

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022

Kim Keller – City Manager Prepared by: Finance Division

Member of the Government Finance Officers' Association Of the United States and Canada



CITY OF ST. LOUIS PARK, MINNESOTA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

December 31, 2022

Kim Keller – City Manager

Prepared by: Finance Division

Member of the Government Finance Officers' Association
Of the United States and Canada



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I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION



September 26, 2023

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota

Minnesota statutes require all cities to issue an annual report on its financial position and activity prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants, or the Office of the State Auditor. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of St. Louis Park for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of St. Louis Park. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of St. Louis Park established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation for the City of St. Louis Park's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of St. Louis Park's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of St. Louis Park's financial statements have been audited by Redpath and Company Ltd., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of St. Louis Park for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are free of any material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of St. Louis Park's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of St. Louis Park, established in 1886, is a first ring community located immediately west of Minneapolis. Thanks to its convenient location, St. Louis Park combines all the cultural amenities of a large metropolitan area with small town friendliness. The City of St. Louis Park currently occupies a land area of 10.8 square miles and serves a population of 48,827. The City of St. Louis Park is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. While it also is empowered by state statutes to extend its corporate limits by annexation, St. Louis Park is a completely developed community and is bordered on all sides by other incorporated communities.

St. Louis Park operates under the council/manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of a mayor, two at-large council members, and four ward council members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms.

The City of St. Louis Park provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; redevelopment, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; water, sewer, storm water, and refuse services, as well as recreational activities and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of St. Louis Park's financial planning and control. All departments and agencies of the City of St. Louis Park submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager in June of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the council for review prior to adoption of a preliminary tax levy by September 30. The council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than December 28.



The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, (e.g. General), function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department directors may make transfers of appropriation within a department, but not between personnel and non-personnel categories. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the approval of the City Council. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for the general fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. These comparisons are presented as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of St. Louis Park operates.

Local economy

The City of St. Louis Park currently enjoys a durable economic environment and local indicators point to continued stability versus other communities in the Twin City Metro Area. The City of St. Louis Park has a well-diversified tax base, with a sizeable full valuation that includes retail, manufacturing, and health care components, as well as diverse housing stock. Redevelopment and Development efforts remain very strong in St Louis Park.

Redevelopment/Development

The City of St. Louis Park is committed to providing a broad range of housing and neighborhood-oriented development within the community. It is important to provide more diverse and creative housing choices, while preserving existing affordable housing, and foster and facilitate reinvestment and redevelopment of neighborhood-oriented businesses and services to meet the needs of current and future residents. The city has experienced significant redevelopment in the past five years. These new developments contain market rate and affordable housing units, and commercial, retail, and service spaces to create more livable neighborhoods and promote economic vitality. The city has used its tax increment financing authority in many of these projects to advance specific community and economic development priorities of the city.

Some of the larger projects completed in the past couple of years include:

10 West End

The Excelsior Group and Ryan Companies developed this 11-story, 343,000-square-foot Class A office building within West End on the border of St. Louis Park and Golden Valley. The office tower is in St. Louis Park and the 1,214-stall parking structure is in Golden Valley. The building received LEED Silver certification and was 1 of 9 projects awarded MNSHARP certification.

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The Quentin

The Quentin, located at 4900 Cedar Lake Road, was developed by Crowe Companies, LLC and was completed in late 2021. The project included the removal of three substandard buildings and the construction of a five-story, 79-unit sustainable apartment building that includes 8 units affordable at 50% of the area median income. The building is situated on the Cedar Lake Trail and features a new pedestrian trail connection from Cedar Lake Road along Quentin and a bicycle hub for residents and is served by multiple bus lines. The project features a number of sustainability features, including a green roof on the east side of the parking pedestal; landscaping with no-mow, native plants and drought/salt-tolerant landscaping; electric vehicle charging stations for residents and guests; and a solar array on the roof to offset common area electricity

Cedar Place

Patrick Crowe of Crowe Companies LLC developed this six-story, 79 unit apartment building, including 8 affordable units and two levels of structured parking. The site features a new pedestrian trail connection from Cedar Lake Road along Quentin and a bicycle hub for residents. The site is served by multiple bus lines and is situated on the Cedar Lake Trail. The project features several sustainability features, including a green roof on the east side of the parking pedestal; landscaping with no-mow, native plants and drought/salt-tolerant landscaping; electric vehicle charging stations for residents and guests; and a solar array on the roof to offset common area electricity.

Bridgewater Bank

Bridgewater Bank constructed a four-story, 84,000-square-foot office building with a 7,000-square-foot bank branch, 7,000 square feet of commercial space and three levels of structured parking. The first floor includes Bridgewater Bank's customer branch and retail space. The second, third and fourth floors include the bank's executive offices and opportunities for coworking entrepreneurial space. There is a plaza at the corner of Excelsior Boulevard and Monterey Drive with outdoor seating, space for public art and landscaping.

The Elmwood

36th Street LLC, constructed this five-story, 70-unit, age-restricted, mixed-use development at the southeast corner of Xenwood Avenue and 36th Street West. The Elmwood consists of 53 market rate apartments with 17 affordable units at 60 percent area median income, and approximately 4,400 square feet of leasable office/commercial space. The development includes on-street, surface, and underground parking, as well as outdoor amenity space.



Xchange Medical Office

The Davis Group completed a 77,500-square-foot medical office building near 6009 Wayzata Blvd. in November 2021. The development includes one level of underground parking with 51 parking spaces and three levels of medical office space above. The building is oriented towards Wayzata Boulevard to the north with the building's main entrance and a 253 space surface parking lot on the south side of the building.

Parkway Residences, Phase I & II

Parkway Residences Phase I & II, located along West 31st Street near Glenhurst Avenue South was completed in 2023. Phases I & II were completed in 2022 and 2023, respectively, and include the construction of a four-story, 95-unit apartment building with two levels of underground parking, a four-story, 37-unit apartment building with one level of underground parking, and the rehabilitation of three existing apartment buildings that contain 24 units, resulting in a total of 162 residential units. The project includes 24 units available at 50% area median income and six units available at 60% area median income, and includes a variety of sustainability features

Elan West End

The Elan West End is six-story apartment building with 164 residential units. The building is adjacent to Central Park West and the AC Hotel by Marriott. The development includes five affordable units at 60 percent area median income (AMI).

Volo at Texa Tonka

Volo at Texa Tonka includes a 101-unit, four to five-story multifamily building on the northeast corner of Texas Avenue and Minnetonka Boulevard, and an 11-unit, two-story townhome building on the northern portion of the site. The apartment building includes amenity spaces, underground parking, enclosed parking at the first floor and surface parking on-site with other site amenities. Both buildings provide walk up units for residents with exterior entrances to activate the street frontage. The development also connect the neighborhood to the Texa-Tonka shopping center and surrounding amenities like Rainbow Park and Cedar Lake Trail with a public trail connection through the site and includes 20% of the units as affordable at 50% area median income.

The City also sponsors a comprehensive rehabilitation loan program available to single family and multi-family homeowners. The first programs were started in the mid 1970's and have evolved into a comprehensive set of programs to ensure the preservation and enhancement of the City's housing stock.



Finally, the City has a Convention and Visitors Bureau, which markets the desirability of St. Louis Park for both business and recreational opportunities. This continues to be a very strong partner with the City of St. Louis Park which has brought increased business and activities to the City.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City maintains a 10 year Long Range Financial Management Plan that incorporates anticipated revenues, expenditures, capital outlay, and tax impacts for all relevant funds. The plan anticipates opportunities or challenges, allows for changes to then be made, with the goal of achieving long-term sustainability. The plan is used in conjunction with the annual budget process and Capital Improvement Plan, which then allows the City Council to evaluate various budget decisions prior to adoption. This plan has proven its value by playing a significant role in maintaining the City's AAA bond rating from Standard & Poor's, which assists in keeping the costs of borrowing for the City of St. Louis Park at a low rate.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of St. Louis Park for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This was the thirty-ninth consecutive year that the government received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Division and other key City of St. Louis Park personnel. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the organization who assisted and contributed to the preparation of the report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of St. Louis Park's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Krin Keller

Kim Keller

City Manager

Amelia Cruver Finance Director

Chilina Jun



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of St. Louis Park Minnesota

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Administrative services

- City clerk
- Finance

(includes assessing, utility billing)

Human resources

Building and energy

- Construction codes
- Property maintenance/licensing
- Sustainability

Communications and technology

- Communications
- Technology
- ParkTV

Community development

- Housing
- Economic development/redevelopment
- Planning and zoning

Engineering

- Construction
- Engineering services
- Transportation

Fire department

- Emergency response
- Emergency management
- EMS/community health
- Prevention

Parks and recreation

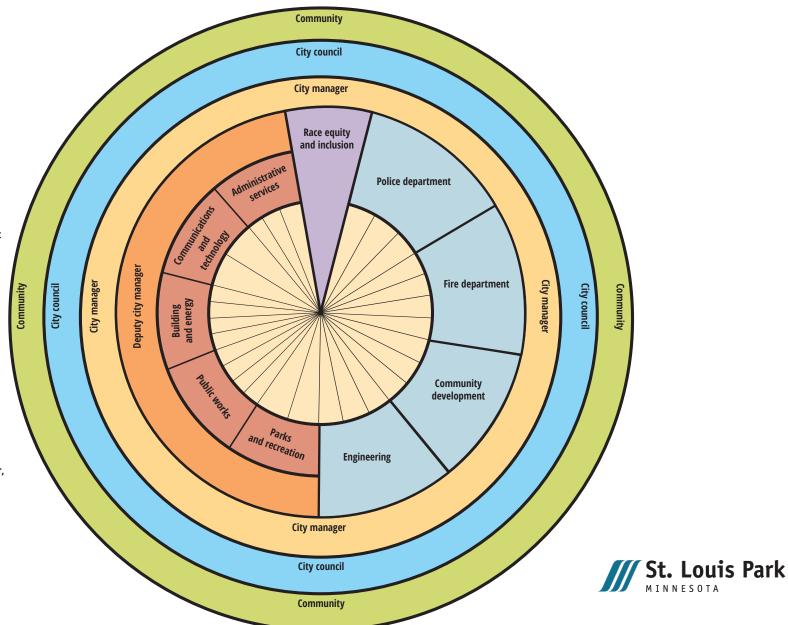
- Facilities
- Parks maintenance (includes fleet, natural resources)
- Recreation programming (includes Westwood Hills Nature Center, Rec Center, ROC)

Police department

- Administration
- Investigations
- Patrol

Public works

- Administration/asset management
- Solid waste
- Streets
- Utilities



OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS PARK

Council

Jake Spano

Mayor EDA Commissioner Term Expires 01/2024

Larry Kraft

At-Large A Councilmember EDA Commissioner Term Expires 01/2024

Margaret Rog

Ward 1 Councilmember EDA Treasurer Term Expires 01/2022

Sue Budd

Ward 3 Councilmember EDA President Term Expires 1/2022

Nadia Mohamed

At-Large B Councilmember EDA Commissioner Term Expires 01/2024

Lynette Dumalag

Ward 2 Councilmember EDA Commissioner Term Expires 01/2022

Tim Brausen

Ward 4 Councilmember EDA Vice President Term Expires 1/2022

Executive Staff

Kim Keller, City Manager

Cindy Walsh, Deputy City Manager/Operations & Recreation Director

Bryan Kruelle, Police Chief

Steve Koering, Fire Chief

Karen Barton, Community Development Director

Brian Hoffman, Building & Inspections Director

Melanie Schmitt, Finance Director

Debra Heiser, Engineering Director

Jacque Smith, IR & Communications Director

Rita Vorpahl, Human Resources Director

II. FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 16 to the financial statements, the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota adopted new accounting guidance for the year ended December 31, 2022, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedules of OPEB and pension information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2023 on our consideration of the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

REDPATH AND COMPANY, LTD.

St. Paul, Minnesota

September 26, 2023

As management of the City of St. Louis Park, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which starts on page 3 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$198,581,012 (net position).
 Of this amount, \$57,871,731 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$8,168,929 as a result of revenues in excess of expenses. \$6,500,144 was a result of an increase of net position within business-type activities, and \$1,668,785 from an increase of net position within governmental activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined
 ending fund balances of \$77,634,308 an increase of \$780,737 in comparison with the prior
 year. The increase was primarily related to capital project funds accumulated for future
 improvement projects, and taxes collected to support housing. Approximately 33 percent of
 this total amount, \$25,976,204 is either nonspendable or restricted for specific purposes. The
 remaining fund balance was committed by City Council, assigned or unassigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General fund was \$23,945,846 (54 percent) of the total subsequent year budgeted General fund expenditures.
- The City's total bonded debt and other debt increased \$32,006,751 during 2022. New debt issued, and principal paid during the year was \$6,245,000 and \$8,045,000 respectively. Net pension liabilities increased \$36,288,553, \$8,668,855 related to the State's General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF) and \$27,619,698 related to the State's Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The following chart (Figure 1) shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section combining fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements. Internal service funds statements are also included, reflecting balances prior to their elimination from the government-wide financial statements, to avoid "doubling-up" effect within the governmental and business-type activities columns of said statements.

Figure 1 Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report

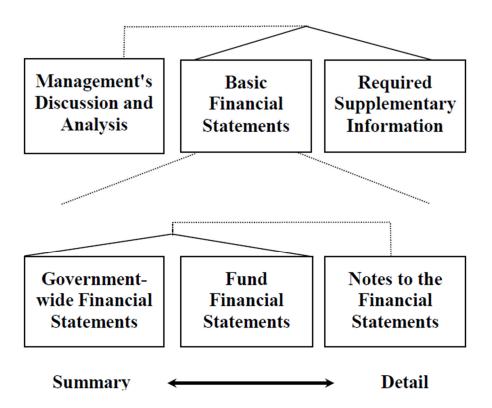


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements		
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	
Scope	Entire City government and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary, such as police, fire and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system	
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	

Government-wide financial statements – The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public information, operations and recreation, engineering, housing and rehabilitation, housing maintenance, social and economic development, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, solid waste, and storm water operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Economic Development Authority (EDA) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is not reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 42 of this report.

Fund financial statements – A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains seven individual major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Housing Rehabilitation, Debt Service, Development EDA, Redevelopment District, Streets Capital Projects, and Westwood Hills Nature Center Construction Project all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund. Budgetary comparison statements are provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 44 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, solid waste, and storm water operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, solid waste and storm water operations, all of which are major funds for the City except for the City's solid waste fund.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for maintaining its fleet of vehicles, management information systems, replacement of City equipment, employee benefits, compensated absences, pension benefit, and insurance. Because all these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements start on page 50 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 53 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, Required Supplementary Information, presents a detailed budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget. In accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75, it also includes other postemployment benefit plan schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios. In accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68, also included is defined benefit pension plan information: a) schedules of the City's contributions and b) schedules of the City's proportionate share of net pension liability. These schedules can be found in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report. The combining statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information starting on page 125 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$198,581,012 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Go	overnmental Activiti	es	Business-type Activities			
	2022	2021	Increase 2021 (Decrease)		2022 2021		
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 119,463,195 156,371,678	\$ 108,587,896 158,640,993	\$ 10,875,299 (2,269,315)	\$ 24,173,457 57,401,837	\$ 17,175,392 55,390,650	\$ 6,998,065 2,011,187	
Total assets	275,834,873	267,228,889	8,605,984	81,575,294	72,566,042	9,009,252	
Total deferred outflows of resources	30,887,502	20,423,348	10,464,154				
Liabilities Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	18,767,872 137,809,859	14,924,181 100,724,282	3,843,691 37,085,577	1,843,341 25,212,346	1,749,667 27,954,120	93,674 (2,741,774)	
Total liabilities	156,577,731	115,648,463	40,929,268	27,055,687	29,703,787	(2,648,100)	
Total deferred inflows of resources	926,031	24,453,946	(23,527,915)	5,157,208		5,157,208	
Net position Net investment in							
capital assets Restricted	81,133,330 27,223,707	86,983,523 24,710,300	(5,850,193) 2,513,407	32,352,244 -	30,830,919	1,521,325 -	
Unrestricted	40,861,576	35,856,005	5,005,571	17,010,155	12,031,336	4,978,819	
Total net position	\$ 149,218,613	\$ 147,549,828	\$ 1,668,785	\$ 49,362,399	\$ 42,862,255	\$ 6,500,144	

City of St. Louis Park's Net Position

A portion of the City's net position (57 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position \$27,223,707 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* \$57,871,731 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Analysis of the City's Operations – The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended December 31, 2022. Overall, both the governmental and business-type activities revenue and expenses remained stable.

City of St. Louis Park's Changes in Net Position

	G	overnmental Activi	ities	Bu	Business-type Activities			
			Increase			Increase		
	2022	2021	(Decrease)	2022	2021	(Decrease)		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 12,324,944	\$ 9,183,631	\$ 3,141,313	\$ 26,210,004	\$ 24,653,860	\$ 1,556,144		
Operating grants								
and contributions	3,247,517	2,886,299	361,218	206,308	212,446	(6,138)		
Capital grants and								
contributions	8,958,110	3,996,798	4,961,312	829,382	430,010	399,372		
General revenues								
Property taxes and TIF	55,244,115	50,717,221	4,526,894	-	-	-		
Franchise fees	5,469,040	5,122,147	346,893	-	-	-		
Lodging taxes	905,461	543,133	362,328	-	-	-		
Grants and contributions								
not restricted to								
specific programs	816,658	587,658	229,000		-	-		
Unrestricted investment earnings	(888,151)	(215,865)	(672,286)	(97,071)	(45,939)	(51,132)		
Gain on disposal								
of capital assets	164,728	149,946	14,782	-	-			
Miscellaneous	2,826,100	2,289,514	536,586	-	-			
Total revenues	89,068,522	75,260,482	13,808,040	27,148,623	25,250,377	1,898,246		
					·			
Expenses								
General government	14,543,794	11,981,562	2,562,232	-	-	-		
Public safety	23,014,115	18,168,010	4,846,105	-	-	-		
Public information	1,832,219	496,229	1,335,990	-	-	-		
Operations	19,750,249	21,980,357	(2,230,108)	-	-	-		
Parks and recreation	8,419,354	6,782,740	1,636,614	-	-	-		
Housing and rehabilitation	5,473,490	780,257	4,693,233	-	-	-		
Social and economic development	14,493,892	11,246,159	3,247,733	-	-	-		
Interest on long-term debt	2,103,528	1,991,765	111,763	-	-	-		
Water	-	-	-	6,261,586	5,743,764	517,822		
Sewer	-	-	-	6,176,756	6,828,464	(651,708)		
Solid waste	-	-	-	3,788,443	3,681,072	107,371		
Storm water	-	-	-	2,190,790	2,331,779	(140,989)		
Total expenses	89,630,641	73,427,079	16,203,562	18,417,575	18,585,079	(167,504)		
Increase (decrease) in net								
position before transfers	(562,119)	1,833,403	(2,395,522)	8,731,048	6,665,298	2,065,750		
F	(,,	_,,,,,,,,,	(=//-==/	-,:,- :-	-,,	_,,,,,,,,,,		
Transfers	2,230,904	2,196,105	34,799	(2,230,904)	(2,196,105)	(34,799)		
Change in net position	1,668,785	4,029,508	(2,360,723)	6,500,144	4,469,193	2,030,951		
gec position	1,000,00	.,023,300	(2,300,723)	0,000,144	.,.05,155	2,030,331		
Net position, January 1, as previously reported	147,549,828	143,062,677	4,487,151	42,862,255	38,270,062	4,592,193		
Prior period adjustment	-	457,643	(457,643)	-	123,000	(123,000)		
Net position, January 1, as restated	147,549,828	143,520,320	4,029,508	42,862,255	38,393,062	4,469,193		
Net position, December 31	\$ 149,218,613	\$147,549,828	\$ 1,668,785	\$ 49,362,399	\$ 42,862,255	\$ 6,500,144		
					· 			

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$1,668,785. Overall, the governmental activities in 2022 were stable, with comparable increases in revenues and expenses. Revenues increased by \$13.8 million, primarily related to additional tax levy revenue, capital grants, and charges for services. Expenses increased by \$16.2 million, with increases across all areas, other than operations, which had a decrease of \$2.2 million resulting from fewer street capital expenditures in 2022.

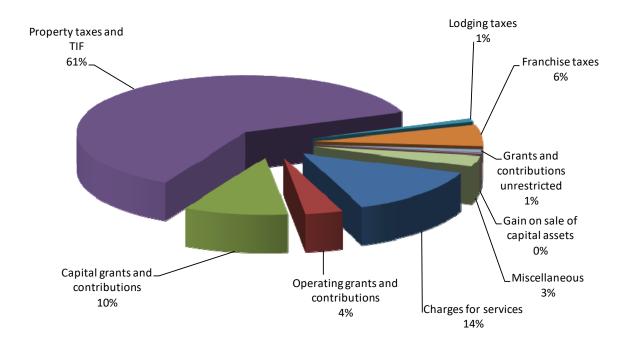
Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$6,500,144. Revenues increased by \$1.9 million, and expenses decreased by \$167,504. Net transfers were comparable to the prior year. The increase in revenues was the result of increased utility rates and the decrease in expenses was partially attributable to decreased interest expense.

Governmental Activities

Revenues - The following chart illustrates the City's revenue by source for its governmental activities:

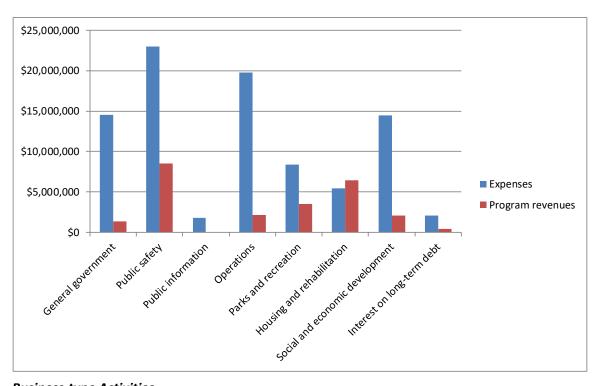
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenses - The following chart illustrates the City's expenses and program revenues for its governmental activities:

City of St. Louis Park
Management's Discussion and Analysis

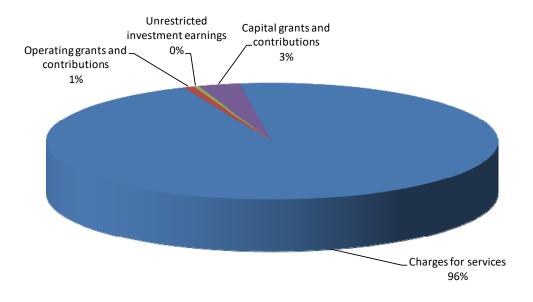
Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities

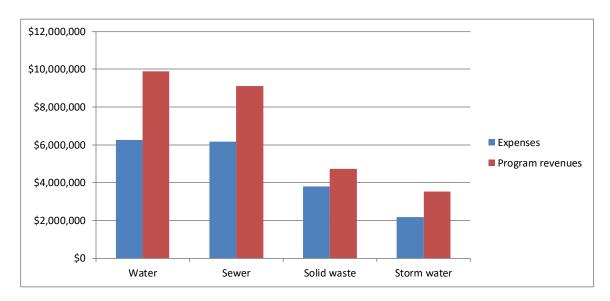
Revenues - The following chart illustrates the City's revenue by source for its business-type activities:

Revenue Sources - Business-type Activities



Expense and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

Expenses - The following chart illustrates the City's expenses and program revenues for its business-type activities:



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

Governmental funds – As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$77,634,308, an increase of \$780,737 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 17 percent of this total amount, \$13,062,529, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance \$64,571,779 is not available for new spending because it is either 1) nonspendable \$327,239, 2) restricted \$25,648,965, 3) committed \$2,118,897 or 4) assigned \$36,476,678 for specific purposes.

	Fund Balances					
	December 31,					Increase
Major Funds	2022		2021		(Decrease)	
General The City's General Fund balanced increased \$1,846,308 during the current fiscal permits of \$2,531,879 contributed to the majority of the increase.	\$ al yea	25,661,664 ar. Greater thar	\$ antio	23,815,356 Cipated revenue	\$ s in lic	1,846,308 censes and
Housing Rehabilitation The Housing Rehabilitation fund balance increased \$468,183 as a result of new	\$ / bon	6,567,161 d issuances dur	\$ ing th	6,098,978 ne year.	\$	468,183
COVID The fund balance of the Covid fund decreased \$82,223, which resulted from in	\$ teres	(76,598) t losses.	\$	5,625	\$	(82,223)
Debt Service The fund balance of the Debt Service fund increased \$287,219 due to transfers sources, in accordance with the bond documents.	\$ rece	6,405,593 ived from devel	\$ opme	6,118,374 ent and housing	\$ rehat	287,219 oilitation
Development EDA The Development EDA fund balance decreased \$1,300,863 as a result of project balance, approximately \$8 million is made up of loans receivable and land held			\$ ough	19,860,446 the fund has \$1	\$ 8.5 m	(1,300,863) nillion in fund
Redevelopment District The Redevelopment District fund is comprised of all tax increment districts in t collection of property taxes and tax increments in excess of expenditures and t		•	\$ in fu	6,644,806 nd balance of \$2	\$ L,244,	1,244,527 527 is due to
Streets Capital Projects The Street Capital Projects fund balance decreased \$6,585,167 as a result of in	\$ creas	(8,082,998) sed project relat	\$ ed ex	(1,497,831) penditures.	\$	(6,585,167)

Proprietary funds – The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. At the end of the year, unrestricted net position of the Water, Sewer, Solid Waste, and Storm Water funds amounted to \$21,291,424. Total net position increased by \$6,753,296. This increase was primarily a result of a planned increase in fees to cover infrastructure replacement.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenues were \$3,947,079 over budget and expenditures were \$178,368 under budget; along with transfers and other financing sources, the end result was an increase in fund balance of \$1,846,308. Planned transfers out accounted for the decrease in fund balance. The largest favorable revenue variance was in licenses and permits (\$2,531,879). Additionally, the City had \$4,900,000 in bonds issued.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2022 was \$213,773,516 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year decreased 0.12 percent.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Continued work on the Louisiana Bridge project
- Street Rehab projects
- Alley construction
- Start of a sanitary sewer project

For the year ending December 31, 2022, the City changed from the modified approach for infrastructure to the depreciation method. Infrastructure assets previously accounted for under the modified approach will be depreciated over the remaining useful life of the assets.

City of St. Louis Park's Capital Assets

(net of accumulated depreciation)

	G	overnmental Activi	ties	Business-type Activities			
			Increase			Increase	
	2022	2021 (Decrease)		2022	2021	(Decrease)	
Land Permanent easments	\$ 17,255,135 1,441,876	\$ 17,255,135 1,441,876	\$ -	\$ 515,082	\$ 515,082	\$ -	
Buildings and structures Improvements other	47,645,285	48,862,303	(1,217,018)	441,749	477,886	(36,137)	
than buildings	30,145,418	24,754,426	5,390,992	5,011,224	5,404,540	(393,316)	
Machinery and			(0.00.000)			(0	
equipment	4,981,944	5,285,173	(303,229)	3,841,288	4,099,051	(257,763)	
Fleet	3,480,139	4,354,769	(874,630)	-	-	-	
Infrastructure - Streets	-	26,011,544	(26,011,544)	-	-	-	
Infrastructure - Other	44,583,778	19,345,772	25,238,006	42,353,354	41,466,467	886,887	
Construction							
in progress	6,698,824	11,329,995	(4,631,171)	5,239,141	3,427,624	1,811,517	
Total	\$ 156,232,399	\$ 158,640,993	\$ (2,408,594)	\$ 57,401,838	\$55,390,650	\$ 2,011,188	
Right to use leased assets	139,279	_	139,279				

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 71-72 of this report.

