daily	Year Built	Name	Size / Type (ITE Code) *	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	Daily					
1	2003	Quadion / MN Rubber	80,000 SF Industrial (110)	59	52	390	2005-2008	Village in the Park	60 Senior Units (252) 144 Condo/Townhome Units (220)	70	88	1165	11	36	775					
2	2006	Hoigaards L&D Hjelle & H&A Ahrendt	42,000 SF Retail (861) 23,000 SF Industrial (110)	37	105	1111	2007-2008	Hoigaard Village (Phase 1)	298 Apartments (221) 25,000 SF Retail (822)	169	281	2714	132	176	1603					
3	2007	Dworskly	24,500 SF Industrial (110)	18	16	119		N/A - Vacated for Roadway					-18	-16	-119					
4	2009	Soomec Building	21,900 SF Retail (890)	6	11	139		N/A - Vacated for Roadway					-6	-11	-139					
5	2005	Quadion / MN Rubber	60,000 SF Industrial (110)	44	39	292	2012	Towerlight	115 Senior Units (252) 4,000 SF Daycare (565) 6,000 SF Retail (822)	81	113	890	37	74	598					
6	2006	The Frantz Family Partnership	12,000 SF Industrial (110)	9	8	58	2012-2013	Hoigaard Village (Phase 2)	22 Row Homes (220) 100 Apartments (221)	46	50	602	37	42	544					
7	2011	Fire Station / Residential	15,500 SF Fire Station (575) 3-Single Family Homes (210)	9	10	128	2013	Fire Station	30,000 SF Fire Station (575)	14	14	140	5	4	12					
8	2017-2018	McGarvey Coffee	27,500 SF Industrial (110)	20	18	134	2020-2021	PLACE Development (North Site)	217 Apartments (221) 5,100 SF Retail (822) 5-Employee Greenhouse (817)	95	129	1372	75	111	1238					
9	2018	VFW #5632	11,500 SF Restaurant / Bar / Banquet (931) 11,500 Office (710)	17	56	544	2021	Elmwood	50 Apartments (221) 4,400 SF Retail (822)	29	49	467	12	-7	-77					
<b>Total Trip Generation (Previous Developments)</b>				<b>219</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>2915</b>					<b>Total Trip Generation (Current Sites)</b>			<b>504</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>7350</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>4435</b>	
												<b>Total Trip Generation (Less Zones 8 and 9)</b>			<b>380</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>5511</b>	<b>198</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>3274</b>

**Future Development**

Previous Land Use							Proposed Land Use (Latest)							Net Change in Trips					
Zone ID	Year Removed	Name	Size / Type (ITE Code) *	AM	PM	Daily	Year Built	Name	Size / Type (ITE Code) *	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	Daily				
10	N/A	Union Daycare	85 Kid Daycare (565)	66	67	348	FUTURE	Union Congregation Church	60 Apartments (221)	22	23	272	-44	-44	-76				
11	N/A	Aldersgate Church	20,000 SF Church (560)	6	10	152	FUTURE	Aldersgate Church	114 Apartments (221)	42	44	518	36	34	366				
12	N/A	Nash Frame/Commercial	15,000 SF Industrial (110) 24,000 SF Retail (822)	68	168	1380	FUTURE	Wooddale Station	293 Apartments (221) 17,000 SF Retail (822)	148	226	2256	80	58	876				
<b>Total Trip Generation (Previous Developments)</b>				<b>140</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>1880</b>					<b>Total Trip Generation (Current Sites)</b>			<b>212</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>3046</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>1166</b>