Debt administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the city had total bonded debt outstanding of \$95,075,000 Of this amount, \$69,395,000 comprises debt issued for improvement and capital projects, of which \$62,205,000 will be repaid by ad valorem tax levies and \$7,190,000 will be repaid through the collection of special assessments. In addition, \$1,105,000 is general obligation tax increment debt which financed redevelopment projects and will be repaid from the tax increments resulting from increased tax capacity of the redevelopment properties. The remaining \$24,575,000 of the City's bonded debt represents general obligation revenue bonds with \$23,230,000 to be repaid by the Water, Sewer, and Storm Water fund user charges and \$1,345,000 from revenues collected from the benefitting property. Furthermore, the City has long-term debt of \$140,862 related to lease liabilities, \$4,427,551 for compensated absences, \$6,115,937 for other postemployment benefits payable and \$52,395,071 for the net pension liability.

City of St. Louis Park's Outstanding Debt

General Obligation Bonds, Revenue Bonds, and other Debt

	Go	vernmental Activit	ies	Business-type Activities			
	2022	2021	Increase (Decrease)	2022	2021	Increase (Decrease)	
G.O. Improvement	\$ 62,205,000	\$ 65,525,000	\$ (3,320,000)	\$23,230,000	\$27,870,000	\$ (4,640,000)	
G.O. Tax Increment	1,105,000	1,615,000	(510,000)	-	-	-	
G.O. Special Assessment	7,190,000	2,610,000	4,580,000	-	-	-	
G.O. Revenue Bonds	1,345,000	1,390,000	(45,000)	-	-	-	
Bond issuance premium/discount	3,108,098	3,337,534	(229,436)	1,759,686	2,194,446	(434,760)	
Lease Liability	140,862	103,026	37,836	-	-	-	
Compensated absences	4,204,891	4,285,863	(80,972)	222,660	226,726	(4,066)	
Other postemployment benefits	6,115,937	5,751,341	364,596	=	=	-	
Net pension liability	52,395,071	16,106,518	36,288,553				
Total	\$ 137,809,859	\$ 100,724,282	\$ 37,085,577	\$25,212,346	\$30,291,172	\$ (5,078,826)	

Principal payments during 2022 totaled \$8,045,000. The City maintains an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 3 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$256,653,324 which is significantly more than the City's outstanding general obligation debt. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 73-77 of this report.

Economic Factors, Subsequent Year Budgets, Rates and Changes in Structure

The City estimates that the demand for City services will continue to grow as the economy improves. The property tax levy is set annually and is adjusted as necessary to fund the cost of providing services to our citizens and customers. Charges for services are evaluated each year and adjusted to support operations and capital outlay. All these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2022 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City of St. Louis Park's finances and to show the City's accountability for the resources it is entrusted. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report, or requests for additional financial information, can be directed to the City of St. Louis Park Finance Department at 5005 Minnetonka Boulevard, St. Louis Park, Minnesota, 55416, 952-924-2500.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Totals
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 82,476,967	\$17,060,390	\$ 99,537,357
Accrued interest receivable	200,537	7,408	207,945
Due from other governments Accounts receivable	1,156,609 2,399,657	11,916 4,784,239	1,168,525 7,183,896
Taxes receivable	1,988,924	4,764,239	7,183,896 1,988,924
Prepaid items	376,857	374,541	751,398
Inventories	239,241	62,103	301,344
Internal balances	4,281,269	(4,281,269)	-
Special assessments receivable	10,415,496	914,915	11,330,411
Leases receivable	183,966	5,239,214	5,423,180
Loans receivable	9,836,863	-	9,836,863
Pledges receivable	906,660	_	906,660
Land held for resale	5,000,149	_	5,000,149
Capital assets	2,222,		-,,
Nondepreciable assets	25,395,835	5,754,223	31,150,058
Depreciable assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	130,836,564	51,647,614	182,484,178
Right to use leased assets (net of accumulated amortization)	139,279	-	139,279
Total assets	275,834,873	81,575,294	357,410,167
Deferred outflows of resources			
Related to pensions	29,451,341	-	29,451,341
Related to OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	1,436,161 30,887,502	·	1,436,161
Total deferred outflows of resources	30,887,302		30,887,502
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	2,967,786	999,312	3,967,098
Salaries payable	1,498,619	108,790	1,607,409
Due to other governments	301,186	151,459	452,645
Contracts payable	1,241,278	59,907	1,301,185
Accrued interest payable	930,698	324,725	1,255,423
Deposits payable	6,484,634	199,148	6,683,782
Unearned revenue	5,343,671	-	5,343,671
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	6,732,464	2,813,771	9,546,235
Due in more than one year	131,077,395	22,398,575	153,475,970
Total liabilities	156,577,731	27,055,687	183,633,418
Deferred inflows of resources			
Related to pensions	648,802	-	648,802
Related to OPEB	94,762	-	94,762
Related to leases	182,467	5,157,208	5,339,675
Total deferred inflows of resources	926,031	5,157,208	6,083,239
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	81,133,330	32,352,244	113,485,574
Restricted for			
Redevelopment districts	10,587,799	-	10,587,799
Affordable housing	6,412,267	-	6,412,267
E-911 purposes	87,357	-	87,357
Community development	526,578	-	526,578
Debt service	7,898,029	-	7,898,029
Cable TV equipment	262,668	-	262,668
Police and fire purposes	1,231,490	-	1,231,490
Housing rehabilitation	217,519	-	217,519
Unrestricted	40,861,576	17,010,155	57,871,731
Total net position	\$ 149,218,613	\$ 49,362,399	\$ 198,581,012

					Program Revenues						
					Operating		Capital		e) Revenue and Changes in	Net Pos	sition
			Charges For Grants and		Grants and		Governmental	Business-Type			
Functions/Programs	Expe	nses	Servio	ces	Contributions		Contributions	Activities	Activities		Total
Governmental activities											
General government	\$	14,543,794		1,323,472		\$	-	\$ (13,137,505)	\$ -	\$	(13,137,505)
Public safety		23,014,115		6,756,712	1,462,410		283,726	(14,511,267)	-		(14,511,267)
Public information		1,832,219		-	-		-	(1,832,219)	-		(1,832,219)
Operations		19,750,249		654,428	855,192		622,431	(17,618,198)	-		(17,618,198)
Parks and recreation		8,419,354		3,347,770	89,404		100,000	(4,882,180)	-		(4,882,180)
Housing and rehabilitation		5,473,490		2,676	41,503		6,433,354	1,004,043	-		1,004,043
Social and economic development		14,493,892		239,886	299,941		1,518,599	(12,435,466)	-		(12,435,466)
Interest on long-term debt		2,103,528		-	416,250		<u>-</u>	(1,687,278)			(1,687,278)
Total governmental activities	-	89,630,641	1	12,324,944	3,247,517		8,958,110	(65,100,070)			(65,100,070)
Business-Type activities											
Water		6,261,586		9,156,315	29,682		692,913	-	3,617,324		3,617,324
Sewer		6,176,756		8,971,596	,		136,469	-	2,931,309		2,931,309
Solid waste		3,788,443		4,540,176	176,626			_	928,359		928,359
Storm water	-	2,190,790		3,541,917			-		1,351,127		1,351,127
Total business-type activities		18,417,575	2	26,210,004	206,308		829,382		8,828,119		8,828,119
Total	\$ 1	108,048,216	\$ 3	38,534,948	\$ 3,453,825	\$	9,787,492	(65,100,070)	8,828,119		(56,271,951)
					General revenues						
					Taxes						
					Property taxes			41,059,104	-		41,059,104
					Tax increment			14,185,011	-		14,185,011
					Franchise taxes			5,469,040			5,469,040
					Lodging taxes			905,461	-		905,461
					Grants and contributions	not					
					restricted to specific pr	ograms		816,658	-		816,658
					Unrestricted investment	earning	s (loss)	(888,151)	(97,071)		(985,222)
					Gain on sale of capital as:	sets		164,728			164,728
					Miscellaneous			2,826,100	-		2,826,100
					Transfers			2,230,904	(2,230,904)		
					Total general reven	nues and	d transfers	66,768,855	(2,327,975)		64,440,880
					Change in net posit	ion		1,668,785	6,500,144		8,168,929
					Net position - January 1			147,549,828	42,862,255		190,412,083

				Special Rev	enue Funds	
		General	Housi	Housing Rehabilitation		OVID Fund
Assets				<u> </u>		
Cash and investments	\$	32,350,939	\$	4,052,774	\$	4,426,178
Accrued interest receivable		200,537		-		-
Due from other governments		479,644		-		-
Accounts receivable		960,498		-		-
Taxes receivable - unremitted		753,691		-		-
Taxes receivable - delinquent		407,938		-		-
Prepaid items		84,898		-		-
Inventories		239,241		-		-
Special assessments receivable - delinquent		-		18,833		-
Special assessments receivable - deferred		-		9,490,312		-
Due from other funds		-		147,436		-
Interfund loan receivable		-		-		-
Loans receivable - current		-		447,800		-
Loans receivable - noncurrent		-		3,760,505		-
Pledges receivable - current		-		-		-
Pledges receivable - noncurrent		-		-		-
Leases receivable - current		-		-		-
Leases receivable - noncurrent		-		-		-
Land held for resale				<u>-</u>		
Total assets	\$	35,477,386	\$	17,917,660	\$	4,426,178
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	878,746	\$	793,161	\$	_
Salaries payable	*	1,448,567	*	3,737	Ψ.	_
Due to other governments		130,373		32,907		_
Contracts payable		-		218,354		_
Due to other funds		_		210,354		_
Interfund loan payable		_		800,000		_
Deposits payable		6,020,056		-		_
Unearned revenue		769,424				4,502,776
oneameu revenue		703,424		<u>-</u> _		4,302,770
Total liabilities		9,247,166		1,848,159		4,502,776
Deferred inflows of resources						
Related to leases		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue		568,556		9,502,340		
Total deferred inflows of resources		568,556		9,502,340		
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		324,139		-		-
Restricted		87,357		217,519		-
Committed		-		-		-
Assigned		1,304,322		6,349,642		_
Unassigned		23,945,846		-,,		(76,598)
			-	-		(
Total fund balances		25,661,664		6,567,161		(76,598)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	35,477,386	\$	17,917,660	\$	4,426,178

			Capital Projects Funds						r Governmental	Total Governmental	
Del	ot Service	Dev	elopment EDA	Redeve	elopment District	Streets Capital Projects			Funds	TOLA	Funds
\$	7,012,458	\$	6,656,977	\$	6,108,479	\$	29,283	\$	15,852,781	\$	76,489,869
Ÿ	7,012,430	Ÿ		Y	-	Ÿ	-	Ÿ	-	Ÿ	200,537
	-		-		_		652,002		22,351		1,153,997
	13,799		50,435		-		-		1,372,449		2,397,181
	-		-		810,354		-		3,199		1,567,244
	-		-		-		-		13,742		421,680
	-		3,100		-		-		-		87,998
	-		-		-		-		-		239,241
	-		-		-		-		5,142		23,975
	-		-		-		-		901,209		10,391,521
	-		305,688		5,169,833		-		1,900,472		7,523,429
	50,000		3,774,150 305,750		-		-		1,800,000		5,574,150 803,550
	1,295,000		2,674,149		794,470		-		509,189		9,033,313
	1,233,000		2,074,145		754,470		_		156,660		156,660
	-		-		-		-		750,000		750,000
	_		15,764		_		-		-		15,764
	_		168,202		_		-		_		168,202
	-		5,000,149		-				-		5,000,149
\$	8,371,257	\$	18,954,364	\$	12,883,136	\$	681,285	\$	23,287,194	\$	121,998,460
\$	9,000	\$	92,732	\$	14,190	\$	92,398	\$	231,194	\$	2,111,421
	-		16,310		46.255		- 017		11,392		1,480,006
	-		8,801		46,355		817		774 372,207		220,027 1,241,278
	147,436		-		7,644		650,717 7,368,349		3/2,20/		7,523,429
	147,430		- -		4,774,150		7,308,343		-		5,574,150
	464,228		_		-		_		350		6,484,634
	-		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>		-		71,471		5,343,671
	620,664		117,843		4,842,339		8,112,281		687,388		29,978,616
	-		182,467		-		-		-		182,467
	1,345,000		94,471		151,464		652,002		1,889,236		14,203,069
	1,345,000		276,938		151,464		652,002		1,889,236		14,385,536
			3,100		_		_		_		327,239
	6,553,029		-		10,436,335		_		8,354,725		25,648,965
	-		245,535		-		-		1,873,362		2,118,897
	-		18,310,948		_		29,283		10,482,483		36,476,678
	(147,436)	-	<u> </u>		(2,547,002)		(8,112,281)		<u> </u>		13,062,529
	6,405,593		18,559,583		7,889,333		(8,082,998)		20,710,570		77,634,308
\$	8,371,257	\$	18,954,364	\$	12,883,136	\$	681,285	\$	23,287,194	\$	121,998,460
		Total Fu	ind balances reported	ahove						\$	77,634,308
		Capi repo Othe repo Rei Long theri Bo Acc	nts reported for gove tal assets used in gove tal assets used in gove the distriction of the funds are long-term assets are ceivables not available receivables not available retrem liabilities, inclue fore are not reported payable and unancrued interest payable al service funds are used.	enot availab evenue in the e soon enoug ding bonds p d in the fund nortized bon e sed by mana	tivities are not finant le to pay for current- funds: gh to pay for the curr layable, are not due a s: d premium/discount gement to charge the	period expen ent period's e and payable in	and therefore, are ditures and, therefore the current period in services to individual and the current period in the current	not re, are and			138,752,187 14,203,069 (74,953,098 (930,698
		The	assets and liabilities a	re included i	n the governmental	statement of	net position				(5,487,155
		N1 - 4	ition of governmental							\$	149,218,613

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds			
	General	Housing Rehabilitation	COVID Fund		
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 31,150,197	\$ -	\$ -		
Tax increments	-	-	-		
Franchise taxes	-	-	-		
Lodging tax	-	-	-		
License and permits	7,282,483	-	-		
Intergovernmental	1,934,379	-	815,116		
Charges for services	4,524,857	2,676	-		
Fines and forfeitures	175,090	-	-		
Special assessments	-	977,204	-		
Interest income (loss)	(234,741)	(35,542)	(81,720)		
Miscellaneous	1,228,904	710			
Total revenues	46,061,169	945,048	733,396		
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	9,365,669	-	-		
Public safety	20,245,105	-	-		
Public information	-	-	2,175		
Operations	5,906,754	-	-		
Parks and recreation	7,982,218	-	-		
Housing and rehabilitation	-	5,423,956	-		
Housing maintenance	-	-	-		
Social and economic development	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	585,774	-	-		
Capital outlay					
Public safety	48,679	-	-		
Public information	-	-	503		
Operations	-	-	-		
Parks and recreation	-	-	-		
Social and economic development	-	-	-		
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	-		
Interest and other	-	-	-		
Bond issuance costs	-		<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	44,134,199	5,423,956	2,678		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,926,970	(4,478,908)	730,718		
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	2,207,338	397,133	-		
Transfers out	(2,288,000)	(369,689)	(812,941)		
Bonds issued	-	4,900,000	-		
Refunding bonds issued		-	-		
Premium on bonds issued	-	19,647	-		
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	-	-	-		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(80,662)	4,947,091	(812,941)		
Net change in fund balances	1,846,308	468,183	(82,223)		
Fund balances - January 1	23,815,356	6,098,978	5,625		
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 25,661,664	\$ 6,567,161	\$ (76,598)		

		Capital Projects Funds			
				Other Governmental	Total Governmental
 Debt Service	Development EDA	Redevelopment District	Streets Capital Projects	Funds	Funds
\$ 5,248,040	\$ 529,667	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,366,396	\$ 39,294,300
-	-	14,185,011	-	- 5,469,040	14,185,011 5,469,040
-	905,461	-	-	-	905,461
-	-	-	-	-	7,282,483
416,250	1,564,941 211,937	-	1,656,322	174,702 109,687	6,561,710 4,849,157
-	-	-	-	105,087	175,090
-	-	-	-	339,637	1,316,841
(62,618)	(94,214)	(139,362)	10,649	(211,834)	(849,382)
 180,755	141,865	15,643	9,202	1,475,836	3,052,915
 5,782,427	3,259,657	14,061,292	1,676,173	9,723,464	82,242,626
_	_	_	_	_	9,365,669
-	-	-	-	505,653	20,750,758
-	-	-	-	386,216	388,391
-	-	-	7,724,046	3,245,705	16,876,505
-	-	-	-	97,044 503	8,079,262 5,424,459
-	-	-	-	30,000	30,000
390,200	3,104,508	10,538,640	-	273,882	14,307,230
-	-	-	-	-	585,774
-	-	-	-	-	48,679
-	-	-		-	503
-	-	-	537,294	1,350,201	537,294 1,350,201
-	1,565,902	-	-	-	1,565,902
4,195,000	-	-	-	-	4,195,000
2,054,165	-	98,985	-	-	2,153,150
 195,260					195,260
 6,834,625	4,670,410	10,637,625	8,261,340	5,889,204	85,854,037
 (1,052,198)	(1,410,753)	3,423,667	(6,585,167)	3,834,260	(3,611,411)
1,322,782	-	-	-	1,516,559	5,443,812
-	-	(2,179,140)	-	(448,066)	(6,097,836)
- 1,345,000	-	-	-	-	4,900,000 1,345,000
16,635	-	- -	-	-	36,282
(1,345,000)	-	-	-	-	(1,345,000)
 <u>-</u>	109,890				109,890
 1,339,417	109,890	(2,179,140)		1,068,493	4,392,148
287,219	(1,300,863)	1,244,527	(6,585,167)	4,902,753	780,737
 6,118,374	19,860,446	6,644,806	(1,497,831)	15,807,817	76,853,571
\$ 6,405,593	\$ 18,559,583	\$ 7,889,333	\$ (8,082,998)	\$ 20,710,570	\$ 77,634,308

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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Statement 2) are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement 4)	\$ 780,737
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital outlay	3,347,815
Depreciation expense	(4,425,300)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes	
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction,	
however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect	
of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued,	
whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Proceeds from long term debt	(6,245,000)
Principal repayments on long term debt	4,195,000
Redemption of refunded debt	1,345,000
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount	
reported in the governmental fund because interest is recognized as an	
expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current	
financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is	
recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	(16,728)
Governmental funds report debt issuance premiums and discounts as an other	
financing source or use at the time of issuance. Premiums and discounts are	
reported as an unamortized asset or liability in the City-wide financial statements.	229,436
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified	
accrual basis of accounting certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are	
available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	
Special assessments	5,653,838
Property taxes	39,564
Pledges	(948,372)
Loans and other	(226,815)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs for equipment,	
information system, equipment replacement, employee benefits and major losses	
incurred by individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal	
service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 (2,060,390)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement 2)	\$ 1,668,785

			Busine	Gi	Activities Internal					
		Water	Sewer		Storm Water	S	olid Waste	Totals	S	ervice Funds
Assets		Water.	 Sewe.		Storm Water		ond Waste	 Totals		- vice i unus
Current assets										
Cash and investments	\$	7,162,790	\$ 3,725,923	\$	2,944,002	\$	3,227,675	\$ 17,060,390	\$	5,987,098
Accrued interest receivable		7,408	1 601		=		=	7,408	\$	2 612
Due from other governments Accounts receivable		10,315 1,520,451	1,601 1,647,248		617,282		999,258	11,916 4,784,239		2,612 2,476
Prepaid items		- 1,320,431	368,441		-		6,100	374,541		288,859
Inventories		62,103			-			62,103		-
Special assessments receivable - delinquent		70,983	427		=		-	71,410		-
Special assessments receivable - deferred		490,516	352,989		=		-	843,505		-
Leases receivable - current		348,975	-		-		-	348,975		-
Leases receivable - noncurrent		4,890,239	 					 4,890,239		
Total current assets		14,563,780	 6,096,629		3,561,284		4,233,033	 28,454,726		6,281,045
Noncurrent assets Capital assets, at cost										
Land		114,844	60,000		340,238		_	515,082		818,094
Buildings and structures		5,082,540	6,111		-		_	5,088,651		9,520,322
Improvements other than buildings		2,088,407	749,350		7,165,760		_	10,003,517		2,617,856
Infrastructure		32,264,136	22,575,040		22,665,868		-	77,505,044		1,313,801
Machinery, furniture and equipment		8,790,661	305,031		103,765		-	9,199,457		10,103,081
Fleet		-	-		-		-	-		10,419,027
Construction in progress		2,251,341	 1,284,894		1,702,906			 5,239,141		131,011
Total capital assets, at cost		50,591,929	24,980,426		31,978,537		-	107,550,892		34,923,192
Less: accumulated depreciation		(20,285,650)	 (17,017,151)		(12,846,254)			 (50,149,055)		(17,442,980)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		30,306,279	7,963,275		19,132,283		-	57,401,837		17,480,212
Right to use leased assets, at cost Machinery, furniture and equipment										56,372
Fleet		_	-		-		_	-		146,364
Total right to use leased assets, at cost			 					 		202,736
Less: accumulated amortization		-	-		-		_	-		(63,457)
Total right to use leased assets, net of accumulated amortization		-	 -		-		-	 -		139,279
Total noncurrent assets		30,306,279	7,963,275		19,132,283		-	57,401,837		17,619,491
Total assets		44,870,059	14,059,904		22,693,567		4,233,033	85,856,563		23,900,536
		,,	 		==/===/===		,,,	 		
Deferred outflows of resources										20 454 244
Related to Pensions Related to OPEB		-	-		-		-	-		29,451,341 1,436,161
Total deferred outflows of resources		=	 =		-		=	 -		30,887,502
								<u>.</u>		
Liabilities										
Current liabilities										
Accounts payable		229,737	49,830		71,626		648,119	999,312		856,365
Salaries payable		54,992	17,867		22,391		13,540	108,790		10.613
Accrued flex spending Due to other governments		76,384	2,207		4,363		68,505	151,459		18,613 81,159
Contracts payable		1,026	10,670		48,211		- 08,303	59,907		61,135
Deposits payable		63,724	10,070		135,424		_	199,148		-
Accrued interest payable		278,689	21,690		24,346		-	324,725		=
Compensated absences payable - current		116,470	29,474		29,016		8,811	183,771		2,823,293
Leases liability - current		-	-		=		-	-		54,733
Bonds payable - current		2,269,150	144,500		216,350		-	2,630,000		-
Other postemployment benefits payable - current		=	 =		=		-	 =		214,438
Total current liabilities		3,090,172	 276,238		551,727		738,975	 4,657,112		4,048,601
Noncurrent liabilities		2.55-	45.05:		45.50			20.000		4 204 5
Compensated absences payable Lease liability		2,650	15,871		15,624		4,744	38,889		1,381,598 86,129
Bonds payable		19,318,656	1,712,108		1,328,922		-	22,359,686		86,129
Other postemployment benefits payable		15,318,030	1,/12,108		1,320,322			22,333,080		5,901,499
Net pension liability		_	-		_		_	-		52,395,071
Total noncurrent liabilities		19,321,306	 1,727,979		1,344,546		4,744	 22,398,575		59,764,297
Total liabilities		22,411,478	2,004,217		1,896,273		743,719	27,055,687		63,812,898
	-	22,411,476	 2,004,217		1,830,273		743,713	 27,033,067		03,812,836
Deferred inflows of resources										
Related to pensions		-	-		-		-	-		648,802
Related to OPEB		-	=		=		-	-		94,762
Related to leases Total deferred inflows of resources		5,157,208	 					 5,157,208 5,157,208		742 564
rotal deferred filliows of resources		5,157,208	 <u>-</u>					 3,137,208		743,564
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets		8,717,447	6,095,997		17,538,800		-	32,352,244		17,478,629
Unrestricted		8,583,926	5,959,690		3,258,494		3,489,314	21,291,424		(27,247,053
Total net position	Ś	17,301,373	\$ 12,055,687	Ś	20,797,294	Ś	3,489,314	53,643,668	\$	(9,768,424
							J, 7 0J,J14	JJ,U4J,UUU	·	(3,700,424

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds										overnmental Activities
		Water		Sewer	S	torm Water		n-Major Fund Solid Waste		Total	S	Internal ervice Funds
Operating revenues		0.247.400		0.074.506		2544.047		4 524 005		25 262 547		4.540.045
Charges for services Other	\$	8,317,199 304,922	\$	8,971,596	\$	3,541,917	\$	4,531,805	\$	25,362,517	\$	4,519,915
Rent		534,194		-		-		8,371		313,293 534,194		350,675
Rent		334,134							-	334,134		
Total operating revenues		9,156,315		8,971,596		3,541,917		4,540,176		26,210,004		4,870,590
Operating expenses												
Personal services		1,712,947		764,385		792,787		530,512		3,800,631		7,202,415
Supplies		495,097		33,823		24,133		181,546		734,599		736,425
Professional services		236,662		6,046		168,384		11,184		422,276		245,989
Insurance		18,095		42,343		4,035		4,363		68,836		982,117
Utilities		593,303		60,930		22,160		· -		676,393		,
Repairs and maintenance		1,065,032		365,679		74,823		-		1,505,534		-
Depreciation		1,006,406		203,551		745,530		-		1,955,487		2,072,692
Disposal charges		10,903		4,334,878		, -		2,925,318		7,271,099		
Other		513,379		284,612		259,377		98,797		1,156,165		1,023,105
Total operating expenses		5,651,824		6,096,247		2,091,229		3,751,720		17,591,020		12,262,743
											-	
Operating income (loss)	-	3,504,491		2,875,349		1,450,688		788,456		8,618,984		(7,392,153
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)												
Interest income (loss)		33,116		(52,091)		(38,665)		(39,431)		(97,071)		(38,769
Property taxes		-		_		-		-		-		1,725,240
Intergovernmental revenue		29,682		-		-		176,626		206,308		456,482
Amortization of bond premiums		174,860		16,470		26,050		-		217,380		
Gain on disposal of capital assets		, -		, -		, -		-				54,838
Interest expense		(678,537)		(52,572)		(59,674)		-		(790,783)		(4,108
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(440,879)		(88,193)		(72,289)		137,195		(464,166)		2,193,683
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		3,063,612		2,787,156		1,378,399		925,651		8,154,818		/E 109 47/
income (loss) before contributions and transfers		3,003,012		2,767,130		1,570,599		923,031		0,134,010		(5,198,470
Capital contributions												
Connection fees and special assessments		692,913		136,469		-		-		829,382		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		2,884,928
Transfers out		(677,528)		(926,999)		(362,966)		(263,411)		(2,230,904)		•
Change in net position		3,078,997		1,996,626		1,015,433		662,240		6,753,296		(2,313,542
Net position - January 1, as previously reported		14,222,376		10,059,061		19,781,861		2,827,074		46,890,372		(7,454,882
Net position - December 31	\$	17,301,373	\$	12,055,687	\$	20,797,294	\$	3,489,314	\$	53,643,668	\$	(9,768,424
	Chan	ge in net positi	on as i	\$	6,753,296							
		-		solidation of Int	ernal	Service fund act	tivitie	5		(253,152)		
										, -=,		

		Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds									
	Water		Sewer	St	torm Water		n-Major Fund Solid Waste		Total	Se	Internal rvice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities											
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 8,498,821	\$	8,829,975	\$	3,503,098	\$	4,505,067	\$	25,336,961	\$	-
Receipts from interfund services provided	-		-		-		-		-		4,519,915
Other operating cash receipts	304,922		-		-		8,371		313,293		363,392
Payments to suppliers	(3,038,815)		(5,137,777)		(446,966)		(2,745,985)		(11,369,543)		(2,156,517
Payments to employees	(1,747,532)		(755,460)		(789,880)		(529,149)		(3,822,021)		(4,797,936
Net cash flows provided (used) by											
operating activities	4,017,396		2,936,738	_	2,266,252		1,238,304		10,458,690		(2,071,146
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities											
Transfers in	-		-		-		-		-		1,237,512
Transfers out	(640,674)		(890,145)		(326,112)		(226,557)		(2,083,488)		-
Property taxes	-		-		-		-		-		2,180,511
Intergovernmental receipts	29,682		-		-		176,626		206,308		456,483
Net cash flows provided (used) by											
noncapital financing activities	(610,992)		(890,145)		(326,112)		(49,931)		(1,877,180)		3,874,506
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities											
Transfers in	-		-		-		-		-		2,147,416
Transfers out	(36,854)		(36,854)		(36,854)		(36,854)		(147,416)		(500,000
Connection fees/special assessments received	692,913		136,469		-		-		829,382		-
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,675,287)		(957,650)		(1,333,737)		-		(3,966,674)		(878,229
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		-		-		-		-		154,218
Principal paid											
Bonds	(2,158,200)		(138,500)		(208,300)		-		(2,505,000)		-
Leases	-		-		-		-		-		(64,177
Interest paid											
Bonds	(708,894)		(54,574)		(63,040)		-		(826,508)		-
Leases					-		_		-		(4,108
Net cash flows provided (used) by											
capital and related financing activities	(3,886,322)		(1,051,109)		(1,641,931)		(36,854)		(6,616,216)		855,120
Cash flows from investing activities											
Investment income	25,708		(52,091)		(38,665)		(39,431)		(104,479)		(38,769
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(454,210)		943,393		259,544		1,112,088		1,860,815		2,619,711
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1	7,617,000		2,782,530		2,684,458		2,115,587		15,199,575		3,367,387
	\$ 7,162,790		3,725,923		2,944,002		3,227,675	\$	17,060,390		5,987,098

	Busi	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds								Governmental Activities		
								-Major Fund				Internal
		Water		Sewer	St	orm Water	S	olid Waste		Totals	Se	ervice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to												
net cash provided (used) by operating activities												
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,504,491	\$	2,875,349	\$	1,450,688	\$	788,456	\$	8,618,984	\$	(7,392,153)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)												
to net cash flows from operating activities												
Depreciation		1,006,406		203,551		745,530		-		1,955,487		2,072,692
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows												
Accounts receivable		15,414		(49,445)		(51,600)		(26,738)		(112,369)		12,717
Lease receivable		308,311		-		-		-		308,311		-
Special assessments		36,576		(92,176)		-		-		(55,600)		-
Prepaid items		10,038		2,673		9,788		9,313		31,812		61,679
Inventories		(7,623)		-		-		-		(7,623)		-
Deferred outflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-		(10,464,154)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows												
Accounts payable		17,471		(22,851)		57,183		461,288		513,091		722,284
Due to other governments		64,038		172		(466)		4,622		68,366		47,156
Contracts payable		(190,268)		10,540		39,441		-		(140,287)		-
Deposits payable		24,354		-		12,781		-		37,135		-
Accrued salaries payable		2,298		(1,361)		(2,413)		(520)		(1,996)		-
Unearned revenue		(346,910)		-		-		-		(346,910)		-
Accrued flex spending		-		-		-		-		-		6,838
Compensated absences payable		(36,883)		10,286		5,320		1,883		(19,394)		(80,972)
Other postemployment benefits		-		-		-		-		-		364,596
Net pension liability		-		-		-		-		-		36,288,553
Deferred inflows of resources		(390,317)				-		-	_	(390,317)	_	(23,710,382)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	4,017,396	\$	2,936,738	\$	2,266,252	\$	1,238,304	\$	10,458,690	\$	(2,071,146)
Noncash capital and related financing activities												
Amortization of bond premiums	\$	174,860	\$	16,470	\$	26,050	\$	-	\$	217,380	\$	-
Capital assets acquired via lease	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	202,736

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

Note 1

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota (the City) was incorporated in 1886 and operates a council-manager form of government under the "Home Rule Charter" concept according to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The governing body consists of a seven-member City Council elected by the voters of the City.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the City.

BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

The Economic Development Authority (EDA) is an entity legally separate from the City. However, for financial reporting purposes, the EDA is reported as if it were part of the City's operations because the members of the City Council serve as EDA Board Members and the City has the ability to access EDA resources. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the EDA.

The following funds are maintained by the EDA: *Debt Service Funds* –2008B General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds, and Hoigaard's 2010A & B TIF Notes; *Capital Project Funds* – Development EDA and Redevelopment District.

RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Housing Authority (HA) is an entity legally separate from the City. The HA is governed by a Board of Commissioners appointed by the City Council. However, the City's accountability for the HA does not extend beyond making the appointments.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or business-type activity is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or business-type activity. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or business-type activity and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or business-type activity. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental revenue, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Housing Rehabilitation Fund* is used to account for revenues from revenue bond fees and expenditures related to preventing deterioration of multi-unit housing.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

The COVID Fund accounts for the proceeds of Federal COVID relief funding.

Debt Service Fund account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the government.

The *Development EDA Fund* accounts for transactions related to redevelopment efforts in the City; financing is provided by investment income, grants, and developer reimbursements.

The *Redevelopment District Fund* accounts for transactions relative to acquisition and development in the City's tax increment redevelopment districts; financing is provided by the sale of general obligation tax increment bonds along with tax increment property tax payments.

The Streets Capital Project Fund accounts for street construction projects. Revenues are provided by the General Fund for maintenance expenditures or by the issuance of general obligation bonds.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water Fund* accounts for the provisions of water services to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the provisions of sewer services to residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collection.

The Storm Water Fund accounts for the revenue and expenses related to providing storm water to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, construction, maintenance, billing and collection.

The City reports the following non-major enterprise funds:

The *Solid Waste Fund* accounts for the revenue and expense related to collection, disposal, and recycling of residential solid waste. Financing is provided by charging each property owner a predetermined service fee.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds account for employee benefits including postemployment benefits and pensions, insurance, capital replacement.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transactions that would be treated as revenues, expenditures or expenses if they involved external organizations, such as buying goods and services or payments in lieu of taxes, are similarly treated when they involve other funds of the City.

Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water, sewer, solid waste and storm water enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, and the following special revenue funds: Housing Rehabilitation, Cable Television, Community Development, Special Services Districts, Affordable Housing Trust and Climate Investment Funds.

Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the appropriation, is not employed by the City because it is as present not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash management.

E. LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The City Council reviews the proposed budget and makes appropriate changes.
- 3. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

- 4. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution on a departmental/divisional basis and can be expended by each department based upon detailed budget estimates for individual expenditure accounts in accordance with the provisions of Section 6.05 of the City Charter.
- 5. After the budget resolution is approved, the City Council can increase the budget only by resolution if actual receipts exceed the estimated, or from accumulated fund balance in the amount of unexpended appropriations from the previous fiscal year.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 7. Legal debt obligation indentures determine the appropriation level and debt service tax levies for the Debt Service Funds. Supplementary budgets are adopted for the Proprietary Funds to determine and calculate user charges. These debt service and budget amounts represent general obligation bond indenture provisions and net income for operation and capital maintenance and are not reflected in the financial statements.
- 8. A capital improvement program is reviewed annually by the City Council for the Capital Project Funds. However, appropriations for major projects are not adopted until the actual bid award of the improvement. The appropriations are not reflected in the financial statements.
- 9. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the total fund level. The City Council must approve all expenditures at fund level either by resolution or through the disbursement process. The Housing Rehabilitation Fund's expenditures exceeded appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- 10. Monitoring of budgets is maintained at the expenditure category level (i.e., personal services, supplies, and other services and charges, and capital outlay) within each program. Management can exceed appropriations at the department level without City Council approval. Approval must be received for exceeding budgeted appropriations at the fund level.
- 11. The City Council may authorize transfer of budgeted amounts between City funds.

F. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investment balances from all funds are pooled and invested to the extent available in authorized investments. Investment income is allocated to individual funds on the basis of average monthly cash balances. The City's investment policy dictates that the General fund is to receive the first three percent of all interest earnings as an administrative fee. The administrative fee does not apply to the Economic Development Authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Investments are stated at fair value, based upon quoted market prices, except for investments in 2a7-like external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Investment income is accrued at the balance sheet date.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. All of the cash and investments allocated to the Proprietary Fund types have original maturities of 90 days or less. Therefore the entire balance in such fund types is considered cash equivalents.

It is the City's policy to invest in a manner that seeks to ensure preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. Safety of principal is the foremost objective, but liquidity and yield are also important considerations. The objective will be to mitigate credit risk by purchasing only highly rated securities with adequate collateral and interest rate risk by matching maturities to cash flow needs and holding securities to maturity.

G. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes and special assessment receivables have been reported net of estimated uncollectible accounts (See Note 1 I and J). The City annually certifies delinquent water and sewer accounts to the County for collection in the following year. Because utility bills are considered liens on property, no estimated uncollectible amounts are established. Uncollectible amounts are not material for other receivables and have not been reported.

H. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "interfund loan receivable/payable" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

I. PROPERTY TAX REVENUE RECOGNITION

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in December (levy/assessment date) of each year for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the City, the local School District and other taxing authorities. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the City at that date. Real property taxes are payable (by property owners) on May 15 and October 15 of each calendar year. Personal property taxes are payable by taxpayers on February 28 and June 30 of each year. These taxes are collected by the County and remitted to the City on or before July 7 and December 2 of the same year. Delinquent collections for November and December are received the following January. The City has no ability to enforce payment of property taxes by property owners. The County possesses this authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

The City recognizes property tax revenue when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. In practice, current and delinquent taxes and State credits received by the City in July, December and January are recognized as revenue for the current year. Taxes collected by the County by December 31 (remitted to the City the following January) and taxes and credits not received at year end are classified as delinquent and due from County taxes receivable. The portion of delinquent taxes not collected by the City in January is fully offset by deferred inflow of resources because they are not available to finance current expenditures.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City recognizes property tax revenue in the period for which the taxes were levied. Uncollectible property taxes are not material and have not been reported.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's property tax revenue includes payment from the Metropolitan Revenue Distribution (Fiscal Disparities Formula) per Minnesota Statute 473F. This statute provides a means of spreading a portion of the taxable valuation of commercial/industrial real property to various taxing authorities within the defined metropolitan area. The valuation "shared" is a portion of commercial/industrial property valuation growth since 1971. Property taxes paid to the City through this formula for December 31, 2022 totaled \$2,803,823. Receipt of property taxes from this "fiscal disparities pool" does not increase or decrease total tax revenue.

J. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUE RECOGNITION

Special assessments are levied against benefited properties for the cost or a portion of the cost of special assessment improvement projects in accordance with State Statutes. These assessments are collectible by the City over a term of years usually consistent with the term of the related bond issue. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County Auditor in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to (and often do) prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

Once a special assessment roll is adopted, the amount attributed to each parcel is a lien upon that property until full payment is made or the amount is determined to be excessive by the City Council or court action. If special assessments are allowed to go delinquent, the property is subject to tax forfeit sale and the first proceeds of that sale (after costs, penalties and expenses of sale) are remitted to the City in payment of delinquent special assessments. Pursuant to State Statutes, a property shall be subject to a tax forfeit sale after three years unless it is homesteaded, agricultural or seasonal recreational land in which event the property is subject to such sale after five years.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City recognizes special assessment revenue in the period that the assessment roll was adopted by the City Council. Uncollectible special assessments are not material and have not been reported.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Revenue from special assessments is recognized by the City when it becomes measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. In practice, current and delinquent special assessments received by the City are recognized as revenue for the current year. Special assessments that are collected by the County by December 31 (remitted to the City the following January) and are also recognized as revenue for the current year. All remaining delinquent, deferred and special deferred assessments receivable in governmental funding are completely offset by deferred inflow of resources.

K. INVENTORIES

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first out (FIFO) method. Inventory consists mainly of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of the governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

L. PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

M. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible assets such as easements and computer software, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of three years and an initial individual cost of more than the following:

Capitalizat	ion Threshold
Land	All
Buildings	\$5,000
Other Improvements	\$25,000
Machinery and equipment	\$10,000
Vehicles	\$10,000
Infrastructure	\$250,000
Other assets	\$5,000
Construction in progress	Accumulate all costs and
	capitalize if over \$100,000
	when completed

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and structures	5 – 30 years
Improvements other than buildings	5 – 30 years
Infrastructure	5 – 100 years
Machinery, furniture and equipment (including	3 – 30 years
software)	
Fleet	3 – 25 years
Temporary easements	3 – 5 years

Capital assets of the water utility and sewer utility operations include the water distribution system and sewer collection system. These systems have been wholly (or substantially) financed by non-operating funds (special assessments, general taxes, federal and state grants, and other sources) and contribution to the Water and Sewer operating funds. City policy is to finance these assets by the sources indicated rather than by user charges.

Accordingly, the water and sewer user rates are not established at levels sufficient to cover depreciation on these assets.

The City implemented GASB 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets effective January 1, 2010, which required the City to capitalize and amortize intangible assets. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 51, the retroactive reporting of permanent easements is not required and therefore, the City has elected not to report permanent easements acquired in years prior to 2010.

N. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick pay and flex leave benefits. No liability is recorded for unpaid accumulated sick leave, except for that portion that is payable as severance. All liabilities for vacation leave, flex leave and severance, both current and long-term, are recorded in the Employee Benefits Fund, an Internal Service Fund for governmental funds, and in the individual enterprise funds when incurred. The personnel ordinance limits the annual accumulation of benefits that can be accumulated from year-to-year. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

O. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

P. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - consists of amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned - consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints reflect the specific purpose for which it is the City's intended use. These constraints are established by the City Council and/or management. Pursuant to City Council Resolution, the City's Chief Financial Officer and/or City Manager is authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.

Unassigned - is the residual classification for the general fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to first use restricted resources, then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use resources in the following order; 1) committed 2) assigned and 3) unassigned.

Q. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Interfund loans are reported as an interfund loan receivable or payable which offsets the movement of cash between funds. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

R. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

S. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows. Net position is displayed in three components.

- a) Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b) Restricted net position consist of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

T. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

U. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has lease and pension related deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position. The government also has a type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from the following sources: property taxes, special assessments, bond reimbursement payments not yet due and other miscellaneous unavailable revenue.

V. PENSION PLANS

COST SHARING MULTIPLE – EMPLOYER PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to and deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

W. LEASE RECEIVABLE

The City's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the commencement of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable, and is recognized as revenue over the lease term.

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. DEPOSITS

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks authorized by the City Council, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the City Treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

<u>Authorized collateral</u> – Minnesota Statute 118.A.03 identifies allowable forms of collateral.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - deposits</u> — Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Minnesota Statutes require that insurance, surety bonds or collateral protect all City deposits. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. The City has no additional deposit policies addressing custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2022, the bank balance of the City's deposits was \$2,560,063 all of which was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged and held in the City's name.

B. INVESTMENTS

Subject to rating, yield, maturity and issuer requirements as prescribed by statue, Minnesota Statutes 118A.04 and 118A.05 authorized the City to invest in United States securities, state and local securities, commercial paper, time deposits, temporary general obligation bonds, repurchase agreements, Minnesota joint powers investment trust and guaranteed investment contracts.

At December 31, 2022, the City had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)										
			Fair		Less						
Investment Type	Rating	Value			Than 1	1-5			6-10	11-15	
4M Fund	NR	\$	49,225,349	\$	49,225,349	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
4M Term Series	NR		5,000,000		5,000,000		-		-		-
Money Market Funds	NR		512,646		512,646		-		-		-
Certificates of Deposit	NR		7,688,763		5,000,000		2,688,763		-		-
Municipal Bonds	AA AAA		9,730,675		1,448,414		6,626,596		1,655,665		-
US Treasuries	AA+		22,243,342		4,996,104		17,247,238		-		-
US Agencies - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac	AA+		2,286,229		964,488		1,321,741		-		-
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	AA+		1,769,108		617,737		1,151,371			_	
Total		\$	98,456,112	\$	67,764,738	\$	29,035,709	\$	1,655,665	\$	
		Tot	al investments							\$	98,456,112
		Dep	oosits								1,068,105
		Cas	h on hand								13,140
		Total cash and investments									

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy has three levels. Level 1 investments are valued using inputs that are based on quoted market prices. Level 2 investments are valued using inputs that are based on matrix pricing models. Level 3 investments are valued using inputs that are unobservable.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022:

			 Fair	· Value Measurement Using							
Investment Type	1	12/31/2022	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3				
Investments at fair value:											
Certificates of Deposit	\$	7,688,763	\$ -	\$	7,688,763	\$	-				
Municipal Bonds		9,730,675	-		9,730,675		-				
US Treasury		22,243,342	-		22,243,342		-				
Federal National Mortgage Association		2,286,229	-		2,286,229		-				
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes		1,769,108	 -		1,769,108						
Total/Subtotal		43,718,117	\$ 	\$	43,718,117	\$					
Investments not categorized:											
External investment pool - 4M Fund		49,225,349									
Money market funds		512,646									
Term Series		5,000,000									
Total	\$	98,456,112									

The City's external investment pool investment is with the 4M Fund which is regulated by Minnesota Statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities. The 4M Fund is an unrated pool and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares. The pool is managed to maintain a portfolio weighted average maturity of no greater than 60 days and seeks to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) per share of \$1. The pool measures their investments in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, at amortized cost.

The 4M Liquid Asset Fund has no redemption requirements. The 4M Plus Fund requires funds to be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period are subject to a penalty equal to 7 days interest on the amount withdrawn. The 4M Term Series investments are designed to be held to maturity. Withdrawal prior to maturity require 7 days notice of redemption and are subject to penalties.

C. INVESTMENT RISKS

<u>Custodial credit risk – investments</u> – For investments in securities, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments in investment pools and money markets are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form, and therefore are not subject to custodial credit risk disclosures. The City's investment policy requires the City's security broker/dealers to provide its audited financial statements, proof of NASD certification, proof of state registration, and certification of having read, understood and agreed to comply with the City's investment policy. Investments in securities are held by the City's broker-dealer of which \$500,000 is insured through SIPC. Each broker-dealer has provided additional protection by providing additional insurance. This insurance is subject to aggregate limits applied to all of the broker-dealers accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments could adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy states the investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating and capital requirements that might be reasonably anticipated. The maximum maturity of investments shall not extend beyond five years, unless related to specific cash flow needs.

<u>Credit risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. State law limits investments to commercial paper to those rated in the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies; in any security of the State of Minnesota or any of its municipalities which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service for general obligation and rated "AA" or better for a revenue obligation; a general obligation of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to those rated "A" or better by a national bond rating agency; mutual funds or money market funds whose investments are restricted to securities described in MS 118A.04. The City's investment policy does not place further restrictions on investment options.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u> – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy states no more than 50% of its investment portfolio can be invested in municipal bonds or MHFA securities. Investments in a single issuer exceeding 5% of the City's overall cash and investment portfolio are in various holdings as follows:

US Treasuries 22.59%

Note 3 RECEIVABLES

A. LOANS RECEIVABLE

The City has made loans to local businesses and individuals that qualify for various loan programs. The businesses and individuals pay varying installments on the loans. Depending on the loan program, some of the loans are secured by an interest in the property.

Also, some of the loans are forgivable after 30 years if certain criteria are met. As of December 31, 2022, any forgiveness of loans would not occur for another 20-30 years. At this time, information is not available to develop an estimate for any loans which may be forgiven. Therefore, no allowance has been recorded. As loan maturity dates approach, the City will evaluate whether an allowance for forgivable loans should be recorded in the financial statements.

As of December 31, 2022, the loans receivable balance was \$9,836,863.

Significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Loans Receivable	Special Assessments Receivable	Property Taxes		Interfund Loans Receivable		Pledges Receivable	Total
Major Funds:								
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$	326,555	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 326,555
Housing Rehabilitation Fund	3,760,505	8,531,316		-		-	-	12,291,821
Debt Service Funds	1,295,000	-		-		-	-	1,295,000
Development EDA Fund	2,674,149	-		-	3,774,15	0	-	6,448,299
Redevelopment District Fund	794,470	-		-		-	-	794,470
Water Fund	-	70,987		-		-	-	70,987
Sewer Fund	-	298,865		-		-	-	298,865
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	509,189	529,208		11,000	800,00	0	750,000	2,599,397
Total	\$ 9,033,313	\$ 9,430,376	\$	337,555	\$ 4,574,15	0	\$ 750,000	\$ 24,125,394

Note 4 UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	U	navailable
Delinquent property taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$	407,938
Delinquent property taxes receivable (Nonmajor Funds)		13,742
Special assessments not yet due (Housing Rehabilitation Fund)		9,502,340
Special assessments not yet due (Nonmajor Funds)		904,297
Bond reimbursement payments not yet due (Debt Service Funds)		1,345,000
Due from other governments (General Fund)		160,618
Due from other governments (Streets Capital Projects Fund)		652,002
Due from other governments (Nonmajor Funds)		-
Other miscellaneous (Development EDA Fund)		94,471
Other miscellaneous (Redevelopment District Fund)		151,464
Other miscellaneous (Nonmajor Funds)		971,197
Total unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$ 1	14,203,069

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Transfers		 Ending Balance
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	17,255,135	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 17,255,135
Infrastructure - streets		26,011,544		-		-		(26,011,544)	-
Permanent easements		1,441,876		-		-		-	1,441,876
Construction in progress		11,329,995		1,921,783		6,552,954		-	 6,698,824
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		56,038,550		1,921,783		6,552,954		(26,011,544)	\$25,395,835
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and structures		69,590,291		470,247		-		-	70,060,538
Improvements other than buildings		45,989,246		7,239,849		-		-	53,229,095
Infrastructure		41,646,195		327,274		-		26,011,544	67,985,013
Machinery, furniture and equipment		13,738,772		719,390		330,678		-	14,127,484
Fleet		10,867,210		280,724		530,754		-	10,617,180
Total capital assets, being depreciated		181,831,714		9,037,484		861,432		26,011,544	 216,019,310
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and structures		20,727,988		1,687,265		-		-	22,415,253
Improvements other than buildings		21,234,820		1,848,857		-		-	23,083,677
Infrastructure		22,300,423		1,100,812		-		-	23,401,235
Machinery, furniture and equipment		8,453,599		836,227		144,286		-	9,145,540
Fleet		6,512,441		969,330		344,730		-	7,137,041
Total accumulated depreciation		79,229,271		6,442,491		489,016			85,182,746
Total capital assets being depreciated - net		102,602,443		2,594,993		372,416	_	26,011,544	 130,836,564
Governmental activities capital assets - net	\$	158,640,993	\$	4,516,776	\$	6,925,370	\$	-	\$ 156,232,399

<u>Change in estimate</u> – for the year ended December 31, 2022, the City changed from the modified approach for infrastructure to the depreciation method. Infrastructure assets previously accounted for under the modified approach will be depreciated over the remaining useful life of the assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Business-type activities:	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	 Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	515,082	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 515,082
Construction in progress		3,427,622		3,807,190	 1,995,671	5,239,141
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		3,942,704		3,807,190	1,995,671	5,754,223
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and structures		5,088,651		-	-	5,088,651
Improvements other than buildings		10,003,517		-	-	10,003,517
Infrastructure		75,422,211		2,082,833	-	77,505,044
Machinery, furniture and equipment		9,127,132		72,325	-	9,199,457
Total capital assets, being depreciated		99,641,511		2,155,158	-	101,796,669
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and structures		4,610,765		36,137	-	4,646,902
Improvements other than buildings		4,598,977		393,316	-	4,992,293
Infrastructure		33,955,744		1,195,946	-	35,151,690
Machinery, furniture and equipment		5,028,081		330,088	-	5,358,169
Total accumulated depreciation		48,193,567		1,955,487	-	50,149,054
Total capital assets being depreciated - net		51,447,944		199,671	-	51,647,615
Business-type activities capital assets - net	\$	55,390,648	\$	4,006,861	\$ 1,995,671	\$ 57,401,838

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government
Public safety
Operations and respection

Total depreciation expense - business-type activities

Governmental activities:

446,203 2,332,416 Operations and recreation **Public information** 1,415,055 Social and economic development 130,009 Internal service 2,009,080 \$ Total depreciation expense - governmental activities 6,442,491 Business-type activities: Water \$ 1,006,406 Sewer 203,551 Storm water 745,530

\$

\$

109,728

1,955,487

Note 6 CITY INDEBTEDNESS

The City issues general obligation bonds, to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The reporting entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

As of December 31, 2022, long-term debt of the City consisted of the following:

		Final		Authorized	
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	And	Outstanding
	Date	Date	Rates	Issued	12/31/2022
Governmental Activities:					
General Long-Term Debt:					
General Improvement Bonds:					
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2014A	12/18/2014	2/1/2026	2.00%	\$ 5,070,000	\$ 2,150,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2016A	7/14/2016	2/1/2027	1.375 - 2.375%	10,000,000	5,580,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2017A	7/13/2017	2/1/2028	2.125 - 3.00%	3,430,000	2,175,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2018A	6/14/2018	2/1/2033	3.00 - 4.00%	2,020,000	1,490,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2019A	4/10/2019	2/1/2035	2.00 - 4.00%	22,220,000	21,290,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2019B	11/26/2019	2/1/2032	3.00 - 5.00%	7,585,000	6,630,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2020A	11/10/2020	2/1/2042	2.00 - 4.00%	10,505,000	10,505,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2021A	4/15/2021	2/1/2038	1.15 - 2.00%	12,385,000	12,385,000
Total General Improvement Bonds				73,215,000	62,205,000
Tax Increment Bonds:					
Tax Increment Refunding Bonds Series 2008B	12/1/2008	2/1/2024	3.25 - 4.625%	5,490,000	1,105,000
G.O. Special Assessment Bonds:					
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2012A HIA	10/17/2012	2/1/2033	0.75 - 3.90%	1,290,000	795,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2019C HIA	11/26/2019	2/1/2028	2.00 - 2.20%	2,200,000	1,495,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2022B	9/7/2022	2/1/2043	3.5 - 4.25%	4,900,000	4,900,000
Total G.O. Special Assessment Bonds				8,390,000	7,190,000
G.O. Revenue bonds:					
G.O. Improvement Refunding Bonds Series 2022A	6/21/2022	2/1/2037	3.8 - 4.125%	1,345,000	1,345,000
Total G.O. Revenue Bonds				1,345,000	1,345,000
Issuance premiums (discounts)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,108,098
Total - bonded indebtedness				88,440,000	74,953,098
Compensated absences payable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,204,891
Lease liability	N/A	N/A	.31 - 7.28%	N/A	140,862
Net pension liability - GERF	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	18,905,119
Net pension liability - PEPFF	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	33,489,952
Total - net pension liability				N/A	52,395,071
Other post employment benefits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6,115,937
Total governmental activities				88,440,000	137,809,859

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

usiness-Type Activities: General Obligation Revenue Bonds:					
Utility Crossover Refunding Bonds Series 2013A	6/17/2013	8/1/2023	1.00 - 1.90%	4,170,000	285,000
Utility Revenue Bonds Series 2014A	12/18/2014	2/1/2026	2.00%	4,930,000	2,090,000
Utility G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2017A	7/13/2017	2/1/2033	2.125 - 3.00%	4,985,000	3,860,000
Utility Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2017A	7/13/2017	2/1/2025	2.125 - 3.00%	1,485,000	600,000
Utility G.O. Revenue Bonds Series 2018A	6/14/2018	2/1/2033	3.00 - 4.00%	6,780,000	5,255,000
Utility G.O. Revenue Bonds Series 2019B	11/26/2019	2/1/3030	3.00 - 5.00%	7,520,000	6,330,000
Utility G.O. Revenue Bonds Series 2020B	11/10/2020	2/1/2036	2.00 - 4.00%	5,035,000	4,810,000
Total General Obligation Revenue Bonds				34,905,000	23,230,000
Issuance premiums (discounts)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,759,686
Total - bonded indebtedness				34,905,000	24,989,686
Compensated absences payable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	222,660
Total business-type activities				34,905,000	25,212,34
Total long-term liabilities				\$ 123,345,000	\$ 163,022,205

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the governmental activities long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Improvement B	onds	G.O. Tax Increi	ment Bonds	G.O. Sp. Ase	ess. Bonds	G.O. Revenu	ue Bonds	
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$4,045,000	\$1,655,543	\$535,000	\$38,400	\$320,000	\$53,913	\$50,000	\$69,048	
2024	4,925,000	1,517,583	570,000	13,181	425,000	46,920	50,000	66,823	
2025	5,085,000	1,381,030	-	-	515,000	39,585	55,000	64,433	
2026	5,225,000	1,247,230	-	-	525,000	32,085	55,000	61,875	
2027	4,965,000	1,103,933	-	-	545,000	24,200	60,000	59,143	
2028	5,105,000	937,355	-	-	395,000	17,558	60,000	56,233	
2029	4,900,000	766,749	-	-	280,000	13,718	65,000	53,138	
2030	4,825,000	616,899	-	-	290,000	11,036	65,000	49,855	
2031	4,330,000	492,646	-	-	300,000	8,130	70,000	46,378	
2032	4,430,000	387,569	-	-	315,000	4,973	75,000	42,589	
2033	3,255,000	297,547	-	-	320,000	1,658	75,000	38,633	
2034	3,020,000	220,263	-	-	245,000	-	80,000	34,505	
2035	3,100,000	140,913	-	-	255,000	-	85,000	30,070	
2036	1,020,000	90,300	-	-	265,000	-	90,000	25,323	
2037	1,040,000	69,700	-	-	275,000	-	95,000	20,258	
2038	1,060,000	48,700	-	-	290,000	-	100,000	14,870	
2039	455,000	33,550	-	-	300,000	-	105,000	9,155	
2040	465,000	24,350	-	-	310,000	-	110,000	3,108	
2041	475,000	14,950	-	-	325,000	-	-	-	
2042	480,000	5,100	-	-	340,000	-	-	-	
2043	<u> </u>				355,000				
Total	\$ 62,205,000	\$ 11,051,910	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 51,581	\$ 7,190,000	\$ 253,776	\$ 1,345,000	\$ 745,437	

It is not practicable to determine the specific year for payment of long-term accrued compensated absences.

December 31, 2022

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the business-type long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Revenue Bonds						
December 31	Principal	Interest					
2023	2,630,000	736,665					
2024	2,430,000	651,250					
2025	2,515,000	567,925					
2026	2,385,000	477,475					
2027	1,920,000	396,138					
2028	1,995,000	320,563					
2029	2,080,000	241,075					
2030	2,160,000	167,013					
2031	1,265,000	114,775					
2032	1,310,000	78,050					
2033	1,335,000	42,200					
2034	395,000	20,150					
2035	400,000	12,200					
2036	410,000	4,100					
Total	\$ 23,230,000	\$ 3,829,579					

It is not practicable to determine the specific year for payment of long-term accrued compensated absences.

December 31, 2022

CHANGE IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance Additions		Additions	Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:									
Bonds payable:									
G.O. improvement bonds	\$ 65,525,000	\$	-	\$	3,320,000	\$	62,205,000	\$	4,045,000
G.O. tax increment bonds	1,615,000		-		510,000		1,105,000		535,000
G.O. special assessment bonds	2,610,000		4,900,000		320,000		7,190,000		320,000
G.O. revenue bonds	1,390,000		1,345,000		1,390,000		1,345,000		85,000
Add:									
Premiums on bonds	3,367,465		36,282		287,300		3,116,447		-
Discounts on bonds	(29,931)		-		(21,582)		(8,349)		-
Total bonds payable	74,477,534		\$6,281,282		\$5,805,718		\$74,953,098		\$4,985,000
Compensated absences	4,285,863		2,645,084		2,726,056		4,204,891		2,823,293
Total governmental activity									
long-term debt	\$ 78,763,397	\$	8,926,366	\$	8,531,774	\$	79,157,989	\$	7,808,293
Business-type activities:									
Bonds payable:									
G.O. revenue bonds	\$ 25,735,000	\$	-	\$	2,505,000	\$	23,230,000	\$	2,630,000
Add:									
Premiums on bonds	1,977,066		-		217,380		1,759,686		-
Total bonds payable	27,712,066		-	•	2,722,380		24,989,686		2,630,000
Compensated absences	242,054		182,846		202,240		222,660		183,771
Total business-type activity	 	-							
long-term debt	\$ 27,954,120	\$	182,846	\$	2,924,620	\$	25,212,346	\$	2,813,771

For governmental activities, compensated absences are paid out of the Employee benefits internal service fund.

\$1,345,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2022A

On September 7th 2022, the City issued the Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022A to refund the Taxable General Obligation Housing Improvement Bonds, Series 2010C.

Bond proceeds of \$1,345,000 were used for early redemption of the Series 2010C bonds. The City refunded the bonds to reduce its total interest payments by \$303,857 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$167,978.

\$4,900,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, SERIES 2022B

On September 7, 2022, the City Issued Taxable General Obligation Housing improvement Area bonds in the amount of \$4,900,000 to finance private housing improvements. The G.O Bonds will have a term of 21 years, with an interest rate between 3.5% - 4.25%, and will be repaid with property tax levies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

REVENUE PLEDGED

Future revenue pledged for the payment of long-term debt is as follows:

		R	evenue Pledge	ed			Curi	rent Year
			Percent of	Debt service		Remaining	Principal	Pledged
	Use of		total	as a % of	Pledged	Principal	and Interest	Revenue
Bond Issue	Proceeds	Type	debt service	net revenues	Through	and Interest	paid	received
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2012A	Housing Improvement Area	Fee	100%	99%	2033	962,666	87,577	87,424
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2010A / Refunding 2019C	Housing Improvement Area	Fee	100%	100%	2028	1,581,107	293,035	272,959
Tax Increment Refunding Bonds Series 2008B	Street Improvements	TIF	100%	100%	2024	1,156,581	571,913	571,913
G.O. Improvement Refunding Bonds Series 2010C	Louisiana Court Project	Operating revenues of Louisiana Court	100%	90%	2040	-	1,453,310	-
Utility Crossover Refunding Bonds Series 2013A	Utility Infrastructure Projects	Utility charges	100%	100%	2023	290,455	290,455	290,455
Utility Revenue Bonds Series 2014A	Utility Infrastructure Projects	Utility charges	100%	100%	2026	2,174,800	541,750	541,750
Utility Revenue Bonds Series 2017A	Utility Infrastructure Projects	Utility charges	100%	100%	2033	4,472,338	406,000	406,000
Utility Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2017A	Utility Infrastructure Projects	Utility charges	100%	100%	2025	627,300	205,775	205,775
Utility Revenue Bonds Series 2018A	Utility Infrastructure Projects	Utility charges	100%	100%	2033	6,209,300	567,200	567,200
Utility Revenue Bonds Series 2019B	Utility Infrastructure Projects	Utility charges	100%	100%	2030	7,511,450	939,700	939,700
G.O. Bonds Series 2020A - Utility portion	Utility Infrastructure Projects	Utility charges	100%	n/a	2036	5,773,975	378,850	378,850
G.O. Bonds Series 2020A - Levy portion	Bikeway, Bridge, Pavement Management	Tax Levy	100%	n/a	2042	13,494,208	311,492	856,958
G.O. Bonds Series 2021A	Park Improvements, Louisiana Bridge, Wooddale Bikeway, Pavement Management	Tax Levy	100%	n/a	2038	14,344,116	-	352,766
2022A G.O. Refunding Bonds	Louisiana Court Project	Operating revenues of Louisiana Court	100%	n/a	2037	1,786,580	-	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Note 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time (with the exception of employees covered by PEPFF) and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF)

The PEPFF, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFF also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to local relief associations that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. BENEFITS PROVIDED

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989 receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% for each of the first ten years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024 or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. PEPFF Benefits

Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2010 but before July 1, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Benefits for PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50% after ten years up to 100% after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. For PEPFF members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. CONTRIBUTIONS

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

1. GERF Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2022 and the City was required to contribute 7.5% for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the GERF for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$1,366,394. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

2. PEPFF Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2022 and the City was required to contribute 17.70% for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$1,700,317. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. PENSIONS COST

1. GERF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$18,905,119 for its proportionate share of GERF's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$554,246. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.2387% at the end of the measurement period and 0.2397% for the beginning of the period.

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net	\$ 18,905,119
pension liability associated with the City	554,246
Total	\$ 19,459,365

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,612,669 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$82,817 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the GERF.

At December 31, 2022, the City reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of	Resources	
Differences between expected and	·			_	
actual economic experience	\$	157,910	\$	201,914	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		4,278,571		76,730	
Net collective between projected and					
actual investment earnings		326,935		-	
Changes in proportion		90,061		43,602	
Contributions paid to PERA					
subsequent to the measurement date		738,698		-	
				_	
Total	\$	5,592,175	\$	322,246	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	

The \$738,698 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pension
December 31,	Expense
2023	\$ 1,692,811
2024	1,745,733
2025	(616,999)
2026	1,709,686
2027	-
Thereafter	-

2. PEPFF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$33,489,952 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.7696% at the end of the measurement period and 0.7605% for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota also contributed \$18 million to PEPFF during the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The direct state aid was paid on October 1, 2021. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the PEPFF until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90% funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90% funded, whichever occurs later.

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the PEPFF Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. PEPFF employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,521,463 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City recognized an additional \$283,817 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$9 million to the PEPFF.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$69,263 for the year ended December 31, 2022 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's onbehalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

At December 31, 2022, the City reported its proportionate share of the PEPFF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
	of	Resources	of I	Resources
Differences between expected and		_		_
actual economic experience	\$	2,046,559	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		19,713,994		202,791
Net collective between projected and				
actual investment earnings		452,702		-
Changes in proportion		713,873		123,765
Contributions paid to PERA				
subsequent to the measurement date		932,038		
		_		<u> </u>
Total	\$	23,859,166	\$	326,556

The \$932,038 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as outflows:

Year Ended	Pension
December 31,	Expense
2023	\$ 4,727,437
2024	4,351,367
2025	3,795,771
2026	6,922,311
2027	2,803,686
Thereafter	-

The net pension liability will be liquidated by the Employee Benefits, Internal Service fund.

E. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.25% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

The long-term investment rate of return is based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.50% was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the GERF. The PEPFF benefit increase is fixed at 1.00% per year and that increase was used in the valuation.

Salary growth assumptions in the GERF range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 27 years of service. In the PEPFF, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75% after one year of service to 3.0% after 24 years of service.

Mortality rates for GERF were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for PEPFF were based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for GERF are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for GERF was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and become effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience study for PEPFF was completed in 2020 and adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2022:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The single discount rate was changed from 6.50% to 5.4% for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2020 to MN-2021.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	33.5%	5.10%
International equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed income	25%	0.75%
Private markets	25%	5.90%
Total	100%	-

F. DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate for GERF used to measure the total pension liability in 2022 was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

In the PEPFF, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2060. Beginning in fiscal year ended June 30, 2061, projected benefit payments exceed the funds' projected fiduciary net position. Benefit payments projected after were discounted at the municipal bond rate of 3.69% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The resulting equivalent single discount rate of 5.40% for the PEPFF was determined to give approximately the same present value of projected benefits when applied to all years of projected benefits as the present value of projected benefits using 6.5% applied to all years of projected benefits through the point of asset depletion and 3.69% thereafter.

G. PENSION LIABILITY SENSITIVITY

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease in			19	% Increase in
	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
City's Proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$	29,861,625	\$	18,905,119	\$	9,919,093
City's Proportionate share of the PEPFF net pension liability	\$	50,682,747	\$	33,489,952	\$	19,590,607

The net pension liability is generally liquidated by the Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund.

H. PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at www.mnpera.org.

I. PENSION EXPENSE

Pension expense recognized by the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

GERF	\$ 2,612,669
PEPFF	 2,521,463
Total	\$ 5,134,132

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

Note 8 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Four council members of the City of St. Louis Park, Minnesota, are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (PEDCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The PEDCP is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353D.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5% of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2% of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of 1% (.0025) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Total contributions made by the City during fiscal year 2022 were:

Contribution Amount			unt	Percentage of (Required	
•		Em	ployer		_	
Em	nployee	(Pensi	on Expense)	Employee	Employer	Rate
\$	3,378	\$	3,378	5%	5%	5%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Note 9 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in Notes 7 and 8, the City provides post-employment health care benefits, as defined in paragraph B, through its group health insurance plan (the plan). The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. The authority to provide these benefits is established in Minnesota Statutes Sections 471.61 Subd. 2a and 299A.465. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and collective bargaining agreements with employee groups. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

B. BENEFITS PROVIDED

The City is required by State Statute to allow retirees to continue participation in the City's group health insurance plan if the individual terminates service with the City through service retirement or disability retirement. Police officers, police, sergeants, police lieutenants, dispatchers, and firefighters age 50 and over with 3 years of service, or age 65 with 1 year of service, may continue medical and dental coverage at their own expense. Non-union and 49ers union employees age 55 with 3 years of service, age 65 with 1 year of service, any age with 30 years of service, or those whose age plus service is at least 90 may continue medical and dental coverage at their own expense. Employees may obtain dependent coverage at retirement only if the employee was receiving dependent coverage immediately prior to retirement. The surviving spouse of an active employee may continue coverage in the group health insurance plan after the employee's death.

All health care coverage is provided through the City's group health insurance plans. The retiree is required to pay 100% of their premium cost for the City-sponsored group health insurance plan in which they participate. The premium is a blended rate determined on the entire active and retiree population. Since the projected claims costs for retirees exceed the blended premium paid by retirees, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy (benefit). The coverage levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Upon a retiree reaching age 65, Medicare becomes the primary insurer.

C. PARTICIPANTS

As of the December 31, 2020 valuation date, participants of the plan consisted of:

Active employees electing coverage	273
Active employees waiving coverage	3
Retirees electing coverage	20
Total	296

D. TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The City's total OPEB liability of \$5,751,341 was measured at December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. Changes in the total OPEB liability during 2022 were:

Changes for the year:	
Service cost	\$ 369,731
Interest cost	120,277
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(4,674)
Changes in assumptions	93,700
Benefit payments	 (214,438)
Net changes	364,596
Balance - beginning of year	 5,751,341
Balance - end of year	\$ 6,115,937

There were no plan changes since the measurement date of December 31, 2021.

E. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND OTHER INPUTS

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate	2.25%
Salary increases	Based on most recently disclosed
	assumptions for the pension plan in
	which the employee participates
Discount rate	1.84%
Index rate for 20-year tax-exempt muncipal bonds	1.84%
Healthcare trend rates	6.30% in 2021 gradually decreasing
	over several decades to an ultimate rate
	of 3.80% in 2075 and later years
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	100%

Since the plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, both the discount rate and the investment rate of return were based on published rate information for 20-year, tax exempt, municipal bonds as of the measurement date. (Fidelity 20-year Municipal GO AA Index)

Mortality rates for general employees were based on Pub-2010 general mortality tables with projected mortality improvements based on scale MP-2019, and other adjustments. Mortality rates for Police and Fire employees were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables with projected mortality improvements based on scale MP-2019, and other adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation are similar to those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota public employees. The state pension plans base their assumptions on periodic experience studies.

Changes in assumptions and other inputs since the prior measurement date reflect a decrease in the discount rate from 2.00% to 1.84%.

F. SENSITIVITY OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate of 1.84%:

	19	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1	% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	6,746,433	\$	6,115,937	\$	5,559,651

G. SENSITIVITY OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATES

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.30% decreasing to 2.80%) or 1% higher (7.30% decreasing to 4.80%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare						
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase					
Total OPFB liability	\$ 5.340.211	\$ 6.115.937	\$ 7.038.690					

H. OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized \$480,455 of OPEB expense. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual liability	\$ 1,088,666	\$	4,156	
Changes of assumption	347,495		90,606	
Contributions between the measurement				
date and reporting date	 127,955			
Total	\$ 1,564,116	\$	94,762	

\$127,955 of the deferred outflows of resources relates to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	OPEB			
December 31,	Expense			
2023	\$ 204,885			
2024	204,885			
2025	204,885			
2026	192,833			
2027	184,733			
Thereafter	349,178			
	\$1,341,399			

December 31, 2022

Note 10 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The City has established interfund loans to finance infrastructure improvements, project reimbursements, housing rehabilitation loans and to provide initial financing for TIF districts. A summary at December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund			
	Loan	Loan			
	Receivable	Payable			
Major Funds:					
Housing Rehabilitation	\$ -	\$ 800,000			
Development EDA	3,774,150	-			
Redevelopment District	-	4,774,150			
Non-Major Funds	1,800,000				
Total	\$ 5,574,150	\$ 5,574,150			

The City provides temporary advances to funds that have insufficient cash balances by means of an advance from another fund shown as due from other funds in the advancing fund, and a due to other fund in the fund with the deficit, until adequate resources are received. A summary at December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Due From			Due To
	Ot	her Funds	0	ther Funds
Major Funds:				
Development EDA	\$	305,688	\$	-
Streets Capital Projects		-		7,368,349
Housing Rehabiliation		147,436		-
Redevelopment District		5,169,833		7,644
Debt Service		-		147,436
Non-Major Funds		1,900,472		-
Total	\$	7,523,429	\$	7,523,429

Interfund transfers at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

		Transfers in										
Fund	G	Housing General Rehabilitati		Housing nabilitation	Debt Service		Internal Service Funds		Non-major			Totals
Transfers out:									_			
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,988,000	\$	300,000	\$	2,288,000
Housing Rehabilitation		9,488		-		360,201		-		-		369,689
Redevelopment District		-		-		962,581		-		1,216,559		2,179,140
COVID Fund		63,429		-		-		749,512		-		812,941
Nonmajor Governmental		50,933		397,133		-		-		-		448,066
Water		640,674		-		-		36,854		-		677,528
Sewer		890,145		-		-		36,854		-		926,999
Storm Water		326,112		-		-		36,854		-		362,966
Solid Waste		226,557						36,854			_	263,411
Total transfers in	\$	2,207,338	\$	397,133	\$	1,322,782	\$	2,884,928	\$	1,516,559	\$	8,328,740

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to a debt service fund in accordance with bond documents, (3) move funds in accordance with the City's adopted capital improvement plan to support project costs, and (4) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with City policy.

Note 11 LEASE DISCLOSURES

A. LESSOR LEASES

The City leases space on its water towers for cellular tower antenna sites. There are nine leases with terms ranging from 108 to 240 months, including up to four renewal periods of 60 months each at the lessee's option. The lease terms include options which the City considers the likelihood of being exercised to be greater than 50%. The agreements call for annual lease payments ranging from \$8,979 to \$69,643. The lease receivables are measured at the present value of future minimum lease payments expected to be received during the lease term at discount rates of 1.085% to 3.155%.

The City has a ground lease with a term of 142 months including two, 60 month extensions at the lessee's option. The agreement calls for annual payments of \$15,859. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of future minimum lease payments expected to be received during the lease term at a discount rate of .31%.

At December 31, 2022, the City recorded lease receivables of \$5,423,180 and deferred inflows for these arrangements of \$5,339,675. Lease related inflows of resources (revenue) recognized during the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$453,960 including interest revenue of \$46,786. There were no variable revenues associated with these agreements.

B. LESSEE LEASES

As of December 31, 2022, the City had eight outstanding vehicle leases. Each lease requires 60 monthly payments from commencement of the lease, ranging from \$386 to \$581. The lease liability is measured at discount rates ranging from .512% to 7.28%. The City also has three office equipment leases for various pieces of office equipment. The leases have terms of 20 to 58 months with no extension options. Each lease requires monthly payments of \$151 to \$1,841. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of .31%

As a result of the leases, the City has recorded right to use leased assets with a net book value of \$139,279 as of December 31, 2022.

Lease liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

Ве	eginning						Ending	Due	e Within
Balance*		alance* Additions Reductions		E	Balance	<u>Oı</u>	ne Year		
\$	160,065	\$	42,672	\$	61,875	\$	140,862	\$	54,733
			Balance* Ad	Balance* Additions	Balance* Additions Red	Balance* Additions Reductions	Balance* Additions Reductions E	Balance* Additions Reductions Balance	Balance* Additions Reductions Balance Or

Scheduled lease payments are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities							
Year Ending	Lease Liability							
December 31	Principal		Interest					
2023	\$ 54,733	\$	4,247					
2024	25,214		3,208					
2025	31,980		2,058					
2026	24,369		903					
2027	 4,566		168					
Total	\$ 140,862	\$	10,584					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Right to use leased asset activity is as follows:

	eginning salance*	Increases		Increases Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:						
Right to use leased assets being amortized:						
Fleet	\$ 103,693	\$	42,671	\$	-	\$ 146,364
Machinery, furniture and equipment	56,372		-		-	56,372
Total capital assets, being amortized	160,065		42,671		-	202,736
Less accumulated amortization for:						
Fleet	-		37,212		-	37,212
Machinery, furniture and equipment	-		26,245		-	26,245
Total accumulated depreciation			63,457			63,457
Total right to use leased assets being amortized - net	\$ 160,065	\$	(20,786)	\$	-	\$ 139,279

^{*}As discussed in Note 16, the City implemented GASB 87 for the year ended December 31, 2022. Implementation of the standard resulted in a restatement of beginning balances, however there was no net impact to overall beginning net position.

CITY OF ST. LOUIS PARK, MINNESOTANOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

Note 12 FUND BALANCE

A. CLASSIFICATIONS

At December 31, 2022, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

Fund/Description	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned
General Fund					
Prepaid items	\$84,898	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ -
Inventories	239,241	-	-	-	-
E-911 purposes	-	87,357	-	-	-
Inspections	-	-	-	550,000	-
DWI enforcement	-	-	-	204,322	-
Tax court petitions	-	-	-	500,000	-
Community survey	-	-	-	50,000	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	23,945,846
Housing Rehabilitation	-	217,519	-	6,349,642	-
COVID Fund	-	-	-	-	(76,598)
Debt service	-	6,553,029	-	-	(147,436)
Development EDA					
Economic development	3,100	-	245,535	-	-
Redevelopment efforts	-	-	-	18,310,948	-
Redevelopment districts	-	10,436,335	-	-	(2,547,002)
Streets Capital Projects					
Sidewalks and Trails	-	-	-	29,283	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	(8,112,281)
Other governmental funds					
Affordable housing	-	6,398,525	-	-	-
Capital improvements	-		-	3,399,065	-
Climate Investment	-	-	717,987	-	-
Community development	-	462,042	-	-	-
Opioid Settlement		-	83		-
Cable TV equipment purchases	-	262,668	1,155,292	711,159	-
Park Improvement		-		3,531,986	-
Police and fire purposes	-	1,231,490	-	-	-
Special service districts	-	-	-	215,439	-
Permanent Improvement				2,624,834	
Total	\$ 327,239	\$ 25,648,965	\$ 2,118,897	\$ 36,476,678	\$ 13,062,529

Unless separately displayed, constraints are not more specific than the purpose of the fund.

B. MINIMUM FUND BALANCE POLICY

The City Council has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General Fund.

The policy establishes a year-end target of unassigned fund balance amount for cash flow timing needs in the range of 40-50% of the subsequent years budget expenditures. At December 31, 2022, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was 51% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures.

Note 13 DEFICIT FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

At December 31, 2022, individual funds with deficit fund balance/net position are as follows:

	Amount		Future Financing Source		
Redevelopment District:					
Eliot Park TIF	\$	15,636	Future tax increment		
Ellipse TIF District		2,879	Future tax increment		
Victoria Ponds		1,732	Future tax increment		
Wolke Lake TIF District		391	Future tax increment		
Aquila Commons		4	Future tax increment		
Hard Coat TIF District		546	Future tax increment		
Shoreham TIF District		2,323	Future tax increment		
Bridgewater Bank TIF District		721,187	Future tax increment		
Wayzata Blvd TIF District		428	Future tax increment		
Rise on 7 TIF District		1,801,876	Future tax increment		
Debt Service Fund:					
2012A Taxable G.O. HIA Bond		345	Future assessment collections		
2019C G.O. HIA Refunding Bond		345	Future assessment collections		
Bridgewalk HIA Bond		146,746	Transfer from project fund		
COVID Fund		76,598	Future investment earnings		
Streets Capital Projects Fund:					
Streets Capital Projects		1,682,059	Future bonding/MSA reimbursement		
Sidewalks and Trails		318,544	Future transfer		
2023 MSA Street Project		142,887	MSA reimbursement		
W36th St/Wooddale Rehab		5,809,686	Future transfer		
2024 MSA Street Project		159,105	MSA reimbursement		
Internal Service Funds:			Future pension contributions		
Employee Benefits		32,194,209	and investment earnings		
Total	\$	43,077,526			

Note 14 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for risks of loss, including workers compensation, property and general liability and employee health and accident insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE

Property and casualty insurance coverage is provided through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for Minnesota cities: general liability, excess liability property, automobile, marine, crime, employee dishonesty, boiler and open meeting law.

The City pays an annual premium to the LMCIT for its insurance coverage. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of various amounts. The City retains risk for the deductible portions of the insurance policies. The deductible amounts are \$50,000 for each occurrence and a \$150,000 annual aggregate.

Current State Statute (Minnesota Statute subd. 466.04) provides limits of liability for the City. These limits are that the combination of defense expense and indemnification expense shall not exceed \$500,000 in the case of one claimant or \$1,500,000 for any number of claims arising out of a single occurrence.

B. LITIGATION

The City attorney has indicated that existing and pending lawsuits, claims and other actions in which the City is a defendant are either covered by insurance; of an immaterial amount; or, in the judgment of the City attorney, remotely recoverable by plaintiffs.

C. FEDERAL AND STATE FUNDS

The City receives financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2022.

D. TAX ABATEMENTS - PAY-AS-YOU-GO TAX INCREMENT

The City EDA provides tax abatements pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 469.174 to 469.1794 (Tax Increment Financing) through a pay-as-you-go note program. Tax increment financing (TIF) can be used to encourage private development, redevelopment, renovation and renewal, growth in low-to-moderate-income housing, and economic development within the City. TIF captures the increase in tax capacity and property taxes from development or redevelopment to provide funding for the related project.

The City has numerous tax increment pay-as-you-go agreements. The agreements are not a general obligation of the City and are payable solely from available tax increment. Accordingly, these agreements are not reflected in the financial statements of the City. The pay-as-you-go note provides for payment to the developer a percentage of all tax increment received in the prior six months. The payment reimburses the developer for public improvements. Principal and interest shall be paid on February 1 and August 1. Payments are payable solely from available tax increment derived from the developed/redeveloped property and paid to the City. The City shall have no obligation to pay any unpaid balance of principal or accrued interest that may remain after the final payment.

Details of the pay-as-you-go notes are as follows:

	Issue	Principal	Interest	First	Final	% TIF	2022	12/31/2022
District Name / Note Description	Date	Amount	Rate	Note Pymt	Note Pymt	Available	Payments	Balance
Zarthan/16th Ave TIF District								
Rottlund - Town Homes/Condos	11/06/2000	\$1,395,547	8.00%	08/01/2003	02/01/2023	89.75%	\$236,213	\$96,955
CSM - Town Place Suites	10/25/2000	1,101,362	8.00%	08/01/2003	02/01/2022	89.75%	45,190	1,218,476
CSM - Spring Hill Suites	10/25/2000	1,448,088	8.00%	08/01/2003	02/01/2022	89.75%	56,598	-
							338,001	
Mill City TIF District								
MSP SLP Apartments	11/20/2000	3,431,137	8.75%	08/1/2002	02/01/2023	94.75%	574,241	2,397,440
Park Commons TIF District								
Excelsior & Grand Phase I	07/01/2003	3,500,000	8.50%	08/05/2005	08/01/2022	97.00%	270,144	-
Excelsior & Grand Phase NE	06/05/2006	4,668,633	8.50%	08/01/2006	02/01/2028	97.00%	579,880	4,095,925
Excelsior & Grand Phase NW	06/05/2006	4,079,105	8.50%	08/01/2007	02/01/2028	97.00%	602,757	3,834,153
Excelsior & Grand Phase E	06/05/2006	3,300,715	8.50%	08/01/2006	02/01/2028	97.00%	346,827	4,125,386
							1,799,608	
Elmwood Village TIF District								
Hoigaard Village 2010A TIF Revenue Bonds	10/21/2010	3,495,000	1.5-5%	02/01/2011	02/01/2023	95.00%	389,625	325,000
Highway 7 Corporate Center TIF District								
Highway 7 Business Center Note A	07/24/2008	2.100.000	1.00%	08/01/2008	08/01/2027	95.00%	119,934	521,352
Highway 7 Business Center Note B	07/24/2008	360,000	1.00%		08/01/2027	95.00%	20,560	89,375
Highway 7 Business Center Note C	07/24/2008	72,000	1.00%		08/01/2028	95.00%		81,983
Highway 7 Business Center Note D	07/24/2008	23,000	1.00%		08/01/2028	95.00%	-	26,189
						•	140,494	
West End TIF District								
Duke Realty Limited Partnership	11/01/2010	21,100,000	6.75%	02/01/2012	08/01/2031	95.00%	2,275,780	20,909,528
4900 Excelsior TIF District								
Weidner / 4900 Excelsior Apts LLC	03/05/2019	2,800,000	4.50%	08/01/2019	02/01/2027	95.00%	576,207	1,291,410

E. LOUISIANA COURT PROJECT

The City of St. Louis Park has entered into an agreement with Project for Pride in Living Louisiana Court Limited Partnership to issue \$4,505,000 in General Obligation Bonds – Series 2000A for the purpose of acquiring and renovating certain rental housing facilities within the City of St. Louis Park intended primarily for low and moderate income persons and their families. During 2010, the 2000A bonds were refunded by the \$1,770,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010C. As discussed in Note 6, the 2010C bonds were refunded in 2022 with Series 2022A. The City of St. Louis Park will receive monthly principal and interest payments from Project for Pride in Living Louisiana Court Limited Partnership to cover all debt service obligations of the City of St. Louis Park on a semi-annual basis. In the event that the City of St. Louis Park does not receive payment from Project for Pride in Living, the City of St. Louis Park is still under obligation to make all debt service payments. At such time, the City of St. Louis Park would pursue collection of above referenced principal and interest payments per the agreement dated May 1, 2000. As of December 31, 2022, the outstanding principal on the bonds is \$1,345,000.

F. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2022. The projects include street construction in areas with newly developed housing, widening and construction of existing streets and bridges, and the construction of additional storm sewer and utility improvements. At year end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Contractor	Project	Contract Amount
BITUMINOUS Roadways	Pavement Mgt - Fern Hill Neighborhood	\$1,671,209
Geislinger and Sons Inc.	36th St. & wooddale Ave. Improvement Proj.	559,660
Thomas and Sons Construction	Beltline SWLRT pedestrian improvements	37,688
Thomas and Sons Construction	Monterey - Belt Line - 36th Improvements	147,591
Redstone Construction, LLC	Dakota Ave. bikeways and trail bridge	613,042
Redstone Construction, LLC	Louisiana Ave. bridge replacement	810,205
		\$3,839,395

December 31, 2022

G. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

1. Subsequent to December 31, 2022, the city council approved the following significant contracts:

Contractor	Project	Remaining Commitment	
Bituminous Roadways, Inc.	2023 Pavement Management	\$	6,833,385
Kimely-Horn & Associates, Inc.	2024 Cedar Lake Road Improvements		2,039,040
Minnesota Roadways Company	Aquila Park Tennis Courts Reconstruction		502,205
JL Theis, Inc.	2023 Alley Reconstruction		578,882
The Buckingham Companies	2023-2028 Residential Garbage and Recycling Services		15,734,000
Allied Waste Services of North America, LLC	2023-2028 Residential Organics Recycling Collection Services		5,600,000
Waste Container Systems	2023-2028 Residential Yard Waste Collection Contract		5,502,000
		Ś	36.789.512

Note 15 CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

From time to time, the City has issued industrial, hospital or housing revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, commercial or housing facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2022, there were 14 revenue bonds issued. The aggregate principal amount payable as of December 31, 2022 is \$203,781,578.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

Note 16 ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases for the year ended December 31, 2022. As a result, a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources are reported on the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds. In addition, a right to use leased asset and lease liability are reported on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds.

Note 17 RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) recently approved the following statements which were not implemented for these financial statements:

Statement No. 94 *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements.* The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 96 Subscription – Based Information Technology Arrangements. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 99 *Omnibus 2022*. The provisions of this Statement contain multiple effective dates, the first being for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101 *Compensated Absences*. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

The effect these standards may have on future financial statements is not determinable at this time.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts			Variance	with Final
		Original		Final	Act	tual Amounts	Bu	dget
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	30,532,470	\$	30,532,470	\$	31,005,746	\$	473,276
Delinquent property taxes		-		-		144,451		144,451
Total property taxes		30,532,470		30,532,470		31,150,197		617,727
Licenses and permits								
Licenses		922,928		922,928		960,532		37,604
Permits		3,827,676		3,827,676		6,321,951		2,494,275
Total licenses and permits		4,750,604		4,750,604		7,282,483		2,531,879
Intergovernmental								
Federal		-		-		18,525		18,525
State of Minnesota								
Highway user tax		750,000		750,000		769,673		19,673
Police and fire state aid		815,319		815,319		870,924		55,605
Police training reimbursement		50,000		50,000		-		(50,000)
Other		73,520		73,520		207,860		134,340
Local and other		59,931		59,931		67,397		7,466
Total intergovernmental	-	1,748,770		1,748,770		1,934,379		185,609
Charges for services	-							
General government		994,783		994,783		1,188,169		193,386
Public safety		100,100		100,100		89,666		(10,434)
Culture and recreation		1,189,600		1,189,600		1,509,981		320,381
Rent of City property		1,553,984		1,553,984		1,737,041		183,057
Total charges for services	-	3,838,467		3,838,467		4,524,857		686,390
Fines and forfeitures	-	231,000		231,000		175,090		(55,910)
Interest income (loss)	-	200,000		200,000		(234,741)		(434,741)
Miscellaneous	-							
Revenue bond fees		501,279		501,279		1,135,260		633,981
Other		311,500		311,500		93,644		(217,856)
Total miscellaneous		812,779		812,779		1,228,904		416,125
Total revenues		42,114,090	-	42,114,090	-	46,061,169		3,947,079

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts			Variance	e with Final
Expenditures		Original		Final	Acti	ual Amounts	Вι	ıdget
General government								
Administration								
Current								
Personal services	\$	1,165,675	\$	1,165,675	\$	935,303	\$	230,372
Supplies		14,000		14,000		57,678		(43,678)
Other services and charges		830,930		830,930		631,203		199,727
Total administration		2,010,605		2,010,605		1,624,184		386,421
Finance		_		_				
Current								
Personal services		606,860		606,860		550,337		56,523
Materials and supplies		3,000		3,000		1,979		1,021
Other services and charges		568,656		568,656		440,516		128,140
Total finance		1,178,516		1,178,516		992,832		185,684
Assessing								
Current								
Personal services		798,225		798,225		789,955		8,270
Materials and supplies		1,200		1,200		306		894
Other services and charges		22,105		22,105		14,787		7,318
Total assessing		821,530		821,530		805,048		16,482
Human resources								
Current								
Personal services		737,749		737,749		551,713		186,036
Supplies		2,000		2,000		1,817		183
Other services and charges		143,100		143,100		175,581		(32,481)
Total human resources	_	882,849		882,849		729,111		153,738
Community development								
Current								
Personal services		1,571,524		1,571,524		1,430,118		141,406
Materials and supplies		3,500		3,500		1,099		2,401
Other services and charges		31,450		31,450		11,185		20,265
Total community development		1,606,474		1,606,474		1,442,402		164,072
Facilities maintenance	_							
Current								
Personal services		807,703		807,703		743,869		63,834
Materials and supplies		103,700		103,700		105,361		(1,661)
Other services and charges		495,713		495,713		634,416		(138,703)
Total facilities maintenance		1,407,116	-	1,407,116		1,483,646		(76,530)

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts			Varia	nce with Final
Expenditures (continued)		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts		Budget
General government (continued)								
Communications and marketing								
Current								
Personal services	\$	587,314	\$	587,314	\$	611,782	\$	(24,468)
Materials and supplies		22,500		22,500		9,894		12,606
Other services and charges		364,250		364,250		423,824		(59,574)
Total communications, etc.		974,064		974,064		1,045,500		(71,436)
Information resources								
Current								
Personal services		1,054,477		1,054,477		736,222		318,255
Materials and supplies		7,500		7,500		4,828		2,672
Other services and charges		560,642		560,642		501,896		58,746
Total information services		1,622,619		1,622,619		1,242,946		379,673
Total general government		10,503,773		10,503,773		9,365,669		1,138,104
Public safety								,, -
Police								
Current								
Personal services		10,746,585		10,746,585		10,853,594		(107,009)
Materials and supplies		275,850		275,850		251,843		24,007
Other services and charges		824,325		824,325		965,131		(140,806)
Capital outlay		-		-		48,679		(48,679)
Total police		11,846,760		11,846,760		12,119,247		(272,487)
Fire protection								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Current								
Personal services		4,693,178		4,693,178		4,656,140		37,038
Materials and supplies		124,000		124,000		164,662		(40,662)
Other services and charges		547,001		547,001		574,695		(27,694)
Total fire protection		5,364,179		5,364,179		5,395,497		(31,318)
Building								
Current								
Personal services		2,531,852		2,531,852		2,500,588		31,264
Materials and supplies		15,000		15,000		16,675		(1,675)
Other services and charges		165,548		165,548		261,777		(96,229)
Total building	_	2,712,400	-	2,712,400		2,779,040		(66,640)
Total public safety	_	19,923,339	-	19,923,339		20,293,784		(370,445)
,,		-,,		-,,		-,,	-	(-:)

	Budgete	ed Amounts	_	Variance with Final
Expenditures (continued)	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget
Operations				
Public works administration				
Current				
Personal services	\$ 232,066	\$ 232,066	\$ 258,135	\$ (26,069)
Materials and supplies	5,000	5,000	1,970	3,030
Other services and charges	18,700	18,700	8,776	9,924
Total public works administration	255,766	255,766	268,881	(13,115)
Public works operations				
Current				
Personal services	1,925,665	1,925,665	1,669,605	256,060
Materials and supplies	497,500	497,500	482,291	15,209
Other services and charges	1,100,504	1,100,504	1,165,373	(64,869)
Total public works operations	3,523,669	3,523,669	3,317,269	206,400
Vehicle maintenance				
Current				
Personal services	719,006	719,006	729,328	(10,322)
Materials and supplies	479,600	479,600	570,922	(91,322)
Other services and charges	170,323	170,323	126,699	43,624
Total vehicle maintenance	1,368,929	1,368,929	1,426,949	(58,020)
Engineering				
Current				
Personal services	407,583	407,583	732,520	(324,937)
Materials and supplies	6,000	6,000	4,896	1,104
Other services and charges	142,532	142,532	156,239	(13,707)
Total engineering	556,115	556,115	893,655	(337,540)
Total operations	5,704,479	5,704,479	5,906,754	(202,275)
Parks and recreation		_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Organized recreation				
Current				
Personal services	1,258,460	1,258,460	1,212,811	45,649
Materials and supplies	53,700	53,700	35,592	18,108
Other services and charges	456,900	456,900	504,025	(47,125)
Total organized recreation	1,769,060	1,769,060	1,752,428	16,632
Recreation Center			·	
Current				
Personal services	1,477,688	1,477,688	1,461,758	15,930
Materials and supplies	225,000	225,000	242,163	(17,163)
Other services and charges	571,355	571,355	794,073	(222,718)
Total recreation center	2,274,043	2,274,043	2,497,994	(223,951)
Park maintenance				(==5/302)
Current				
Personal services	1,374,461	1,374,461	1,385,868	(11,407)
Materials and supplies	118,225	118,225	164,504	(46,279)
Other services and charges	541,823	541,823	518,752	23,071
Total park maintenance	2,034,509	2,034,509	2,069,124	(34,615)
Total park mantenance	2,034,303		2,003,124	(34,013)

	Budg	eted	Amounts			Variance with		
Expenditures (continued)	Original		Fir	ıal	Actu	al Amounts		Budget
Parks and recreation (continued)								
Westwood hills nature center								
Current								
Personal services	\$ 721,2		\$	721,211	\$	717,618	\$	3,593
Materials and supplies	44,2			44,250		57,658		(13,408)
Other services and charges	28,7			28,709		24,882		3,827
Total westwood hills nature center	794,1	/0		794,170		800,158		(5,988)
Natural Resources								
Current	252.0	10		252.010		172.020		00.073
Personal services	253,8			253,810		172,938		80,872
Materials and supplies	23,0			23,000		17,671		5,329
Other services and charges Total natural resources	335,3 612,1			335,300 612,110		671,905 862,514	-	(336,605) (250,404)
	-						-	
Total parks and recreation	7,483,8	92		,483,892		7,982,218		(498,326)
Other								
Race equity and inclusion								
Current								
Personal services	244,1			244,194		64,478		179,716
Materials and supplies	3,5			3,500		504		2,996
Other services and charges	44,5			44,500		157,245		(112,745)
Total race equity and inclusion	292,1	94		292,194		222,227		69,967
Sustainability								
Current	224.0	40		224.040		244.024		22.046
Personal services	334,8			334,840		311,924		22,916
Materials and supplies	1,5			1,500		2,193		(693)
Other services and charges Total Sustainability	68,5 404,8			68,550 404,890		49,430 363,547	-	19,120 41,343
·								
Total other	697,0	84		697,084		585,774		111,310
Total expenditures	44,312,5	67_	44	312,567		44,134,199		178,368
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,198,4	77)	(2,	.198,477)		1,926,970		4,125,447
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	2,198,4	77	2	,198,477		2,207,338		8,861
Transfers out	, ,	-		-		(2,288,000)		(2,288,000)
								, , , ,
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,198,4	77_	2	,198,477		(80,662)		(2,279,139)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -		\$	-		1,846,308	\$	1,846,308
Fund balance - January 1						23,815,356		
Fund balance - December 31					\$	25,661,664		

	Pudgoto	ed Amounts		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget
Revenues	<u> </u>	- 11101	/ tetaar/ timounts	<u> </u>
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,676	2,676
Special assessments	549,322	549,322	977,204	427,882
Interest income (loss)	25,000	25,000	(35,542)	(60,542)
Miscellaneous		_ _ _	710	710
Total revenues	574,322	574,322	945,048	370,726
Expenditures				
Current				
Housing and rehabilitation	1,358,406	1,358,406	5,423,956	(4,065,550)
Total expenditures	1,358,406	1,358,406	5,423,956	(4,065,550)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(784,084)	(784,084)	(4,478,908)	(3,694,824)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	765,633	765,633	397,133	(368,500)
Transfers out	(388,517)	(388,517)	(369,689)	18,828
Bonds issued	-	-	4,900,000	4,900,000
Premium on bonds issued			19,647	19,647
Total other financing sources (uses)	377,116	377,116	4,947,091	4,569,975
Net change in fund balances	\$ (406,968)	\$ (406,968)	468,183	\$ 875,151
Fund balances - January 1			6,098,978	
Fund balances - December 31			\$ 6,567,161	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability:				 	
Service cost	\$ 369,731	\$ 310,714	\$ 273,727	\$ 312,898	\$ 273,798
Interest cost	120,277	119,920	148,042	122,728	126,654
Differences between expected and actual experience	(4,674)	1,214,476	-	269,604	-
Changes in assumptions	93,700	169,400	131,969	(170,614)	120,221
Benefit payments	(214,438)	(226,393)	(214,270)	(211,503)	(140,966)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 364,596	1,588,117	339,468	323,113	379,707
Total OPEB liability - beginning	5,751,341	4,163,224	3,823,756	3,500,643	3,120,936
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 6,115,937	\$ 5,751,341	\$ 4,163,224	\$ 3,823,756	\$ 3,500,643
Covered-employee payroll	\$26,492,137	\$24,937,137	\$24,950,067	\$23,867,837	\$22,206,835
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	23.1%	23.1%	16.7%	16.0%	15.8%

Statement 12

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND
Last Ten Years

Measurement Date June 30	Fiscal Year Ending December 31	City's Proportionate Share (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability	Sh	City's roportionate are (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (a)	Sha	State's opportionate are (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability ociated with City (b)	Lia State Sh Pe	City's roportionate Share of the Net Pension ibility and the 's Proportionate are of the Net nsion Liability sociated with City (a+b)	Covered Payroll (c)	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll ((a+b)/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	2015	0.2263%	\$	11,728,040	\$	-	\$	11,728,040	\$ 13,317,871	88.1%	78.2%
2016	2016	0.2258%		18,333,840		239,395		18,573,235	14,027,206	132.4%	68.9%
2017	2017	0.2269%		14,485,146		182,131		14,667,277	14,714,583	99.7%	75.9%
2018	2018	0.2307%		12,798,290		419,668		13,217,958	15,513,575	85.2%	79.5%
2019	2019	0.2358%		13,036,854		405,149		13,442,003	16,684,548	80.6%	80.2%
2020	2020	0.2373%		14,227,219		438,865		14,666,084	16,929,758	86.6%	79.1%
2021	2021	0.2397%		10,236,264		312,569		10,548,833	17,305,663	61.0%	87.0%
2022	2022	0.2387%		18,905,119		554,246		19,459,365	17,852,413	109.0%	76.7%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND
Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)		Relation to the		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
December 31, 2015	\$	1,026,806	\$	1,026,806	\$	-	\$ 13,690,747	7.50%
December 31, 2016		1,076,319		1,076,319		-	14,350,435	7.50%
December 31, 2017		1,122,359		1,122,359		-	14,965,469	7.50%
December 31, 2018		1,206,070		1,206,070		-	16,080,867	7.50%
December 31, 2019		1,270,160		1,270,160		-	16,935,462	7.50%
December 31, 2020		1,330,896		1,330,896		-	17,746,254	7.50%
December 31, 2021		1,320,869		1,320,869		-	17,605,379	7.50%
December 31, 2022		1,366,394		1,366,394		-	18,218,564	7.50%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND
Last Ten Years

Statement 14

Measurement Date June 30	Fiscal Year Ending December 31	Proportion (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability	Sha	oportionate are (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (a)	Covered Payroll (b)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2015	2015	0.7170%	\$	8,146,798	\$ 6,568,763	124.0%	86.6%
2016	2016	0.7090%		28,453,404	6,826,711	416.8%	63.9%
2017	2017	0.7010%		9,464,334	7,214,850	131.2%	85.4%
2018	2018	0.7220%		7,695,776	7,675,241	100.3%	88.8%
2019	2019	0.7803%		8,307,082	8,227,972	101.0%	89.3%
2020	2020	0.7570%		9,978,070	8,551,806	116.7%	87.2%
2021	2021	0.7605%		5,870,254	8,990,234	65.3%	93.7%
2022	2022	0.7696%		33,489,952	9,345,528	358.4%	70.5%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND
Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ending	1	Statutorily Required ontribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)			Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)	
December 31, 2015	\$	1,087,225	\$	1,087,225	\$	-	\$	6,711,265	16.20%	
December 31, 2016		1,127,487		1,127,487		-		6,959,796	16.20%	
December 31, 2017		1,210,648		1,210,648		-		7,473,136	16.20%	
December 31, 2018		1,284,219		1,284,219		-		7,927,279	16.20%	
December 31, 2019		1,433,661		1,433,661		-		8,458,178	16.95%	
December 31, 2020		1,602,879		1,602,879		-		9,055,812	17.70%	
December 31, 2021		1,635,494		1,635,494		-		9,240,074	17.70%	
December 31, 2022		1,700,317		1,700,317		-		9,606,308	17.70%	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO RSI

December 31, 2022

Note A LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

The General Fund and Housing Rehabilitation budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level for the major funds.

Note B PENSION INFORMATION

PERA - General Employees Retirement Fund

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50% for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were decreased 0.25% and assumed rates of retirement were changed resulting in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements. Assumed rates of termination and disability were also changed.
- Base mortality tables were changed from RP-2014 tables to Pub-2010 tables, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions

Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018

Changes in the Plan Provisions

- The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO RSI

December 31, 2022

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

PERA - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The single discount rate changed from 6.50% to 5.4%.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50% for financial reporting purposes.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- The base mortality tables for healthy annuitants, disabled annuitants and employees were changed from RP-2014 tables to Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality tables. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MN-2020.
- Assumed salary increase and retirement rates were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020
 experience study. The changes result in a decrease in gross salary increase rates, slightly more
 unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTES TO RSI

December 31, 2022

- Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities.
- Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60% to 70%.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018

Changes in the Plan Provisions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The single discount rate was changed from 5.6% to 7.5%.
- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing Joint and Survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2037 and 2.5% thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO RSI December 31, 2022

- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate changed from 7.9% to 5.6%.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Note C OPEB INFORMATION

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits. There are no factors that affect trends in the amounts reported, such as changes in benefit terms or assumptions.

COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2022

	 Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Interfund Eliminations		Total
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 7,667,133	\$ 8,185,648	\$ -	\$	15,852,781
Due from other governments	-	22,351	-		22,351
Accounts receivable	175,648	1,196,801	-		1,372,449
Taxes receivable - unremitted	3,199	-	-		3,199
Taxes receivable - delinquent	13,742	-	-		13,742
Special assessments receivable - delinquent	428	4,714	-		5,142
Special assessments receivable - deferred	253,264	647,945	-		901,209
Due from other funds	-	1,900,472	-		1,900,472
Loans receivable - noncurrent	509,189	-	-		509,189
Pledges receivable - current	-	156,660	-		156,660
Pledges receivable - noncurrent	-	750,000	-		750,000
Interfund loan receivable	 1,800,000	 -		<u> </u>	1,800,000
Total assets	\$ 10,422,603	\$ 12,864,591	\$ -	\$	23,287,194
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 91,886	\$ 139,308	\$ -	\$	231,194
Salaries payable	11,392	-	-		11,392
Due to other governments	-	774	-		774
Contracts payable	-	372,207	-		372,207
Deposits payable	-	350	-		350
Unearned revenue	 64,103	 7,368			71,471
Total liabilities	 167,381	 520,007			687,388
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue	 332,027	 1,557,209			1,889,236
Fund balances					
Restricted	7,123,235	1,231,490	-		8,354,725
Committed	1,873,362	-	-		1,873,362
Assigned	 926,598	 9,555,885		<u> </u>	10,482,483
Total fund balances	 9,923,195	10,787,375			20,710,570
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 10,422,603	\$ 12,864,591	\$ -	\$	23,287,194

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year	Ended	December	31,	2022

		Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$	1,506,396	\$ 860,000	\$ 2,366,396
Franchise taxes		709,677	4,759,363	5,469,040
Intergovernmental		30,000	144,702	174,702
Charges for services		27,949	81,738	109,687
Special assessments		222,993	116,644	339,637
Interest income (loss)		(87,297)	(124,537)	(211,834)
Miscellaneous		2,427	 1,473,409	 1,475,836
Total revenues		2,412,145	7,311,319	9,723,464
Expenditures				
Current				
Public safety		-	505,653	505,653
Public information		386,216	-	386,216
Operations		-	3,245,705	3,245,705
Parks and recreation		-	97,044	97,044
Housing and rehabilitation		503	-	503
Housing maintenance		30,000	-	30,000
Social and economic development		273,882	-	273,882
Capital outlay				
Parks and recreation			 1,350,201	 1,350,201
Total expenditures		690,601	 5,198,603	 5,889,204
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,721,544	 2,112,716	 3,834,260
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in		1,516,559	-	1,516,559
Transfers out		(397,133)	 (50,933)	 (448,066)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,119,426	 (50,933)	 1,068,493
Net change in fund balances		2,840,970	2,061,783	4,902,753
Fund balances - January 1		7,082,225	 8,725,592	 15,807,817
Fund balances - December 31	\$	9,923,195	\$ 10,787,375	\$ 20,710,570
Reconciliation of beginning fund balance to prior year ending fund balance:				
Prior year ending fund balance for nonmajor special revenue funds				\$ 7,087,850
Less prior year ending fund balance for major fund reported as nonmajor in prior	r year:			
COVID Fund				 (5,625)
Current year beginning fund balance for nonmajor special revenue funds				\$ 7,082,225

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>Cable Television Fund</u> — used to account for revenues received from franchise fees and expenditures related to regulation of the privately owned cable television company.

<u>Community Development Fund</u> – used to account for funds received under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

<u>Special Service Districts Fund</u> – used to account for the operations of Special Service Districts. Revenues are received from each district's property owners and are used to provide additional services, primarily snow removal, within each District.

<u>Affordable Housing Trust Fund</u> – used to account for the operations related to supporting and expanding efforts to maintain and support naturally occurring affordable housing and other housing opportunities.

<u>Climate Investment Fund</u> – used to account for programs related to supporting climate change efforts.

<u>Opioid Settlement Fund</u> – used to account for opioid settlement funds.

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS December 31, 2022

	Cab	le Television	Community Development		Special Service Districts		Affordable ousing Trust	Climate Investment		Opioid Settlement		 Total
Assets												
Cash and investments	\$	1,966,074	\$	17,389	\$	282,902	\$ 4,595,326	\$	741,256	\$	64,186	\$ 7,667,133
Accounts receivable		174,651		-		997	-		-		-	175,648
Taxes receivable - unremitted		-		-		-	3,199		-		-	3,199
Taxes receivable - delinquent		-		-		-	13,742		-		-	13,742
Special assessments receivable - delinquent		-		-		428	-		-		-	428
Special assessments receivable - deferred		-		-		253,264	-		-		-	253,264
Loans receivable - noncurrent		-		509,189		-	-		-		-	509,189
Interfund loan receivable				-			 1,800,000					 1,800,000
Total assets	\$	2,140,725	\$	526,578	\$	537,591	\$ 6,412,267	\$	741,256	\$	64,186	\$ 10,422,603
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	214	\$	-	\$	68,403	\$ -	\$	23,269	\$	-	\$ 91,886
Salaries payable		11,392		-		-	-		-		-	11,392
Unearned revenue		<u> </u>		-		-	 -		-		64,103	64,103
Total liabilities		11,606				68,403	 		23,269		64,103	 167,381
Deferred inflows of resources												
Unavailable revenue		-		64,536		253,749	 13,742		-		-	 332,027
Fund balances												
Restricted		262,668		462,042		-	6,398,525		-		-	7,123,235
Committed		1,155,292		-		-	-		717,987		83	1,873,362
Assigned		711,159		-		215,439	 -		-		-	926,598
Total fund balances		2,129,119		462,042		215,439	 6,398,525		717,987		83	9,923,195
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$	2,140,725	\$	526,578	\$	537,591	\$ 6,412,267	\$	741,256	\$	64,186	\$ 10,422,603

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	S
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	
For The Year Ended December 31, 2022	

0.1116.01	T
Opioid Settlement	Total
\$ -	\$ 1,506,396
-	709,677
-	30,000
-	27,949
-	
- 02	222,993
83	(87,297
	2,427
83	2,412,14
_	344,338
_	41,878
	,-
_	503
_	30,000
	,
_	870
_	214
-	272,798
	690,60
83	1,721,544
-	1,516,559
	(397,133
	1,119,426
83	2,840,970
-	7,082,22
\$ 83	\$ 9,923,195
ea	\$ 83

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

<u>Police and Fire Pensions Fund</u> — used to account for pension refunds received by the police and fire departments. These funds must be used for specific police and fire purposes.

<u>Permanent Improvement Revolving Fund</u> – used to account for the resources and expenditures required for capital improvements which will provide a direct or significant indirect benefit to individual property owners. Financing of these projects is provided by shared costs with other organizations, Municipal State Aid and special assessements.

<u>Park Improvement Fund</u> – used to account for the financing of land acquisition and development for park purposes. Revenues are provided by park dedication fees, a school district contribution, rent and a property tax levy.

<u>Pavement Management Fund</u> – used to account for the financing of street rehabilitation. Revenues are provided by a franchise fee and transfers from sanitary sewer utility funds.

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

December 31, 2022

	ice and Fire Pensions	lm	Permanent nprovement Revolving	Im	Park nprovement	N	Pavement Nanagement	Interfund Eliminations	 Total
Assets						_			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,231,490	\$	2,592,881	\$	3,594,943	\$	766,334	\$ -	\$ 8,185,648
Due from other governments	-		22,351		-			-	22,351
Accounts receivable	-		7,492		-		1,189,309	-	1,196,801
Special assessments receivable - delinquent	-		4,714		-		-	-	4,714
Special assessments receivable - deferred	-		647,945		-		-	-	647,945
Due from other funds	-		-		-		1,900,472	-	1,900,472
Pledges receivable - current	-		-		156,660		-	-	156,660
Pledges receivable - noncurrent	 -		-		750,000		-		 750,000
Total assets	\$ 1,231,490	\$	3,275,383	\$	4,501,603	\$	3,856,115	\$ -	\$ 12,864,591
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	55,239	\$	84,069	\$ -	\$ 139,308
Due to other governments	-		-		-		774	-	774
Contracts payable	-		-		-		372,207	-	372,207
Deposits payable	-		-		350		-	-	350
Unearned revenue	 -		-		7,368		-		 7,368
Total liabilities	 -		-		62,957		457,050		 520,007
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unavailable revenue	 -		650,549		906,660		-		 1,557,209
Fund balances									
Restricted	1,231,490		_		_		_	_	1,231,490
Assigned	-		2,624,834		3,531,986		3,399,065		 9,555,885
Total fund balances	1,231,490		2,624,834		3,531,986		3,399,065		10,787,375
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,231,490	\$	3,275,383	\$	4,501,603	\$	3,856,115	\$ -	\$ 12,864,591

CITY OF ST. LOUIS PARK, MINNESOTA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Police and Fire Pensions	Permanent Improvement Revolving	Park Improvement	Pavement Management	Interfund Eliminations	Total
Revenues			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 860,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 860,000
Franchise taxes	-	-	-	4,759,363	-	4,759,363
Intergovernmental	-	-	144,702	-	-	144,702
Charges for services	-	-	81,738	-	-	81,738
Special assessments	-	116,644	-	-	-	116,644
Interest income (loss)	(17,187)	(34,437)	(31,358)	(41,555)	-	(124,537)
Miscellaneous	50	1,288	1,472,071			1,473,409
Total revenues	(17,137)	83,495	2,527,153	4,717,808		7,311,319
Expenditures						
Current						
Public safety	1,770	503,883	-	-	-	505,653
Operations	-	-	-	3,245,705	-	3,245,705
Parks and recreation	-	-	97,044	-	-	97,044
Capital outlay						
Parks and recreation			1,350,201			1,350,201
Total expenditures	1,770	503,883	1,447,245	3,245,705		5,198,603
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(18,907)	(420,388)	1,079,908	1,472,103		2,112,716
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers out		(50,933)				(50,933)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(50,933)				(50,933)
Net change in fund balances	(18,907)	(471,321)	1,079,908	1,472,103	-	2,061,783
Fund balances - January 1	1,250,397	3,096,155	2,452,078	1,926,962		8,725,592
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 1,231,490	\$ 2,624,834	\$ 3,531,986	\$ 3,399,065	\$ -	\$ 10,787,375

FUNDS INCLUDED IN DEBT SERVICE FUND

2000 General Obligation Bond Reserve

Hoigaard's 2010 A & B TIF Notes

2010C General Obligation Refunding Bond

2010C General Obligation Bond Reserve

2012A Taxable General Obligation HIA Bond

2014A General Obligation Bond

2016A General Obligation Bond

2017A General Obligation Bond

2018A General Obligation Bond

2019A General Obligation Bond

2019B General Obligation Bond

2019C Taxable General Obligation HIA Refunding Bond

2020A General Obligation Bond

2021A General Obligation Bond

2022B Bridgewalk HIA Bond

December 31, 2022

	Oblig	00 General gation Bond Reserve	Hoigaard & B TIF		C	10C General Obligation unding Bond	Obli	OC General gation Bond Reserve	General	A Taxable Obligation A Bond		4A General gation Bond		6A General gation Bond
Assets Cash and investments	Ś	121,105	\$	_	\$	113,169	Ś	481,548	\$	_	\$	624,998	\$	1,452,216
Accounts receivable	Ý	-	Ψ	_	*	10,133	Ÿ	3,666	Ψ.		•	-	•	
Loans receivable - current				-		50,000		-		-		-		-
Loans receivable - noncurrent				-		1,295,000								
Total assets	\$	121,105	\$		\$	1,468,302	\$	485,214	\$		\$	624,998	\$	1,452,216
Liabilities														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		345		-		-
Deposits payable		-				-		464,228						
Total liabilities				-				464,228		345				
Deferred inflows of resources														
Unavailable revenue			-	-		1,345,000								
Fund balances														
Restricted		121,105		-		123,302		20,986		-		624,998		1,452,216
Unassigned				-		-		-		(345)		-		<u> </u>
Total fund balance		121,105				123,302		20,986		(345)		624,998		1,452,216
Total liabilities, deferred inflows														
of resources, and fund balances	\$	121,105	\$	-	\$	1,468,302	\$	485,214	\$	-	\$	624,998	\$	1,452,216

	'A General ation Bond	8A General gation Bond		19A General igation Bond		9B General gation Bond	General HIA R	Taxable Obligation efunding ond	0A General gation Bond	1A General gation Bond		Bridgewalk IA Bond	_	Total
\$	407,087 - - -	\$ 265,774 - -	\$	1,615,139 - - -	\$	992,562 - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 698,731 - - -	\$ 240,129 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	7,012,45 13,79 50,00 1,295,00
ŝ	407,087	\$ 265,774	\$	1,615,139	\$	992,562	\$	-	\$ 698,731	\$ 240,129	\$		\$	8,371,25
\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	- -	\$	4,500 - -	\$	- 345 -	\$ 4,500 - -	\$ - - -	\$	- 146,746 -	\$	9,00 147,43 464,22
		 		<u>-</u> .		4,500		345	 4,500	 		146,746		620,66
	<u>-</u>	 	_						 	 		<u>-</u>		1,345,00
	407,087 -	265,774		1,615,139		988,062		(345)	 694,231	 240,129		- (146,746)		6,553,02 (147,43
	407,087	 265,774		1,615,139		988,062		(345)	 694,231	 240,129		(146,746)		6,405,59
\$	407.087	\$ 265,774	\$	1,615,139	Ś	992.562	Ś	_	\$ 698,731	\$ 240,129	Ś	_	\$	8,371,25

	2000 G Obligation Reso		2008B Gene Obligation 1 Increment Be	Тах	Hoigaard's 2010 A & B TIF Notes		2010C General Obligation efunding Bond	Obligati	General on Bond erve	General	Taxable Obligation Bond		A General ation Bond		6A General gation Bond
Revenues															
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	475,000	\$	1,231,322
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest income (loss)		1,763		-	-		1,268		6,790		-		(7,722)		(17,684)
Miscellaneous							180,755								
Total revenues		1,763					182,023		6,790				467,278		1,213,638
Expenditures															
Social and economic development															
Developer assistance		-		-	390,200		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service															
Principal		-	51	.0,000	-		45,000		-		60,000		510,000		1,045,000
Interest and other		-	6	2,388	-		64,135		-		28,498		48,712		115,987
Bond issuance costs		-					48,514				-				
Total expenditures			57.	2,388	390,200		157,649				88,498		558,712		1,160,987
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,763	(57	2,388)	(390,200)	_	24,374		6,790		(88,498)		(91,434)		52,651
Other financing sources (uses)															
Transfers in		-	57.	2,388	390,193		1,763		-		87,242		-		-
Transfers out		(1,763)			· -				-				-		-
Refunding bonds issued		-		-	-		1,345,000		-		-		-		-
Premium on bonds issued		-		-	-		16,635		-		-		-		-
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent				-			(1,345,000)								-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,763)	57	2,388	390,193		18,398				87,242				-
Net change in fund balances		-		-	(7)		42,772		6,790		(1,256)		(91,434)		52,651
Fund balances - January 1		121,105			7		80,530		14,196		911		716,432		1,399,565
Fund balances - December 31	\$	121,105	Ś	_	\$ -	Ś	123,302	Ś	20,986	Ś	(345)	Ś	624,998	Ś	1,452,216

General ion Bond	2018A General Obligation Bond	2019A General Obligation Bond	2019B General Obligation Bond	2019C Taxable General Obligation HIA Refunding Bond	2020A General Obligation Bond	2021A General Obligation Bond	2022B Bridgewalk HIA Bond	Interfund Eliminations	Total
\$ 413,739	\$ 254,835 - (3,131)	\$ 1,063,054 416,250 (17,108)	\$ 600,366 - (12,200)	\$ -	\$ 856,958 - (7,536)	\$ 352,766 - (2,305)	\$	\$ -	\$ 5,248,040 416,250 (62,618) 180,755
408,986	251,704	1,462,196	588,166		849,422	350,461			5,782,427
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	390,200
325,000 69,423	185,000 56,854	740,000 678,886	515,000 292,240 -	260,000 33,855	316,337 -	- 286,850 -	- - 146,746	-	4,195,000 2,054,165 195,260
394,423	241,854	1,418,886	807,240	293,855	316,337	286,850	146,746		6,834,625
 14,563	9,850	43,310	(219,074)	(293,855)	533,085	63,611	(146,746)		(1,052,198)
	-	-	- -	272,959	-	-	-	(1,763) 1,763	1,322,782
 - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,345,000 16,635 (1,345,000)
 			<u>-</u> _	272,959					1,339,417
14,563	9,850	43,310	(219,074)	(20,896)	533,085	63,611	(146,746)	-	287,219
 392,524	255,924	1,571,829	1,207,136	20,551	161,146	176,518			6,118,374
\$ 407,087	\$ 265,774	\$ 1,615,139	\$ 988,062	\$ (345)	\$ 694,231	\$ 240,129	\$ (146,746)	\$ -	\$ 6,405,593

FUNDS INCLUDED IN REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FUND

Duke West End TIF

Eliot Park TIF

Ellipse TIF District

Victoria Ponds

Park Center Housing

CSM TIF District

Mill City TIF District

Park Commons TIF District

Edgewood TIF District

Elmwood Village

Wolfe Lake TIF District

Aquila Commons

Highway 7 Business Center

Hard Coat TIF District

Shoreham TIF District

4900 Excelsior Blvd TIF District

Elmwood Apartments TIF District

Bridgewater Bank TIF District

Wooddale Station TIF District

Spending Plan

Wayzata Blvd TIF District

Parkway Residual TIF District

Riseon 7 TIF District

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FUND December 31, 2022

	Dul	ke West End TIF	Elic	ot Park TIF	Ellipse	TIF District	Victo	oria Ponds		rk Center Housing
Assets Cash and investments	\$	1,236,051	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,443
Taxes receivable - unremitted	Ą	548,087	Ą	(13,814)	Ą	_	Ą	_	Ą	
Due from other funds		-		-		_		_		_
Loans receivable - noncurrent		-								794,470
Total assets	\$	1,784,138	\$	(13,814)	\$		\$		\$	795,913
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	666	\$	336	\$	77	\$	-	\$	77
Due to other governments		7,084		1,200		1,868		-		909
Due to other funds		1,732		286		934		1,732		-
Interfund loan payable								-		
Total liabilities		9,482		1,822		2,879		1,732		986
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue		-		-				-		151,464
Fund balances										
Restricted		1,774,656		-		-		-		643,463
Unassigned		-		(15,636)		(2,879)		(1,732)		-
Total fund balances		1,774,656		(15,636)		(2,879)		(1,732)		643,463
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,784,138	\$	(13,814)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	795,913

CSM	TIF District	lill City TIF District	Park	Commons TIF District	_	ewood TIF District	Elm	wood Village	lfe Lake TIF District	Aquil	a Commons	lighway 7 iness Center
\$	45,084 4,465 -	\$ 293,667 - - -	\$	1,351,055 23,571 -	\$	- - -	\$	- 4,681 5,169,833 -	\$ 584 - -	\$	1,790 - - -	\$ 112,038
\$	49,549	\$ 293,667	\$	1,374,626	\$	-	\$	5,174,514	\$ 584	\$	1,790	\$ 112,038
\$	941 2,065 -	\$ 941 1,704 -	\$	666 11,176 -	\$	- - -	\$	77 9,125 - 2,039,943	\$ 77 898 -	\$	77 1,717 -	\$ 666 839
	3,006	 2,645		11,842		<u> </u>		2,049,145	975		1,794	 1,505
		 -				-						 -
	46,543 -	 291,022		1,362,784		-		3,125,369 -	 - (391)		- (4)	 110,533
	46,543	 291,022		1,362,784		-		3,125,369	 (391)		(4)	 110,533
\$	49,549	\$ 293,667	\$	1,374,626	\$		\$	5,174,514	\$ 584	\$	1,790	\$ 112,038

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FUND December 31, 2022

	l Coat TIF	reham TIF District	0 Excelsior TIF District	Apa	Imwood rtments TIF District	_	ewater Bank IF District
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,664	\$ -	\$ 374,291	\$	113,947	\$	214,074
Taxes receivable - unremitted	-	-	-		-		-
Due from other funds	-	-	-		-		-
Loans receivable - noncurrent	 -	 -	 				
Total assets	\$ 1,664	\$ 	\$ 374,291	\$	113,947	\$	214,074
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 2,210	\$ 77	\$ 666	\$	666	\$	77
Due to other governments	-	1,590	1,868		956		977
Due to other funds	-	656	-		-		-
Interfund loan payable	 -	 -	 -		-		934,207
Total liabilities	 2,210	 2,323	 2,534		1,622		935,261
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue	 	 	 				-
Fund balances							
Restricted	-	-	371,757		112,325		-
Unassigned	 (546)	 (2,323)	 -		-		(721,187)
Total fund balances	 (546)	(2,323)	 371,757		112,325		(721,187)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,664	\$ -	\$ 374,291	\$	113,947	\$	214,074

Idale Station F District	Sp	ending Plan	•	ta Blvd TIF strict	vay Residual F District	Ri	se on 7 TIF District	Interfund Eliminations	 Total
\$ 649,901 243,364 -	\$	1,554,653 - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 158,237 - - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ 6,108,479 810,354 5,169,833 794,470
\$ 893,265	\$	1,554,653	\$		\$ 158,237			\$ -	\$ 12,883,136
\$ 4,854 1,508 -	\$	1,039 - -	\$	- - 428 -	\$ - 871 - -	\$	- 1,876 1,800,000	\$ - - -	\$ 14,190 46,355 7,644 4,774,150
6,362		1,039		428	871		1,801,876		4,842,339
 					-				 151,464
 886,903 -		1,553,614		(428)	 157,366 -		- (1,801,876)	-	 10,436,335 (2,547,002)
 886,903		1,553,614		(428)	 157,366		(1,801,876)		 7,889,333
\$ 893,265	\$	1,554,653	\$		\$ 158,237	\$		\$ -	\$ 12,883,136

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Dul	ke West End TIF	Elic	ot Park TIF	llipse TIF District	Vict	oria Ponds	rk Center Housing
Revenues		2 270 056		450.426	700 750			400.044
Tax increments	\$	3,379,956	\$	459,136	\$ 700,758	\$	(700)	\$ 189,844
Interest income (loss)		(15,301)		(2,481)	(4,394)		(790)	(964)
Miscellaneous					 			
Total revenues		3,364,655		456,655	696,364		(790)	 188,880
Expenditures								
Current								
Social and economic development		2,232,658		358,606	460,195		100	4,013
Debt service								
Interest and other		4,779			 			
Total expenditures		2,237,437		358,606	 460,195		100	 4,013
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,127,218		98,049	236,169		(890)	184,867
Other financing (uses)								
Transfers in		_		_	_		_	_
Transfers out		(718,588)		(135,627)	(353,562)		(133,179)	(184,410)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(718,588)		(135,627)	 (353,562)		(133,179)	 (184,410)
Net change in fund balances		408,630		(37,578)	(117,393)		(134,069)	457
Fund balances - January 1		1,366,026		21,942	 114,514		132,337	 643,006
Fund balances - December 31	\$	1,774,656	\$	(15,636)	\$ (2,879)	\$	(1,732)	\$ 643,463

CSM	TIF District	N	Iill City TIF District	rk Commons FIF District	_	ewood TIF District	Elm	wood Village	w	olfe Lake TIF District	(Aquila Commons	Highway 7
\$	491,098 (1,972)	\$	612,457 (2,691)	\$ 2,984,458 (12,480)	\$	- - -	\$	2,156,231 (68,309)	\$	180,117 (1,352)	\$	176,567 (1,226)	\$ 148,862 (815) 15,643
	489,126		609,766	 2,971,978			·	2,087,922		178,765		175,341	 163,690
	548,705		584,481	2,909,878		10,473		20,604		121,111		4,822	147,027
	548,705		584,481	2,909,878		10,473		99,063		121,111		4,822	147,027
	(59,579)		25,285	62,100		(10,473)		1,988,859		57,654		170,519	16,663
	(249,120)		- (149,686)	 - (450,000)		- -		(390,193)		- (119,287)		- (170,523)	 -
	(249,120)		(149,686)	(450,000)		-		(390,193)		(119,287)		(170,523)	-
	(308,699)		(124,401)	(387,900)		(10,473)		1,598,666		(61,633)		(4)	16,663
	355,242		415,423	 1,750,684		10,473		1,526,703		61,242			 93,870
\$	46,543	\$	291,022	\$ 1,362,784	\$		\$	3,125,369	\$	(391)	\$	(4)	\$ 110,533

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FUND For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Hard Coat TIF District	Sł	noreham TIF District	00 Excelsior I TIF District	Apa	lmwood rtments TIF District	_	ewater Bank F District
Revenues								
Tax increments	\$ 28,896		521,123	\$ 704,062	\$	215,071	\$	219,139
Interest income (loss)	(332)	(4 <i>,</i> 575)	(4,256)		(172)		(2,554)
Miscellaneous				 -		-		-
Total revenues	28,564		516,548	699,806		214,899		216,585
Expenditures								
Current								
Social and economic development	52,921		242,602	669,071		309,855		4,081
Debt service								
Interest and other	104		-	 		-		15,643
Total expenditures	53,025		242,602	 669,071		309,855		19,724
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(24,461)	273,946	30,735		(94,956)		196,861
Other financing (uses)								
Transfers in	-		_	-		-		-
Transfers out			(542,960)	 (136,658)				
Total other financing sources (uses)			(542,960)	 (136,658)				
Net change in fund balances	(24,461)	(269,014)	(105,923)		(94,956)		196,861
Fund balances - January 1	23,915		266,691	 477,680		207,281		(918,048)
Fund balances - December 31	\$ (546) \$	(2,323)	\$ 371,757	\$	112,325	\$	(721,187)

lale Station District	Spending Plan	Wayzata Blvd TIF District	Parkway Residual TIF District	Rise on 7 TIF District	Interfund Eliminations	Total
\$ 813,454 (12,462)	\$ - - -	\$ 41,633 (325)	\$ 162,149 (1,911)	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 14,185,01 (139,36; 15,64;
 800,992		41,308	160,238			14,061,29
9,914	1,039	41,736	2,872	1,801,876	-	10,538,640
 						98,985
 9,914	1,039	41,736	2,872	1,801,876		10,637,62
791,078	(1,039)	(428)	157,366	(1,801,876)	-	3,423,66
- -	1,554,653 	- -	<u> </u>		(1,554,653) 1,554,653	(2,179,140
-	1,554,653	-	-	-	-	(2,179,140
 791,078	1,553,614	(428)	157,366	(1,801,876)	-	1,244,52
 95,825	<u> </u>					6,644,80
\$886,903	\$1,553,614	(\$428)	\$157,366	(\$1,801,876)	\$ -	\$7,889,33

FUNDS INCLUDED IN STREETS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Streets Capital Project Sidewalks and Trails W36th St / Wooddale Rehab SWLRT at Beltline 2023 MSA Street Project 2024 MSA Street Project

	Streets C Proje		Side	ewalks and Trails	MSA Street Project	V36th St / oddale Rehab	SWLR	T at Beltline	4 MSA Street Project	Total
Assets										
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$	- 652,002	\$	- -	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 	\$	29,283	\$ 	\$ 29,283 652,002
Total assets	\$ 6	652,002	\$		\$ 	\$ _	\$	29,283	\$ _	\$ 681,285
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	18,862	\$	40,969	\$ 12,448	\$ 8,019	\$	_	\$ 12,100	\$ 92,398
Due to other governments		-		300	-	517		-	-	817
Contracts payable	:	170,110		147,334	-	333,273		-	-	650,717
Due to other funds	1,4	493,087		129,941	 130,439	 5,467,877		-	 147,005	 7,368,349
Total liabilities	1,6	682,059		318,544	 142,887	5,809,686			 159,105	 8,112,281
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue		652,002		-	 -	 -		-	 -	 652,002
Fund balances										
Assigned		-		_	_	-		29,283	-	29,283
Unassigned	(1,6	582,059)		(318,544)	(142,887)	(5,809,686)		-	 (159,105)	 (8,112,281)
Total fund balances	(1,6	582,059)		(318,544)	 (142,887)	 (5,809,686)		29,283	 (159,105)	 (8,082,998)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 6	552,002	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 681,285

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES STREETS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	eets Capital Projects	Sid	ewalks and Trails	MSA Street Project	W36th St / oddale Rehab	SWL	RT at Beltline	4 MSA Street Project	 Total
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,526,864	\$	268	\$ -	\$ -	\$	129,190	\$ -	\$ 1,656,322
Interest income (loss)	-		11,164	-	-		(515)	-	10,649
Miscellaneous	9,202		-	 	-			 -	9,202
Total revenues	 1,536,066		11,432	 	<u>-</u>		128,675	 	 1,676,173
Expenditures									
Current									
Operations	846,366		723,335	142,887	5,809,686		42,667	159,105	7,724,046
Capital outlay									
Operations	297,162		240,132	-	-		-	-	537,294
	<u> </u>								
Total expenditures	1,143,528		963,467	142,887	5,809,686		42,667	159,105	8,261,340
Net change in fund balances	392,538		(952,035)	(142,887)	(5,809,686)		86,008	(159,105)	(6,585,167)
Fund balances - January 1	(2,074,597)		633,491	-	-		(56,725)		(1,497,831)
Fund balances - December 31	\$ (1,682,059)	\$	(318,544)	\$ (142,887)	\$ (5,809,686)	\$	29,283	\$ (159,105)	\$ (8,082,998)

CABLE TELEVISION FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Statement 28

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Actual	Var	iance with
	(Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Franchise taxes	\$	739,000	\$	739,000	\$	709,677		(\$29,323)
Interest income (loss)		20,000		20,000		(27,806)		(47,806)
Miscellaneous		500		500		219		(281)
Total revenues		759,500		759,500		682,090		-77,410
Expenditures								
Current								
Public information								
Personal services		353,180		353,180		344,338		(8,842)
Supplies		3,600		3,600		-		(3,600)
Other services and charges		125,922		125,922		41,878		(84,044)
Capital outlay								
Public information		93,200		93,200				(93,200)
Total expenditures		575,902		575,902		386,216		(189,686)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		183,598		183,598		295,874		112,276
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(89,000)		(89,000)		-		89,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(89,000)		(89,000)				89,000
Net change in fund balances	\$	94,598	\$	94,598		295,874	\$	201,276
Fund balances - January 1						1,833,245		
Fund balances - December 31					\$	2,129,119		

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Statement 29

		2022									
		Budget	ed Amou	nts		Actual	Var	iance with			
	(Original		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget				
Revenues											
Intergovernmental	\$	165,000	\$	165,000	\$	30,000	\$	(135,000)			
Interest income (loss)						(299)		(299)			
Total revenues		165,000		165,000		29,701		(135,299)			
Expenditures Current											
Housing maintenance		465.000		455.000		22.222		(405.000)			
Other services and charges		165,000		165,000		30,000		(135,000)			
Total expenditures		165,000		165,000		30,000		(135,000)			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$		\$	(299)	\$	(299)			
Fund balances - January 1						462,341					
Fund balances - December 31					\$	462,042					

Statement 30

SPECIAL SERVICES DISTRICTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022									
	 Budget	ed Amo	unts		Actual	Var	iance with			
	 Original		Final		mounts	Fin	al Budget			
Revenues	 									
Charges for services	\$ 27,949	\$	27,949	\$	27,949	\$	-			
Special assessments	223,772		223,772		222,993		(779)			
Interest income (loss)	-		-		(2,847)		(2,847)			
Miscellaneous	 1,933		1,933		2,208		275			
Total revenues	 253,654		253,654		250,303		(3,351)			
Expenditures										
Current										
Personal services	2,800		2,800		870		(1,930)			
Supplies	26,663		26,663		214		(26,449)			
Other services and charges	 263,258		263,258		195,678		(67,580)			
Total expenditures	 292,721		292,721		196,762		(95,959)			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (39,067)	\$	(39,067)	\$	53,541	\$	92,608			
Fund balances - January 1					161,898					
Fund balances - December 31				\$	215,439					

AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRUST FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Statement 31

	Budgete	ed Amou	ints		Actual	Va	riance with
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues	 <u>. </u>				_		
Property taxes	\$ 1,517,799	\$	1,517,799	\$	1,506,396		(\$11,403)
Interest income (loss)	15,000		15,000		(50,590)		(65,590)
Total revenues	 1,532,799		1,532,799		1,455,806		(76,993)
Expenditures							
Current							
Other services and charges	1,650,000		1,650,000		503		(1,649,497)
Total expenditures	 1,650,000		1,650,000		503		(1,649,497)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (117,201)		(117,201)		1,455,303		1,572,504
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-		-		1,216,559		1,216,559
Transfers out	 (397,133)		(397,133)		(397,133)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (397,133)		(397,133)		819,426		1,216,559
Net change in fund balances	\$ (514,334)	\$	(514,334)	\$	2,274,729	\$	2,789,063
Fund balances - January 1					4,123,796		
Fund balances - December 31				\$	6,398,525		

CLIMATE INVESTMENT FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL
For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

Statement 32

		Budgete	ed Amou	nts		Actual	Var	iance with
	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Interest income (loss)	\$		\$		\$	(5,838)	\$	(5,838)
Total revenues						(5,838)		(5,838)
Expenditures								
Current								
Social and economic development								
Other services and charges		391,000		391,000		77,120		(313,880)
Total expenditures		391,000		391,000		77,120		(313,880)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(391,000)		(391,000)		(82,958)		308,042
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		300,000		300,000		300,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		300,000		300,000		300,000		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(91,000)	\$	(91,000)	\$	217,042	\$	308,042
Fund balances - January 1						500,945		
Fund balances - December 31					\$	717,987		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The City has three Internal Service Funds to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds account for employee benefits including pensions and other postemployment benefits, insurance, and capital replacement.

CITY OF ST. LOUIS PARK, MINNESOTA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2022

					V	ehicles &					
	Employee Be	nefits	Ins	surance	E	quipment	Munio	ipal Buildings	Techno	ology	 Total
Assets											
Current assets			_		_						
Cash and investments	\$ 236	5,023	\$	2,294,989	\$	856,050	\$	533,404	\$ 2,	066,632	\$ 5,987,098
Due from other governments		-		-		-		1,306		1,306	2,612
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		2,200		276	2,476
Prepaid items		,767		-		-		-		87,092	 288,859
Total current assets	437	,790		2,294,989		856,050		536,910	2,	155,306	 6,281,045
Noncurrent assets											
Capital assets, at cost											
Land		-		-		-		-		818,094	818,094
Building and structures		-		-				9,481,724		38,598	9,520,322
Improvements other than buildings		-		-		49,248		2,255,521		313,087	2,617,856
Infrastructure		-		-		-		622,563		691,238	1,313,801
Machinery, furniture and equipment		-		-		6,443,724		324,567		334,790	10,103,081
Fleet		-		-		9,504,834		-		914,193	10,419,027
Construction in progress						121,011				10,000	 131,011
Total capital assets, at cost		-		-		16,118,817		12,684,375	6,	120,000	34,923,192
Less: accumulated depreciation				-		(9,964,977)		(3,737,412)	(3,	740,591)	 (17,442,980)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		-		-		6,153,840		8,946,963	2,	379,409	17,480,212
Right to use leased assets, at cost											
Machinery, furniture and equipment		-		-		-		-		56,372	56,372
Fleet		-		-		146,364				-	146,364
Total right to use leased assets, at cost		-		-		146,364		-		56,372	202,736
Less: accumulated amortization		-		-		(37,212)		-		(26,245)	(63,457)
Total right to use leased assets, net of accumulated amortization		-		-		109,152		-		30,127	139,279
Total noncurrent assets		-		-		6,262,992		8,946,963	2,	409,536	17,619,491
Total assets	437	,790		2,294,989		7,119,042		9,483,873	4,	564,842	 23,900,536
Deferred outflows of resources											
Related to pensions	29,451	2/11									29,451,341
Related to OPEB				-		-		-		-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,436 30,887										 1,436,161 30,887,502
Total deletred outflows of resources	30,887	,302								<u> </u>	 30,867,302
Liabilities											
Current liabilities											
Accounts payable	41	,425		603,181		157,608		20,465		33,686	856,365
Accrued flex spending		3,613		-						-	18,613
Due to other governments	10	-				_		_		81,159	81,159
Compensated absences payable - current	2,823	293				_		_		01,133	2,823,293
Leases liability - current	2,020	-,233				29,742		_		24,991	54,733
Other postemployment benefits payable - current	21/	,438		_		23,742		_		24,331	214,438
Total current liabilities	3,097			603,181		187,350		20,465		139,836	 4,048,601
Noncurrent liabilities	3,037	,703		003,161		187,330		20,403		139,030	 4,048,001
Compensated absences payable	1 201	F00									1 201 500
	1,381	.,596		-		90.457		-		- - 672	1,381,598
Lease liability	F 001	400		-		80,457		-		5,672	86,129
Other postemployment benefits payable	5,901			-		-		-		-	5,901,499 52.395.071
Net pension liability	52,395	 _				- 00 457					 - ,,-
Total noncurrent liabilities	59,678	5,168				80,457				5,672	 59,764,297
Total liabilities	62,775	,937		603,181		267,807		20,465		145,508	 63,812,898
Deferred inflows of resources											
Related to pensions	648	,802		-		-		-		-	648,802
Related to OPEB	94	,762		-		-		-		-	94,762
Total deferred inflows of resources		,564		-		-		-		-	743,564
Net position											
Net investment in capital assets		_				6,152,793		8,946,963	า	378,873	17,478,629
Unrestricted	(32,194	- 2001		1 601 909		698,442		516,445		040,461	
Officacificted	(32,194	,,203)		1,691,808		030,442		310,443	Z,	040,401	 (27,247,053)

CITY OF ST. LOUIS PARK, MINNESOTA
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Employee Benefits	Insurance	Vehicles & Equipment	Municipal Buildings	Technology	Interfund Eliminations	Total
Operating revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 3,066,711	\$ -	\$ 1,453,204	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,519,915
Other	243,957	97,073		3,995	5,650		350,675
Total operating revenues	3,310,668	97,073	1,453,204	3,995	5,650		4,870,590
Operating expenses							
Personal services	6,858,934	343,481	-	-	-	-	7,202,415
Supplies	-	-	1,275	-	735,150	-	736,425
Professional services	66,765	-	3,026	-	176,198	-	245,989
Insurance deductibles and uninsured losses	-	982,117	-	-	-	-	982,117
Depreciation	-	-	1,285,132	406,100	381,460	-	2,072,692
Other	21,421	8,938	159,248	110,709	722,789		1,023,105
Total operating expenses	6,947,120	1,334,536	1,448,681	516,809	2,015,597		12,262,743
Operating income (loss)	(3,636,452	(1,237,463)	4,523	(512,814)	(2,009,947)		(7,392,153)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Interest income (loss)	(616	2,885	(13,299)	57	(27,796)	-	(38,769)
Property taxes	150,000	-	-	250,000	1,325,240	-	1,725,240
Intergovernmental revenue	435,897	-	-	9,082	11,503	-	456,482
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	-	54,838	-	-	-	54,838
Interest expense		-	(3,984)		(124)		(4,108)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	585,281	2,885	37,555	259,139	1,308,823		2,193,683
Income (loss) before transfers	(3,051,171	(1,234,578)	42,078	(253,675)	(701,124)	-	(5,198,470)
Transfers in	488,000	2,249,512	6,809,157	9,717,083	147,416	(16,526,240)	2,884,928
Transfers out					(16,526,240)	16,526,240	
Change in net position	(2,563,171	1,014,934	6,851,235	9,463,408	(17,079,948)	-	(2,313,542)
Net position - January 1	(29,631,038	676,874			21,499,282		(7,454,882)
Net position - December 31	\$ (32,194,209	\$ 1,691,808	\$ 6,851,235	\$ 9,463,408	\$ 4,419,334	\$ -	\$ (9,768,424)

CITY OF ST. LOUIS PARK, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

		mployee Benefits	Insurance		/ehicles & quipment	Municipal Buildings	Technology		Total
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	3,066,711	\$ -	Ś	1,453,204	\$ -	\$ -	Ś	4,519,915
Other operating cash receipts	Ą	244,567	111,380	Ą	1,433,204	1,795	5,650	Ş	363,392
Payments to suppliers		(119,071)	(304,487)		(5,941)	(90,244)	(1,636,774)		(2,156,517)
Payments to employees		(4,454,455)	(343,481)		(3,341)	(30,244)	(1,030,774)		(4,797,936)
Net cash flows provided (used) by		(4,434,433)	(343,401)						(4,737,330)
operating activities		(1,262,248)	(536,588)		1,447,263	(88,449)	(1,631,124)		(2,071,146)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities									
Transfers in		488,000	749,512		-	-	-		1,237,512
Property taxes		150,000	-		-	250,000	1,780,511		2,180,511
Intergovernmental receipts		435,897	-		-	7,776	12,810		456,483
Net cash flows provided (used) by					<u> </u>				
noncapital financing activities		1,073,897	749,512		-	257,776	1,793,321		3,874,506
Cash flows from capital and related									
financing activities									
Transfers in		-	1,500,000		-	500,000	147,416		2,147,416
Transfers out		-	-		-	-	(500,000)		(500,000)
Acquisition of capital assets		-	-		(649,634)	(135,980)	(92,615)		(878,229)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		-	42,351		111,867	-	-		154,218
Principal paid on lease liability		-	-		(36,163)	-	(28,014)		(64,177)
Interest paid on lease liability		-			(3,984)		(124)		(4,108)
Net cash flows provided (used) by			•						_
and related financing activities			1,542,351		(577,914)	364,020	(473,337)		855,120
Cash flows from investing activities									
Investment income		(616)	2,885		(13,299)	57	(27,796)		(38,769)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(188,967)	1,758,160		856,050	533,404	(338,936)		2,619,711
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		424,990	536,829				2,405,568		3,367,387
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	\$	236,023	\$ 2,294,989	\$	856,050	\$ 533,404	\$ 2,066,632	\$	5,987,098

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Employee Benefits	Insurance	/ehicles & Equipment	Municipal Buildings	R	Capital Replacement	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	 						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$ (3,636,452)	\$ (1,237,463)	\$ 4,523	\$ (512,814)	\$	(2,009,947)	\$ (7,392,153)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)							
to net cash flows from operating activities							
Depreciation	-	-	1,285,132	406,100		381,460	2,072,692
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows							
Accounts receivable	610	14,307	-	(2,200)		-	12,717
Prepaid items	(7,262)	99,224	-	-		(30,283)	61,679
Deferred outflows of resources	(10,464,154)	-	-	-		-	(10,464,154)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows							
Accounts payable	(23,623)	587,344	157,608	20,465		(19,510)	722,284
Accrued flex spending	6,838	-	-	-		-	6,838
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-		47,156	47,156
Compensated absences payable	(80,972)	-	-	-		-	(80,972)
Other postemployment benefits	364,596	-	_	-		-	364,596
Net pension liability	36,288,553	-	_	-		-	36,288,553
Deferred inflows of resources	 (23,710,382)	 		 			 (23,710,382)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (1,262,248)	\$ (536,588)	\$ 1,447,263	\$ (88,449)	\$	(1,631,124)	\$ (2,071,146)
Noncash capital and related financing activities							
Capital assets acquired via lease	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 146,364	\$ -	\$	56,372	\$ 202,736
Transfer of capital assets between funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,809,157	\$ 9,217,083	\$	(16,026,240)	\$ -

III. STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

This statistical part of the City of St. Louis Park's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	170
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property tax.	182
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	188
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	195
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	198

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 96,480,493 13,560,965 45,688,600	\$ 94,891,625 10,971,995 49,971,778	\$ 96,286,131 10,608,709 31,667,135	\$ 96,458,787 10,658,889 31,751,796
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 155,730,058	\$ 155,835,398	\$ 138,561,975	\$ 138,869,472
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 19,127,309 11,540,303	\$ 22,818,382 4,783,696	\$ 22,753,326 4,620,302	\$ 23,030,284 5,849,650
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 30,667,612	\$ 27,602,078	\$ 27,373,628	\$ 28,879,934
Total primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 115,607,802 13,560,965 57,228,903	\$ 117,710,007 10,971,995 54,755,474	\$ 119,039,457 10,608,709 36,287,437	\$ 119,489,071 10,658,889 37,601,446
Total primary government	\$ 186,397,670	\$ 183,437,476	\$ 165,935,603	\$ 167,749,406

Note:

GASB 65 was implemented in 2013. Net position was restated for 2012 to reflect the expenses of bond issuance costs in the year of issuance. Net position for years prior to 2012 was not restated.

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015. Net position was restated for 2014 to reflect the reporting of net pension liability and pension related deferred outflows of resources. Net position for years prior to 2014 was not restated.

					Fisca	al Year					
2	2017		2018		2019		2020	 2021	2022		
1	03,279,857 .1,439,977 .6,888,688	\$	107,090,668 13,200,855 23,914,099	\$	102,644,391 22,391,884 11,937,764	\$	103,325,878 15,556,085 24,180,714	\$ 86,983,523 24,710,300 35,856,005	\$	81,133,330 27,223,707 40,861,576	
\$ 14	1,608,522	\$	144,205,622	\$	136,974,039	\$	143,062,677	\$ 147,549,828	\$	149,218,613	
	25,716,982 4,979,057	\$	25,992,377 6,163,907	\$	27,805,955 6,426,698	\$	30,198,068 8,071,994	\$ 30,830,919 12,031,336	\$	32,352,244 17,010,155	
\$ 3	0,696,039	\$	32,156,284	\$	34,232,653	\$	38,270,062	\$ 42,862,255	\$	49,362,399	
1	28,996,839 1,439,977 31,867,745	\$	133,083,045 13,200,855 30,078,006	\$	130,450,346 22,391,884 18,364,462	\$	133,523,946 15,556,085 32,252,708	\$ 117,814,442 24,710,300 47,887,341	\$	113,485,574 27,223,707 57,871,731	
\$ 17	2,304,561	\$	176,361,906	\$	171,206,692	\$	181,332,739	\$ 190,412,083	\$	198,581,012	

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year					
		2013		2014	2015		2016	
Expenses		_		_		_		
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	10,085,905	\$	9,161,922	\$	10,712,749	\$	11,182,348
Public safety		13,365,297		13,954,604		15,336,854		20,091,787
Public information		466,043		507,928		3,057,509		549,940
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-
Operations		-		-		-		-
Operations and recreation		13,487,238		13,318,552		9,996,885		13,352,637
Engineering		16,046,665		21,045,392		10,185,956		5,091,818
Housing and rehabilitation		1,774,657		909,051		707,661		528,467
Housing maintenance		141,250		130,534		84,505		144,204
Social and economic development		9,040,280		8,058,914		8,872,479		8,826,281
Interest on long-term debt		1,295,298		1,185,975		1,233,107		1,620,489
Total governmental activities expenses	<u></u>	65,702,633		68,272,872		60,187,705		61,387,971
Business-type activities								
Water		5,747,116		4,609,579		4,684,190		4,773,624
Sewer		5,272,646		4,885,748		5,333,887		6,002,088
Solid Waste		3,614,118		2,813,587		2,917,214		3,256,804
Storm Water		1,390,235		1,422,645		1,400,975		1,514,761
Total business-type activities expenses		16,024,115		13,731,559		14,336,266		15,547,277
Total expenses	\$	81,726,748	\$	82,004,431	\$	74,523,971	\$	76,935,248
Program revenues		5-7:67:5		0=/00 1/10=		,		
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	\$	1,024,253	\$	1,142,294	\$	1,185,881	\$	1,184,122
Public safety	Ψ	3,109,813	*	3,477,244	Ψ.	4,237,819	Ψ	4,354,793
Public information		-		-		10,000		.,00 .,700
Culture and recreation		_		_		-		_
Operations and recreation		2,035,715		2,089,052		2,344,863		2,122,730
Engineering		1,032		318,873		144,151		97,688
Housing and rehabilitation		8,606		7,537		6,315		7,607
Housing maintenance		-		241		0,313		7,007
Social and economic development		250,015		224,252		256,557		259,910
Interest on long-term debt		230,013		224,232		230,337		239,910
Operating grants and contributions		2,709,644		2,024,171		3,586,440		2,512,011
Capital grants and contributions		11,881,109		12,066,132		3,178,294		3,960,739
Total governmental activities program revenue		21,020,187		21,349,796		14,950,320		14,499,600
Business-type activities		21,020,107	-	21,343,730		14,550,520		14,433,000
Charges for services								
Water		5,037,067		5,188,065		5,766,601		5,674,239
_ 111								
Sewer		5,822,085		5,841,377		6,112,024		6,663,731
Solid Waste		2,912,415		3,179,732		3,189,566		2,905,899
Storm Water		2,054,915		2,246,201		2,472,134		2,642,860
Operating grants and contributions		135,642		127,742		128,610		181,525
Capital grants and contributions		45.062.424		16 502 447		17.000.005		799,894
Total business-type activities program revenue		15,962,124		16,583,117		17,668,935		18,868,148
Total program revenues	<u>\$</u>	36,982,311	\$	37,932,913	\$	32,619,255	\$	33,367,748

		Fisca	Year					
 2017	 2018	 2019		2020		2021		2022
\$ 10,648,181 17,870,131 647,316	\$ 11,051,775 17,621,109 642,350	\$ 12,022,082 18,868,900 594,521	\$	12,065,668 18,283,411 924,428	\$	11,981,562 18,168,010 496,229	\$	14,543,794 23,014,115 1,832,219
-	-	7,463,862		6,454,814		6,782,740		8,419,354
-	-	20,692,741		18,700,327		21,980,357		19,750,249
13,448,470	15,146,290	-				-		-
7,859,907	7,491,753	-				-		-
480,911	530,192	1,001,834		1,085,356		780,257		5,473,490
72,244	19,768	89,828		709,009		-		-
10,987,654	12,549,378	16,536,420		11,642,624		11,246,159		14,493,892
 1,511,329	 1,456,241	 2,139,962		1,818,341		1,991,765		2,103,528
 63,526,143	 66,508,856	 79,410,150		71,683,978		73,427,079		89,630,641
4,786,816	5,445,760	5,922,733		5,545,411		5,743,764		6,261,586
6,227,919	6,083,196	6,387,860		6,020,350		6,828,464		6,176,756
3,390,874	3,463,412	3,527,810		3,666,565		3,681,072		3,788,443
1,611,785	2,372,829	2,179,955		2,206,992		2,331,779		2,190,790
 16,017,394	 17,365,197	 18,018,358		17,534,121		18,585,079		18,417,575
\$ 79,543,537	\$ 83,874,053	\$ 97,428,508	\$	89,218,099	\$	92,012,158	\$	108,048,216
\$ 1,143,220 3,962,306	\$ 1,214,710 4,049,914 -	\$ 1,231,454 5,212,202	\$	- 6,353,145 -	\$	1,266,925 4,719,500	\$	1,323,472 6,756,712 -
-	576	-		89,008		-		-
2,308,221	2,516,191	2,566,014		1,703,896		2,982,628		4,002,198
134,508	136,648	156,330		-		-		-
4,514	633,932	3,467		-		750		2,676
255,109	213,944	216,989		330,072		213,828		239,886
- 2 670 054	-	- 2 260 246		-		2 006 200		- 2 247 547
3,670,054	2,666,090	3,360,346		6,426,976		2,886,299		3,247,517
 5,205,879 16,683,811	 3,526,377 14,958,382	 2,693,816 15,440,618		3,646,262 18,549,359		3,996,798 16,066,728		8,958,110 24,530,571
 10,005,611	 14,930,302	 13,440,018		10,349,339	-	10,000,728	-	24,330,371
6,089,295	6,469,268	6,908,538		7,989,679		8,535,668		9,156,315
7,261,014	7,360,679	7,634,597		8,059,428		8,528,207		8,971,596
3,237,506	3,348,948	3,538,931		3,782,579		4,267,345		4,540,176
2,816,349	2,887,425	3,059,282		3,158,072		3,322,640		3,541,917
159,376	174,250	196,100		196,223		212,446		206,308
 279,801	 429,928	 556,508		299,018		430,010		829,382
19,843,341	20,670,498	21,893,956		23,484,999		25,296,316		27,245,694
\$ 36,527,152	\$ 35,628,880	\$ 37,334,574	\$	42,034,358	\$	41,363,044	\$	51,776,265

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	ıl Year		
	-	2013		2014		2015	2016
Net (expenses) revenues			-				
Governmental activities	\$	(44,682,446)	\$	(46,923,076)	\$	(45,237,385)	\$ (46,888,371)
Business-type activities		(61,991)		2,851,558		3,332,669	 3,320,871
Total primary government	\$	(44,744,437)	\$	(44,071,518)	\$	(41,904,716)	\$ (43,567,500)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position							
Governmental activities							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$	26,963,176	\$	27,398,157	\$	28,209,567	\$ 30,185,703
Tax increment		6,647,729		7,380,995		6,763,951	7,733,689
Franchise taxes		2,211,569		2,268,213		2,915,732	3,079,399
Lodging taxes		-		-		-	-
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs		45,266		504,035		557,671	584,639
Unrestricted investment earnings		138,899		407,753		221,408	388,647
Gain on sale of capital assets		69,237		464,629		577,248	142,713
Miscellaneous		2,199,629		2,609,539		2,985,997	3,201,122
Transfers		1,761,927		5,995,095		3,620,449	1,879,956
Total governmental activities general revenues		40,037,432		47,028,416		45,852,023	 47,195,868
Business-type activities							
Unrestricted investment earnings		(3,348)		78,003		59,330	65,391
Miscellaneous		-		-		-	-
Transfers		(1,761,927)		(5,995,095)		(3,620,449)	 (1,879,956)
Total business-type activities general revenues		(1,765,275)		(5,917,092)		(3,561,119)	 (1,814,565)
Total primary government	\$	38,272,157	\$	41,111,324	\$	42,290,904	\$ 45,381,303
Change in net position							
Governmental activities	\$	(4,645,014)	\$	105,340	\$	614,638	\$ 307,497
Business-type activities		(1,827,266)		(3,065,534)		(228,450)	 1,506,306
Total primary government	\$	(6,472,280)	\$	(2,960,194)	\$	386,188	\$ 1,813,803

Note:

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015. Pension expense for years prior to 2015 was not restated.

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	(46,842,332) 3,825,947	\$	(51,550,474) 3,305,301	\$	(63,969,532) 3,875,598	\$	(53,134,619) 5,950,878	\$	(57,360,351) 6,711,237	\$	(65,100,070) 8,828,119
\$	(43,016,385)	\$	(48,245,173)	\$	(60,093,934)	\$	(47,183,741)	\$	(50,649,114)	\$	(56,271,951)
\$	31,582,993 8,961,792 3,763,394	\$	33,449,668 10,266,075 3,804,678	\$	34,566,143 11,027,616 1,074,002	\$	36,651,274 12,081,105 4,569,901	\$	37,841,783 12,875,438 5,122,147	\$	41,059,104 14,185,011 5,469,040
	590,978		1,021,855 618,645		4,212,728 319,322		339,055 331,454		543,133 587,658		905,461 816,658
	408,945 106,204 2,091,334 2,075,742		739,130 1,751,339 491,591 2,004,593		1,669,916 178,509 1,619,458 2,070,255		1,232,923 56,625 1,858,081 2,102,839		(215,865) 149,946 2,289,514 2,196,105		(888,151 164,728 2,826,100 2,230,904
	49,581,382		54,147,574		56,737,949		59,223,257		61,389,859		66,768,855
	65,900 -		159,537 -		271,026 -		172,777 -		(45,939) -		(97,071
	(2,075,742)		(2,004,593)	-	(2,070,255)		(2,102,839)		(2,196,105)		(2,230,904
¢	(2,009,842) 47,571,540	\$	(1,845,056) 52,302,518	\$	(1,799,229) 54,938,720	\$	(1,930,062) 57,293,195	\$	(2,242,044) 59,147,815	\$	(2,327,975 64,440,880
٧	+1,311,340	<u> </u>	32,302,310	<u> </u>	34,330,720	<u> </u>	31,233,133	<u>~</u>	33,147,013	<u> </u>	04,440,660
\$	2,739,050 1,816,105	\$	2,597,100 1,460,245	\$	(7,231,583) 2,076,369	\$	6,088,638 4,020,816	\$	4,029,508 4,469,193	\$	1,668,785 6,500,144
\$	4,555,155	\$	4,057,345	\$	(5,155,214)	\$	10,109,454	\$	8,498,701	\$	8,168,929

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 3

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Franchise Tax	Total
2013	33,610,905	2,211,569	35,822,474
2014	34,779,152	2,268,213	37,047,365
2015	34,973,518	2,915,732	37,889,250
2016	37,919,392	3,079,399	40,998,791
2017	40,544,785	3,763,394	44,308,179
2018	43,715,743	3,804,678	47,520,421
2019	45,593,759	4,212,728	49,806,487
2020	48,732,379	4,569,901	53,302,280
2021	50,717,221	5,122,147	55,839,368
2022	55,244,115	5,469,040	60,713,155

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fisca	al Year			
		2013	2014		2015		2016
General fund							
Nonspendable	\$	256,251	\$ 397,873	\$	566,574	\$	330,483
Restricted		498,922	492,223		464,469		413,787
Assigned		691,171	696,293		758,084		936,663
Unassigned		14,342,422	 14,576,348		15,242,009		16,193,763
Total General fund	\$	15,788,766	\$ 16,162,737	\$	17,031,136	\$	17,874,696
All other governmental funds							
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$	23,563
Restricted	•	15,102,011	12,663,957		12,457,701	•	10,057,843
Committed		467,682	483,590		481,009		466,287
Assigned		33,481,454	38,701,128		39,567,878		41,068,221
Unassigned		(7,020,483)	 (8,819,377)		(6,551,326)		(5,187,339)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	42,030,664	\$ 43,029,298	\$	45,955,262	\$	46,428,575

		Fisca	l Year			
2017	 2018	 2019		2020	 2021	 2022
\$ 292,821 392,004 1,050,569 17,054,520	\$ 258,932 272,840 1,025,207 17,697,405	\$ 340,247 126,683 1,602,523 18,762,374	\$	362,022 82,986 992,938 25,386,153	\$ 517,589 94,311 1,275,140 21,928,316	\$ 324,139 87,357 1,304,322 23,945,846
\$ 18,789,914	\$ 19,254,384	\$ 20,831,827	\$	26,824,099	\$ 23,815,356	\$ 25,661,664
\$ 6,500 11,725,590 696,235 33,609,392 (3,628,247)	\$ 19,700 12,196,553 1,064,284 33,843,896 (7,382,436)	\$ 6,799 28,145,222 913,497 31,598,020 (7,310,832)	\$	18,877,118 812,078 30,398,365 (5,887,231)	\$ 9,500 23,013,971 1,535,938 33,433,213 (4,954,407)	\$ 3,100 25,561,608 2,118,897 35,172,356 (10,883,317)
\$ 42,409,470	\$ 39,741,997	\$ 53,352,706	\$	44,200,330	\$ 53,038,215	\$ 51,972,644

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fis	cal Year	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues		 -		
Taxes	\$ 25,658,762	\$ 24,361,524	\$ 26,598,373	\$ 27,734,546
Tax increments	6,647,729	7,380,995	6,763,951	7,733,689
Abatement of property taxes	-	-	-	-
Lodging tax	-	-	-	-
Franchise taxes	2,211,569	2,268,213	2,915,732	3,079,399
Licenses and permits	3,069,090	3,413,683	4,312,702	4,320,078
Intergovernmental	13,887,247	13,216,055	6,017,025	4,345,482
Charges for services	3,052,789	3,476,264	3,608,933	3,406,964
Fines and forfeits	311,882	369,546	263,951	299,808
Special assessments	1,505,568	1,268,539	1,238,873	1,192,628
Investment earnings	123,306	386,263	199,747	362,196
Miscellaneous	2,216,820	2,577,300	3,051,946	3,230,390
Total revenues	58,684,762	58,718,382	54,971,233	55,705,180
Expenditures				
General government	7,162,588	7,376,380	7,813,046	8,188,193
Public safety	12,435,341	13,239,729	14,025,463	14,669,251
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-
Operations and recreation	10,083,541	10,450,789	9,710,604	9,688,872
Operations	-	-	-	-
Engineering	15,998,842	21,013,383	10,068,447	480,162
Public information	408,683	462,341	561,252	477,721
Housing and rehabilitation	1,715,540	875,225	538,411	482,313
Housing maintenance	141,250	130,534	84,505	144,204
Social and economic development	8,910,821	7,928,905	8,872,479	8,673,638
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Debt service				
Principal	3,275,000	1,970,000	1,612,827	1,681,876
Interest	1,298,016	1,138,100	1,210,971	1,446,371
Other charges	3,895	54,433	2,640	2,717
Bond issuance costs	, -	, -	, -	111,922
Capital outlay	2,089,798	2,271,988	3,486,864	19,894,828
Total expenditures	63,523,315	66,911,807	57,987,509	65,942,068
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,838,553)	(8,193,425)	(3,016,276)	(10,236,888)
	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	10,472,534	19,317,129	13,296,241	8,148,651
Transfers out	(9,531,189)	(15,241,005)	(9,462,850)	(6,994,545)
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-
Bonds issued	-	5,070,000	-	10,000,000
Proceeds from long term debt	-	-	2,200,000	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	98,040	-	396,655
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	8,590	321,866	777,248	3,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	949,935	9,566,030	6,810,639	11,553,761
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,888,618)	\$ 1,372,605	\$ 3,794,363	\$ 1,316,873
Debt service as a percentage of				
noncapital expenditures	7.44%	4.81%	5.18%	6.02%

			Fiscal	Year		
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$	28,941,646	\$ 31,853,551	\$ 32,598,016	\$ 34,531,332	\$ 36,198,206	\$ 39,294,300
Ψ	8,961,792	10,266,075	11,368,332	12,081,105	12,875,438	14,185,011
	-		(340,716)	112,630	(257,203)	
	-	1,021,855	4,212,728	339,055	543,133	905,461
	3,763,394	3,804,678	1,074,002	4,569,901	5,122,147	5,469,040
	3,985,517	4,001,645	5,264,659	5,294,314	4,997,981	7,282,483
	8,228,158	5,240,175	5,383,495	6,904,307	6,868,059	6,561,710
	3,529,125	3,708,327	3,847,458	3,055,615	4,034,686	4,849,157
	293,236	282,146	274,339	126,192	150,964	175,090
	1,169,859	1,150,577	1,183,508	1,127,497	1,322,729	1,316,841
	369,203	677,131	1,616,635	1,176,200	(238,771)	(849,382)
	2,218,712	1,529,337	1,701,458	1,901,751	2,348,898	3,052,915
	61,460,642	63,535,497	68,183,914	71,219,899	73,966,267	82,242,626
	0 1/12 675	0.075.626	0 272 449	0.400.304	0.459.536	0.265.660
	8,142,675 15,824,577	9,075,636 17,050,302	9,372,448 17,651,051	9,490,394 17,806,753	9,458,536 19,290,081	9,365,669 20,750,758
	13,824,377	17,030,302	6,571,735	6,454,814	6,813,935	8,079,262
	10,665,329	11,031,544	0,371,733	0,434,614	0,813,933	8,079,202
	-	-	14,448,732	17,097,698	21,366,729	16,876,505
	7,754,421	4,449,897			//	
	495,256	567,653	477,150	875,890	452,420	388,391
	453,940	512,029	796,010	1,060,588	776,654	5,424,459
	57,370	12,040	60,315	709,009	-	30,000
	10,857,645	10,479,359	15,396,270	11,513,051	11,110,229	14,307,230
	-	-	26,282	517,651	482,494	585,774
	3,650,297	2,055,000	2,990,000	11,915,000	3,495,000	4,195,000
	1,493,780	1,462,325	1,468,620	2,138,151	1,907,737	2,153,150
	- 40,419	33,060	- 309,945	124,200	- 157,707	195,260
	10,159,659	14,388,878	16,857,464	8,140,774	6,339,203	3,502,579
	69,595,368	71,117,723	86,426,022	87,843,973	81,650,725	85,854,037
	(8,134,726)	(7,582,226)	(18,242,108)	(16,624,074)	(7,684,458)	(3,611,411)
	5,586,488	7,282,081	3,919,120	7,537,016	10,843,129	5,443,812
	(4,182,613)	(5,608,462)	(2,299,247)	(5,573,129)	(10,260,254)	(6,097,836)
	3,430,000	2,020,000	32,005,001	10,505,000	12,385,000	1,345,000 4,900,000
	- 196,964	- 5,659	- 1,965,386	- 938,458	- 529,431	- 36,282
	-	-	(2,160,000)	-	525,451	(1,345,000)
		1,679,945		56,625	16,294	109,890
	5,030,839	5,379,223	33,430,260	13,463,970	13,513,600	4,392,148
\$	(3,103,887)	\$ (2,203,003)	\$ 15,188,152	\$ (3,160,104)	\$ 5,829,142	\$ 780,737
	<u>=</u>		<u></u>			
	8.61%	5.6%	6.0%	17.6%	7.4%	7.7%

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
ASSESSED VALUE/TAX CAPACITY VALUE AND ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE
OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fisca	l Vez	ar	
	2013	2014		2015	2016
Population	46,362	47,411		47,502	48,354
Real Property					
Total assessed/tax capacity value	\$ 61,348,576	\$ 62,068,742	\$	65,599,841	\$ 71,118,692
Less tax increment districts - Area-wide allocation (net)	(5,587,609) (2,940,678)	(6,130,653) (3,670,487)		(5,894,025) (3,879,478)	(6,798,025) (3,168,815)
Net assessed/tax capacity value	\$ 52,820,289	\$ 52,267,602	\$	55,826,338	\$ 61,151,852
Estimated market value	\$ 5,103,186,900	\$ 5,123,316,900	\$	5,435,136,500	\$ 5,841,548,800
Personal Property					
Assessed/tax capacity value	\$ 559,718	\$ 576,427	\$	607,025	\$ 614,793
Estimated market value	\$ 28,487,900	\$ 29,320,000	\$	30,852,400	\$ 31,212,200
Total Real and Personal Property					
Assessed/tax capacity value	\$ 53,380,007	\$ 52,844,029	\$	56,433,363	\$ 61,766,645
Estimated market value	\$ 5,131,674,800	\$ 5,152,636,900	\$	5,465,988,900	\$ 5,872,761,000
Tax Capacity Rate	46.6%	48.6%		47.8%	46.2%

		Fiscal	l Voar			
2017	 2018	2019	TCai	2020	2021	2022
48,747	49,039	48,677		49,834	50,010	48,827
\$ 77,324,247	\$ 81,272,437	\$ 88,023,090	\$	95,317,915	\$ 101,379,851	\$ 105,817,137
 (8,211,886) (4,255,021)	(8,746,231) (4,787,086)	(10,129,650) (4,741,344)		(10,875,524) (5,233,557)	(11,817,305) (5,628,072)	(12,614,033) (6,248,597)
\$ 64,857,340	\$ 67,739,120	\$ 73,152,096	\$	79,208,834	\$ 83,934,474	\$ 86,954,507
\$ 6,306,324,900	\$ 6,637,473,500	\$ 7,205,288,500	\$	7,731,035,100	\$ 8,164,996,400	\$ 8,539,554,600
\$ 650,504	\$ 710,227	\$ 747,358	\$	739,713	\$ 777,794	\$ 302,259
\$ 33,056,300	\$ 36,048,400	\$ 37,926,900	\$	37,525,400	\$ 39,320,700	\$ 15,556,200
\$ 65,507,844	\$ 68,469,347	\$ 73,899,454	\$	79,948,547	\$ 84,712,268	\$ 87,256,766
\$ 6,339,381,200	\$ 6,673,521,900	\$ 7,243,215,400	\$	7,768,560,500	\$ 8,204,317,100	\$ 8,555,110,800
46.2%	46.4%	44.7%		43.4%	42.9%	44.7%

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Y	/ear	
City of St. Louis Park	2013	2014	2015	2016
Operating Rate	42.902	45.868	45.234	43.744
Debt Service Rate	3.650	2.702	2.520	2.451
Total City Direct Rates	46.552	48.570	47.754	46.195
Overlapping Rates				
County				
Operating Rate	49.461	49.959	46.398	45.356
School District				
Operating Rate	13.976	16.741	15.642	14.887
Debt Service Rate	15.754	15.617	14.698	13.627
Other Taxing Districts				
St. Louis Park HRA Levy	1.676	1.808	1.679	1.634
Metro Mosquito Control	0.556	0.563	0.507	0.483
Metro Council	0.997	1.069	0.976	0.925
Metro Transit Debt	1.689	1.703	1.523	1.491
Hennepin County HRA	0.478	0.514	0.471	0.439
Hennepin Parks	4.054	4.169	3.789	3.601
Park Museum	0.754	0.766	0.702	0.712
HC Regional Railroad Authority	1.561	1.777	1.817	1.879
Referendum Market Value Based Rate	-	-	-	-
Watershed	1.769	1.806	1.738	1.724
Total Overlapping Rates	92.725	96.492	89.940	86.758
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	139.277	145.062	137.694	132.953

		Fiscal Ye	ar		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
42.933	41.759	40.090	38.656	37.652	38.64
3.267	4.624	4.616	4.742	5.203	6.03
46.200	46.383	44.706	43.398	42.855	44.683
44.087	42.808	41.861	41.084	38.210	38.53
id					
12.364	14.506	13.578	13.946	14.273	15.59
13.247	14.529	13.444	13.244	12.205	11.189
1.661	1.718	1.667	1.668	1.699	1.74
0.475	0.456	0.427	0.412	0.381	0.37
0.883	0.844	0.659	0.616	0.631	0.65
1.463	1.383	1.456	1.433	1.256	1.20
0.497	0.457	0.535	0.801	0.722	0.77
3.365	3.161	2.961	2.859	2.793	2.78
0.711	0.710	0.705	0.710	0.707	0.72
1.925	1.962	1.807	1.388	1.323	1.32
-	-	=	=	=	-
1.738	1.694	1.569	1.493	1.422	1.36
82.416	84.228	80.669	79.654	75.622	76.27
128.616	130.611	125.375	123.052	118.477	120.95

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		20	22			20	013	
				Percentage	9			Percentage
				of Total				of Total
		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
BOF II MN West End Office Park, LLC	\$	120,000,000	1	1.29	%			
10330 029 24 32 0023LLC		114,904,000	2	1.24				
Parl Nocollet Real Estate		92,527,300	3	0.99				
MSP West End LLC		80,350,000	4	0.86				
Gateway Knollwood, LLC		74,650,000	5	0.80				
Excelsior & Grand Apts LLC		101,160,000	6	1.09		54,080,000	4	1.05
Thomson Reuters Prop TX Ser		52,333,000	7	0.56				
BOF III MN West End Off, LLC		47,300,000	8	0.51				
MFREVF III-Ellipse LLC		54,105,000	9	0.58				
Middleton Park Investors, LLC		33,779,000	10	0.36				
Interchange Investors (formerly WHIOP Real E	state	2)				\$ 95,690,000	1	1.86
G & I VII 1600 & Moneygram LLC						76,000,000	2	1.48
Duke-Weeks Realty (formerly MEPC American	Prop	erties)				75,657,000	3	1.47
PNMC Holdings						46,645,700	5	0.91
MLCFC 2006						43,000,000	6	0.84
Camerata LLC						36,300,000	7	0.71
36 Park LLC						32,640,000	8	0.64
Ellipse On Excelsior LLC						32,300,000	9	0.63
WTC No 459 Corp						30,450,000	10	0.59
Total	\$	771,108,300		8.28	%	\$ 468,682,700		9.13 %
Total taxable assessed value	\$	9,303,789,024				\$ 5,131,674,800		

Source: City Assessor's Office

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 9

Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Collected W Fiscal Year o		Total Collecti	ons to Date
Ended	Levy for		Percentage		Percentage
December 31	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Amount	of Levy
2013	25,613,874	25,379,070	99.08	25,611,682	99.99
2014	26,527,267	26,129,048	98.50	26,515,779	99.96
2015	27,938,615	27,590,682	98.75	27,906,854	99.89
2016	29,615,682	29,462,804	99.48	29,591,629	99.92
2017	31,350,534	30,559,213	97.48	31,345,761	99.98
2018	32,921,154	32,737,859	99.44	32,891,773	99.91
2019	34,362,862	34,204,350	99.54	34,342,947	99.94
2020	36,103,499	35,746,281	99.01	36,071,063	99.91
2021	37,772,505	37,266,514	98.66	37,653,823	99.69
2022	39,023,549	37,124,572	95.13	38,873,547	99.62

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Go	vernmental Activ	vities		Business T	ype A	ctivities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Tax Increment Bonds	Lease Liabilities (2)	Notes Payable	t Unamortized Premiums/ (Discounts)	Revenue Bonds	F	Unamortized Premiums/ Discounts)	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
2013	\$ 20,185,000	\$ 4,870,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (128,384)	\$ 12,785,000	\$	35,022	\$ 37,746,638	2.06	814.17
2014	23,609,091	4,520,700	33,075	-	(25,209)	16,826,503		126,503	45,090,663	2.39	951.06
2015	22,445,000	4,175,000	24,975	2,122,173	(28,920)	13,510,000		106,990	42,355,218	2.26	891.65
2016	31,230,000	3,805,000	215,619	2,025,297	348,099	10,515,000		91,538	48,230,553	2.46	997.45
2017	33,430,000	3,410,000	165,931	-	497,335	14,070,000		375,930	51,949,196	2.53	1,065.69
2018	33,810,000	2,995,000	180,382	-	445,293	19,475,000		677,443	57,583,118	2.67	1,174.23
2019	61,100,000	2,560,000	121,005	-	2,393,817	24,900,000		1,853,981	92,928,803	3.95	1,909.09
2020	60,150,000	2,100,000	81,699	-	3,082,422	27,870,000		2,194,446	95,478,567	3.87	1,915.93
2021	69,525,000	1,615,000	103,026	-	3,363,842	26,005,000		1,977,066	102,588,934	2.40	1,265.95
2022	65,840,000	1,105,000	140,862	-	3,078,042	23,510,000		1,759,686	95,433,590	2.76	1,348.43

 $Note: \ \ Details \ regarding \ the \ City's \ outstanding \ debt \ can \ be \ found \ in \ the \ notes \ to \ the \ financial \ statements.$

 $^{(1) \, {\}sf See the Schedule of Demographic Statistics on page 171 \, for personal income \, and \, population \, data}. \\$

⁽²⁾ The City implemented GASB 87 for the year ended December 31, 2022. Liabilities listed for earlier years are capital lease payables.

Table 11

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	ss: Amounts Restricted for Debt ervice Funds	F	Unamortized Premiums/ Discounts)	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
2013	\$ 20,185,000	\$ (3,703,071)	\$	(119,339)	\$ 16,362,590	0.32	352.93
2014	23,625,000	(3,152,137)		(16,954)	20,440,000	0.40	431.12
2015	22,445,000	(3,092,198)		(20,758)	19,332,044	0.35	406.97
2016	31,230,000	(3,146,018)		355,124	28,439,106	0.48	588.14
2017	33,430,000	(3,325,205)		503,370	30,608,165	0.48	627.90
2018	33,810,000	(4,727,310)		450,186	29,532,876	0.44	602.23
2019	61,100,000	(13,942,465)		2,327,029	49,484,564	0.69	1,019.52
2020	60,150,000	(4,923,698)		3,082,423	58,308,725	0.75	1,170.06
2021	69,525,000	(5,296,548)		3,363,842	67,592,294	0.82	1,280.59
2022	65,840,000	(6,553,029)		3,078,042	62,365,013	0.81	1,305.71

Sources: 2022A POS - Column M (pg29)

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding (1)	Percentage Applicable (2)	Share of Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Debt			
Hennepin County	\$ 1,018,886,023	3.63 %	\$ 36,985,563
St. Louis Park Independent School District	248,845,568	99.36	247,252,956
Hopkins Independent School District	151,301,118	3.07	4,644,944
Edina Independent School District	174,385,000	0.06	104,631
Hennepin County Suburban Park District	47,650,901	5.04	2,401,605
Hennepin Regional RR Authority	85,464,798	3.63	3,102,372
Metropolitan Council	83,059,397	1.98	1,644,576
Subtotal of Overlapping Debt	1,809,592,805		296,136,647
Direct Debt			
City of St. Louis Park	61,851,976	100.00	\$ 61,851,976
Total of Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 1,871,444,781		\$ 357,988,623

Source: Hennepin County, Minnesota

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City of St. Louis Park. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of St. Louis Park. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

- (1) Net debt which excludes revenue and special assessment bonds.
- (2) The percentage applicable to the City of St. Louis Park was determined by dividing the portion of tax capacity within the City by the total tax capacity of the of the taxing jurisdiction.

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Debt Limit	\$ 153,950,244	\$ 154,579,107	\$ 163,979,667	\$ 176,182,830
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	 13,726,638	 18,053,460	 17,063,045	 23,934,703
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 140,223,606	\$ 136,525,647	\$ 146,916,622	\$ 152,248,127
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a percentage of Debt Limit Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year	8.92%	11.68%	10.41%	13.59%
Estimated Taxable Market Value	\$ 5,131,674,800	\$ 5,152,636,900	\$ 5,465,988,900	\$ 5,872,761,000
Debt Limit (3% of taxable market value)	\$ 153,950,244	\$ 154,579,107	\$ 163,979,667	\$ 176,182,830
Debt applicable to limit Total Bonded Debt	\$ 37,746,638	\$ 45,090,663	\$ 42,355,218	\$ 45,550,000
Less: G.O. Revenue Bonds G.O. Improvement Bonds G.O. Tax Increment Bonds Notes payable	(12,785,000) (6,365,000) (4,870,000)	(16,826,503) (5,690,000) (4,520,700)	(13,510,000) (5,485,000) (4,175,000) (2,122,173)	(10,515,000) (5,270,000) (3,805,000) (2,025,297)
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit:	 13,726,638	18,053,460	17,063,045	23,934,703
Legal Debt Margin:	\$ 140,223,606	\$ 136,525,647	\$ 146,916,622	\$ 152,248,127

Note: Under State of Minnesota law, the City of St. Louis Park's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 3 percent of the market value of the taxable property. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for the extinguishment of those obligations.

Source:

2022A Bond Book - Pg 166 "Debt Limit" 2022A Bond Book - Pg 168 "Debt Ratios"

	Fiscal	Yea	r			
 2017	2018		2019	2020	2021	 2022
\$ 190,181,436	\$ 200,205,657	\$	216,158,655	\$ 233,056,815	\$ 246,129,513	\$ 256,653,324
 28,375,000	28,975,000		56,450,000	55,790,000	65,525,000	62,205,000
\$ 161,806,436	\$ 171,230,657	\$	159,708,655	\$ 177,266,815	\$ 180,604,513	\$ 194,448,324
14.92%	14.47%		26.12%	23.94%	26.62%	24.24%
\$ 6,339,381,200	\$ 6,673,521,900	\$	7,205,288,500	\$ 7,768,560,500	\$ 8,204,317,100	\$ 8,555,110,800
\$ 190,181,436	\$ 200,205,657	\$	216,158,655	\$ 233,056,815	\$ 246,129,513	\$ 256,653,324
\$ 50,910,000	\$ 56,280,000 (19,475,000)	\$	88,560,000 (24,900,000)	\$ 90,120,000	\$ 97,145,000	\$ 90,455,000
(5,055,000) (3,410,000) -	 (4,835,000) (2,995,000) -		(4,650,000) (2,560,000)	 (4,360,000) (2,100,000)	 (4,000,000) (1,615,000)	(3,635,000) (1,105,000)
 28,375,000	 28,975,000		56,450,000	 55,790,000	 65,525,000	 62,205,000
\$ 161,806,436	\$ 171,230,657	\$	159,708,655	\$ 177,266,815	\$ 180,604,513	\$ 194,448,324

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Revenue Bonds¹

Revenue Bonds								
	Less:	Net						
Gross	Operating	Revenue	De	bt Servic	e			
Revenue ²	Expenses ³	Available	Principal		Interest	Coverage		
\$ 13,079,123	\$ (8,387,329)	\$ 4,691,794	\$ 1,405,000	\$	375,218	2.64		
12,659,936	(10,417,099)	2,242,837	985,000)	324,393	1.71		
13,277,524	(10,514,981)	2,762,543	1,015,000)	352,614	2.02		
14,379,975	(9,041,931)	5,338,044	1,045,000	4	381,359	3.74		
15,481,494	(10,328,560)	5,152,934	1,155,000	5	301,051	3.54		
16,495,157	(10,186,997)	6,308,160	1,360,000	6	197,658	4.05		
16,851,218	(11,354,272)	5,496,946	1,375,000)	320,608	3.24		
17,827,318	(11,848,046)	5,979,272	2,095,000)	543,388	2.27		
19,334,536	(11,095,215)	8,239,321	2,065,000)	697,976	2.95		
20,311,000	(11,982,334)	8,328,666	2,135,000)	858,728	2.78		
21,582,506	(11,883,813)	9,698,693	2,505,000)	824,730	2.91		
	\$ 13,079,123 12,659,936 13,277,524 14,379,975 15,481,494 16,495,157 16,851,218 17,827,318 19,334,536 20,311,000	Gross Revenue 2	Gross Revenue 2 Less: Operating Expenses 3 Revenue Available \$ 13,079,123 \$ (8,387,329) \$ 4,691,794 12,659,936 (10,417,099) 2,242,837 13,277,524 (10,514,981) 2,762,543 14,379,975 (9,041,931) 5,338,044 15,481,494 (10,328,560) 5,152,934 16,495,157 (10,186,997) 6,308,160 16,851,218 (11,354,272) 5,496,946 17,827,318 (11,848,046) 5,979,272 19,334,536 (11,095,215) 8,239,321 20,311,000 (11,982,334) 8,328,666	Gross Revenue 2 Operating Expenses 3 Revenue Available Del Principal \$ 13,079,123 \$ (8,387,329) \$ 4,691,794 \$ 1,405,000 12,659,936 (10,417,099) 2,242,837 985,000 13,277,524 (10,514,981) 2,762,543 1,015,000 14,379,975 (9,041,931) 5,338,044 1,045,000 15,481,494 (10,328,560) 5,152,934 1,155,000 16,495,157 (10,186,997) 6,308,160 1,360,000 16,851,218 (11,354,272) 5,496,946 1,375,000 17,827,318 (11,848,046) 5,979,272 2,095,000 19,334,536 (11,095,215) 8,239,321 2,065,000 20,311,000 (11,982,334) 8,328,666 2,135,000	Gross Revenue 2 Operating Expenses 3 Revenue Available Debt Service Principal \$ 13,079,123 \$ (8,387,329) \$ 4,691,794 \$ 1,405,000 \$ 12,659,936 \$ (10,417,099) 2,242,837 985,000 985,000 985,000 13,277,524 \$ (10,514,981) 2,762,543 1,015,000 14,379,975 \$ (9,041,931) 5,338,044 1,045,000 4 15,481,494 \$ (10,328,560) 5,152,934 1,155,000 5 16,495,157 \$ (10,186,997) 6,308,160 1,360,000 6 16,851,218 \$ (11,354,272) 5,496,946 1,375,000 17,827,318 \$ (11,848,046) 5,979,272 2,095,000 19,334,536 \$ (11,095,215) 8,239,321 2,065,000 20,311,000 \$ (11,982,334) 8,328,666 2,135,000	Less: Net Operating RevenueNet Revenue PrincipalDebt Service\$ 13,079,123\$ (8,387,329)\$ 4,691,794\$ 1,405,000\$ 375,21812,659,936(10,417,099)2,242,837985,000324,39313,277,524(10,514,981)2,762,5431,015,000352,61414,379,975(9,041,931)5,338,0441,045,0004381,35915,481,494(10,328,560)5,152,9341,155,0005301,05116,495,157(10,186,997)6,308,1601,360,0006197,65816,851,218(11,354,272)5,496,9461,375,000320,60817,827,318(11,848,046)5,979,2722,095,000543,38819,334,536(11,095,215)8,239,3212,065,000697,97620,311,000(11,982,334)8,328,6662,135,000858,728		

Note: Details regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ Includes Water Utility, Sewer Utility and Storm Water Utility revenue bonds.

² Gross revenue includes investment income and excludes intergovermental and miscellaneous revenues.

³ Expenses exclude depreciation, interest on bonds and miscellaneous expenses.

⁴ Excludes \$2,145,000 refunded principal paid through cash with fiscal agent.

⁵ Excludes \$1,840,000 refunded principal paid through cash with fiscal agent.

⁶ Excludes \$1,555,000 refunded principal paid through issuance of 2017A bonds.

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands)	Per Capita Income (1)	Median Age (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2013	46,362	1,828,193	39,433	35.4	4,545	4.4
2014	47,411	1,884,398	39,746	35.4	4,590	2.6
2015	47,502	1,876,424	39,502	35.5	4,590	2.3
2016	48,354	1,962,641	40,589	35.2	4,627	2.9
2017	48,747	2,053,370	42,123	35.7	4,571	2.1
2018	49,039	2,157,275	43,991	35.7	4,560	2.2
2019	48,677	2,286,261	46,968	35.6	4,692	2.5
2020	49,834	2,469,026	49,545	35.3	5,000	5.2
2021	50,010	2,639,628	52,782	36.1	4,523	3.0
2022	48,827	2,721,470	55,737	35.6	4,373	1.8

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Federal Census Bureau data

⁽²⁾ St. Louis Park School District

⁽³⁾ Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Fiscal Year 2022			Fiscal Year 2013	
Employer	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Park Nicollet Health Services and Methodist Hospita	4,650	1	12.7 %	5,799	1	21.5 %
Wells Fargo Mortgage	1,300	2	3.5	3,733	-	21.5 /0
St. Louis Park Public Schools (I.S.D. No. 283)	980	3	2.7	671	2	2.5
Japs-Olson Company	600	4	1.6	600	3	2.2
Sholom Home West	420	5	1.1	552	4	2.0
Target (formerly Super Target)	405	6	1.1	435	5	1.6
MoneyGram International	400	7	1.1	554	6	2.1
St. Louis Park, City of	338	8	0.9	429	7	1.6
Center for Diagnostic Imaging	375	9	1.0			
HealthPartners	350	10	1.0			
Golden Living Center				277	8	1.0
Epicor Software Corporation				275	9	1.0
Lifetime Fitness				250	10	0.9
Total	9,818		26.70 %	9,842		36.40 %
Total City employment			36,679			26,982

Source:

Official Statement from 2021 A Bonds

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal '	Year	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function				
General government	88.8	88.4	89.4	91.6
Public safety				
Police				
Officers	52.0	53.0	55.0	55.0
Civilians	34.0	35.0	35.0	35.0
Fire				
Firefighters and officers	24.0	24.0	25.0	26.0
Operations and recreation and Engineering	35.0	34.0	35.0	35.0
Water	10.9	11.2	11.5	11.4
Sewer	4.9	5.5	6.0	6.0
Solid Waste	3.3	4.7	5.8	5.8
Storm Water	4.8	6.2	6.7	6.7
Total Employees	257.7	262.0	269.4	272.5

Source: St. Louis Park Human Resources Department

		Fiscal Yea	ar		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
97.9	91.8	93.9	128.0	126.8	129.0
57.0	57.0	57.0	58.0	58.0	58.0
35.0	35.0	36.0	15.0	15.0	16.0
28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	30.0	30.0
28.1	35.0	36.0	37.0	37.0	38.0
12.5	14.6	12.2	9.7	9.0	18.0
6.4	5.1	6.1	6.0	7.0	-
5.3	4.9	5.6	3.0	3.0	3.0
7.1	6.2	6.8	4.0	4.0	1.0
277.3	277.6	281.6	288.7	289.8	293.0

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police										
Medical calls	3,296	2,391	3,756	3,623	3,705	4,375	4,479	3,559	3,683	3,947
Traffic stops	6,674	6,907	6,692	6,939	7,401	6,267	3,956	3,352	3,429	2,700
Other	25,014	27,752	29,299	31,462	31,052	31,882	37,399	43,757	44,508	40,164
Fire										
Inspections/medical/all other calls	3,360	4,747	5,118	6,130	5,513	6,308	5,712	5,032	5,301	5,648
Fire calls - residential/structural	66	116	135	53	202	297	95	87	130	44
Fire calls - other	48	91	115	41	85	68	50	40	198	76
Cable TV										
Hours of new programming	549.5	311	400	400	368	362	377	249	377	382
Inspections										
Permits	10,254	11,111	9,684	10,099	11,246	10,106	10,619	11,215	12,180	11,305
Inspections	26,902	32,543	23,031	23,372	28,484	25,187	21,419	23,090	26,928	26,091
Culture and recreation										
Aquatic park attendance	52,557	51,894	68,355	72,439	65,665	71,977	65,000	26,762	39,963	28,649
Hours of ice time	4,701	4,773	4,626	4,125	6,000	6,400	6,900	4,460	5,718	6,650
Water										
Gallons of water production (billions)	2.2	2.09	2.01	1.78	1.79	1.91	1.83	1.77	1.90	1.96
Average watermain breaks per year	27	40	41	20	11	38	33	33	29	28
Public Works										
Snowplowing hours	6,449	3,752	2,284	3,781	2,859	5,466	4,334	2,546	3,275	4,483

Source: St. Louis Park Departments

	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
Public safety										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	26	25	28	28	29	29	29	29	29	35
Fire										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles	13	13	10	14	15	15	15	15	15	15
Fire hydrants	1,699	1,699	1,699	1,772	1,773	1,774	1,774	1,774	1,774	1,774
Culture and recreation										
Parks	57	57	52	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
Trails	10	10	10	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Streets										
Lane miles of streets	311	311	311	311	311	311	311	311	311	417
Miles of streets	155	155	155	155	155	155	155	155	155	149
Water										
Wells	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9
Water treatment plants	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Miles of watermain	160	160	160	175	175	175	175	175	178	159
Sanitary Sewer										
Lift stations	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Miles of sewermain	147	147	147	143	143	143	143	143	144	137
Storm Sewer										
Lift stations	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	12
Ponds and lakes	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	51	99
Catch basins	3,731	3,731	3,731	3,885	3,885	3,940	3,940	3,940	4,143	4,129

Source: St. Louis Park Departments

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